



**Sciences Po**

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**Association of Research Libraries / Texas A&M University**

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# LibQUAL+®

## 2009 Survey

### Sciences Po

#### Contributors

Colleen Cook  
Texas A&M University

MaShana Davis  
Association of Research Libraries

Fred Heath  
University of Texas

Martha Kyrilidou  
Association of Research Libraries

Bruce Thompson  
Texas A&M University

Gary Roebuck  
Association of Research Libraries

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Association of Research Libraries / Texas A&M University

[www.libqual.org](http://www.libqual.org)

Association of Research Libraries  
21 Dupont Circle, Suite 800  
Washington, DC 20036  
Phone 202-296-2296  
Fax 202-872-0884  
<http://www.libqual.org>  
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## 1 Introduction

### 1.1 Acknowledgements

This notebook contains information from the 2009 administration of the LibQUAL+® protocol. The material on the following pages is drawn from the analysis of responses from the participating institutions collected in 2009.

The LibQUAL+® project requires the skills of a dedicated group. We would like to thank several members of the LibQUAL+® team for their key roles in the development of this service. From Texas A&M University, the qualitative leadership of Yvonna Lincoln has been key to the project's integrity. The behind-the-scenes roles of Bill Chollet and others from the library Systems and Training units were also formative in the early years. From the Association of Research Libraries, we are appreciative of the past contributions of Consuella Askew, Richard Groves, Kaylyn Groves, Amy Hoseth, Kristina Justh, Mary Jackson, Jonathan Sousa, and Benny Yu.

A New Measures initiative of this scope is possible only as the collaborative effort of many libraries. To the directors and liaisons at all participating libraries goes the largest measure of gratitude. Without your commitment, the development of LibQUAL+® would not have been possible. We would like to extend a special thank you to all administrators at the participating consortia and libraries that are making this project happen effectively across various institutions.

We would like to acknowledge the role of the Fund for the Improvement of Post-secondary Education (FIPSE), U.S. Department of Education, which provided grant funds of \$498,368 over a three-year period (2001-03). We would also like to acknowledge the support of the National Science Foundation (NSF) for its grant of \$245,737 over a three-year period (2002-04) to adapt the LibQUAL+® instrument for use in the science, math, engineering, and technology education digital library community, an assessment protocol known as DigiQUAL. We would like to express our thanks for the financial support that has enabled the researchers engaged in this project to exceed all of our expectations in stated goals and objectives and deliver a remarkable assessment tool to the library community.

Colleen Cook  
Texas A&M University

MaShana Davis  
Association of Research Libraries

Fred Heath  
University of Texas

Martha Kyrilidou  
Association of Research Libraries

Bruce Thompson  
Texas A&M University

Gary Roebuck  
Association of Research Libraries

## 1.2 LibQUAL+®: A Project from StatsQUAL®

I would personally like to say a word about the development of LibQUAL+® over the last few years and to thank the people that have been involved in this effort. LibQUAL+® would not have been possible without the many people who have offered their time and constructive feedback over the years for the cause of improving library services. In a sense, LibQUAL+® has built three kinds of partnerships: one between ARL and Texas A&M University, a second one among the participating libraries and their staff, and a third one comprising the thousands of users who have provided their valuable survey responses over the years.

LibQUAL+® was initiated in 2000 as an experimental project for benchmarking perceptions of library service quality across 13 ARL libraries under the leadership of Fred Heath and Colleen Cook, then both at Texas A&M University Libraries. It matured quickly into a standard assessment tool that has been applied at more than 1,000 libraries, collecting information on more than half a million library users. As of February 2009, we have had 1,176 libraries participating, 17 language translations, 1,050,432 surveys completed, and implementations in 23 different countries. About 40% of the users who respond to the survey provide rich comments about the ways they use their libraries.

