



HEALTH POLICIES RESEARCH GROUP

The Health policies research group is currently under development and aims to develop evaluation work on public policies and health strategies. It is intended to host research on different aspects of the implementation of health and public health policies. Particular attention is given to organisational issues in public policy. Attention is also given to the digital revolution and the management of new health data.

The aim of this research group is to report on the proliferation of evaluations of health policies and instruments, both nationally and internationally. The aim is to encourage a reasoned dialogue on the practices and methods developed in France and abroad, particularly those developed at Université Paris Cité and at LIEPP.

The researchers of the group represent different disciplines, notably sociology and economics, but work in epidemiology, public health and political science is also mobilised. The research work of the group thus contributes to the collective reflection on the evaluation of public policies, alongside public and private institutions, associative actors, and academic circles specialised in the analysis of health policies.

Co-directors:

Henri BERGERON



Research director at CNRS and researcher at the Center for the Sociology of Organisations (CSO). His research focuses on health policies and on the transformation of practices in the medical profession.

Thomas RAPP



Associate professor at the Université Paris Cité (HDR). His research focuses on health economics and ageing and shows the importance implementing people-centered care policies.

Ongoing research projects

Accès aux soins des Populations Précaires (POPUP)

This project assesses the impact of public policies setting out access to healthcare for migrant populations. The aim is to carry out a social, medical and economic evaluation of the use of the "Urgent and Vital Care" program designed for migrant patients without social care and to analyse the impact of two specific reforms of access to care on this program: a) the introduction in 2011 (and its withdrawal in 2012) of admission fees to State Medical Aid; b) the modification of the conditions of access to Universal Health Protection for asylum seekers by making it subject to a period of 3 months of stable residence in France.

Le conseil en santé publique : un marché en temps de pandémie ?

This research aims to provide a state of scientific knowledge of the role of management consulting in the fight against epidemics worldwide, as well as the theories and methods used by researchers to study it. In a context of increasing commoditization and financialisation of the health sector, it is essential to question the place of private firms and consultants, their role(s) and the challenges of their involvement in responses to epidemics.

Probabilités épidémiologiques et décisions politiques à l'épreuve de la Covid-19 (ProbaPol)

During the covid-19 crisis, the government mobilised, in a preponderant way, the statistical tool and the calculation of probabilities in order to guide and legitimate the action of public policies. This research project aims to analyse the limits of the statistical reasoning that guides political power in times of health crisis in order to understand the epistemic and organisational modalities of political decision-making in the face of the numerical hazard of the epidemic. The aim is to open up new approaches capable of improving crisis management and collective deliberation skills.

REF-Santé – Une étude de la réforme du premier cycle des études de santé

The project aims to produce a scientific analysis of the reform from its conception to its implementation. The evaluation focuses on both the context of the policy decision and its impact on universities and their users, including inequalities in student success and experience. The research is structured around three main strands:

- understanding the genesis of the reform;
- the reception of the reform and its effects on inequalities;
- the impact of the reform on women's health study pathways.

Access to Abortion and Telemedicine Abortion in France: A mixed-method study on why individuals resort to telemedical abortion over local abortion services in France

The objective of the project is to evaluate the public health policy and the measure adopted during the COVID-19 pandemic regarding abortion by teleconsultation. It aims to examine the potential of this measure to ensure and increase access to abortion in France. The project consists of two main research activities:

- 1) statistical analyses of data collected by Women on Web;
- 2) 2) voluntary qualitative interviews with survey participants.

Décision médicale pour autrui : évaluation du dispositif de la personne de confiance

Using qualitative methods, the aim of this research project is to evaluate the effects of the "decision-maker program" on the quality of care for elderly and dependent patients living in nursing homes (Ehpad) and the well-being of their families.

Events

- **07/12/2021** Resilience of health systems: definition and perspectives in the light of the Covid-19 crisis
- **18/06/2021** Epidemiological challenges of COVID-19 in France and in Germany
- **25/05/2021** The Covid-19 crisis in the long term
- **30/04/2021** What lessons can be drawn from the political management of a year of pandemic? A Franco-German comparison
- **23/03/2021** Pandemics, Politics and Society. Critical perspectives on the Covid-19 Crisis
- **14/01/2021** Covid-19 and policy evaluation

Publications

Internal:

- BARNAY, Thomas, and Éric DEFEBVRE, La retraite : un événement protecteur pour la santé de tous, Sciences Po LIEPP Policy Brief n°59, March 2022.
- BERGERON, Henri, Patrick CASTEL, Etienne NOUGUEZ, An ungovernable tool of government? The problematic use of labels in public health policies, LIEPP Working Paper n°106, February 2020
- BROWN, Lawrence. "The Discrete Charm of Managed Competition in Health Policy Reform" Sciences Po LIEPP Working Paper n°123, September 2021.
- CHAPELLE, Guillaume, The medium-term impact of non-pharmaceutical interventions. The case of 1918 Influenza in U.S. cities, LIEPP Working Paper n°112, Octobre 2020
- RAPP, Thomas, Jérôme RONCHETTI, and Jonathan SICSIC, "Les métiers du grand-âge, métiers à risque ?", Sciences Po LIEPP Policy Brief n°56, November 2021.
- RAPP, Thomas, Quitterie ROQUEBERT, Jonathan SICSIC, Mettre le "value-based aging" au cœur des politiques de dépendance, LIEPP Policy Brief n°53, juin 2021

External:

- BRUNN, Matthias et al., Why are there so many hospital beds in Germany?, *Health Services Management Research*, First Published, mars 2022.
- CHELLE, Élisabeth, La santé, sujet contrarié de la campagne présidentielle ?, *Les Tribunes de la santé*, n°71, 2022/1.
- CORTEEL, Mathieu, Les boîtes noires de la pandémie. Modélisation épidémiologique et pouvoir politique durant la crise de Covid-19, *Multitudes*, n°86, 2022/1, 147-155.
- NATHANSON, Constance, BERGERON, Henri, The social production of crisis: blood politics in France and in the US, Oxford, Oxford University Press, to be published in 2022.
- RAPP, Thomas, Danielle WHICHER, The Value of Artificial Intelligence for Health Care Decision Making – Lessons learned from a Value in Health themed section, *Mar; 25(3):328-330, Value in Health*.

Affiliated members:

- Matthias BRUNN
- Fanny CHABROL
- Guillaume CHAPELLE
- Elisa CHELLE
- Mathieu CORTEEL
- Isabelle DURAND-ZALENSKI
- Anne-Laure feral PIERSSENS
- Kristina GEMZELL DANIELSSON
- Carine KHALIL
- Anne MOYAL
- Jérôme PELISSE
- Hélène PERIVIER
- Valéry RIDDE
- Maïva ROPAU

Collaborations :

- Institut de Santé Publique (Université Paris Cité)
- Chaire Santé, Sciences Po