There have been numerous advancements over the years. In 2005, libraries were able to conduct LibQUAL+® over a two session period (Session I: January to May and Session II: July to December). The LibQUAL+® servers were moved from Texas A&M University to an external hosting facility under the ARL brand known as StatsQUAL®. Through the StatsQUAL® gateway we will continue to provide innovative tools for libraries to assess and manage their environments in the coming years. In 2006, we added the LibQUAL+® Analytics (for more information, see Section 1.6). Between 2007 and 2009 we incorporated additional languages including Chinese, Japanese and currently working on a Hebrew version for 2010. In 2008, we launched an experimental platform that tests a shorter version of the LibQUAL+® survey known as LibQUAL+® Lite, which we expect to roll out on an operational basis in the coming months.

LibQUAL+® findings have engaged thousands of librarians in discussions with colleagues and ARL on what these findings mean for local libraries, for their regions, and for the future of libraries across the globe. Consortia have supported their members' participation in LibQUAL+® in order to offer an informed understanding of the changes occurring in their shared environment. Summary highlights have been published on an annual basis showcasing the rich array of information available through LibQUAL+®:

### LibQUAL+® 2008 Survey Highlights

<[http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/LibQUALHighlights2008\\_Full1.pdf](http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/LibQUALHighlights2008_Full1.pdf)>  
<[http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/LibQUALHighlights2008\\_Full\\_Supplement1.pdf](http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/LibQUALHighlights2008_Full_Supplement1.pdf)>

### LibQUAL+® 2007Survey Highlights

<[http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/LibQUALHighlights2007\\_Full1.pdf](http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/LibQUALHighlights2007_Full1.pdf)>  
<[http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/2007\\_Highlights\\_Supplemental.pdf](http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/2007_Highlights_Supplemental.pdf)>

### LibQUAL+® 2006 Survey Highlights

<<http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/LibQUALHighlights2006.pdf>>

### LibQUAL+® 2005 Survey Highlights

<<http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/LibQUALHighlights20051.pdf>>

LibQUAL+® 2004 Survey Highlights

<<http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/ExecSummary%201.3.pdf>>

LibQUAL+® 2003 Survey Highlights

<[http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/ExecSummary1.1\\_locked.pdf](http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/ExecSummary1.1_locked.pdf)>

Summary published reports have also been made available:

<<http://www.arl.org/pubscat/libqualpubs.html>>

The socio-economic and technological changes that are taking place around us are affecting the ways users interact with libraries. We used to think that libraries could provide reliable and reasonably complete access to published and scholarly output, yet we now know from LibQUAL+® that users have an insatiable appetite for content. No library can ever have sufficient information content that would come close to satisfying this appetite.

The team at ARL and beyond has worked hard to nurture the community that has been built around LibQUAL+®. We believe that closer collaboration and sharing of resources will bring libraries nearer to meeting the ever changing needs of their demanding users. It is this spirit of collaboration and a willingness to view the world of libraries as an organic, integrated, and cohesive environment that can bring forth major innovations and break new ground. Innovation and aggressive marketing of the role of libraries in benefiting their communities strengthen libraries.

In an example of collaboration, LibQUAL+® participants are sharing their results within the LibQUAL+® community with an openness that nevertheless respects the confidentiality of each institution and its users. LibQUAL+® participants are actively shaping our Share Fair gatherings, our in-person events, and our understanding of how the collected data can be used. LibQUAL+® offers a rich resource that can be viewed using many lenses, should be interpreted in multiple ways, and is a powerful tool libraries can use to understand their environment.

LibQUAL+® is a community mechanism for improving libraries and I hope we see an increasing number of libraries utilizing it successfully in the years to come. I look forward to your continuing active involvement in helping us understand the many ways we can improve library services.

With warm regards,

Martha Kyriolidou

Director, ARL Statistics and Service Quality Programs

## 1.3 LibQUAL+®: Defining and Promoting Library Service Quality

### What is LibQUAL+®?

LibQUAL+® is a suite of services that libraries use to solicit, track, understand, and act upon users' opinions of service quality. These services are offered to the library community by the Association of Research Libraries (ARL). The program's centerpiece is a rigorously tested Web-based survey paired with training that helps libraries assess and improve library services, change organizational culture, and market the library. The survey instrument measures library users' minimum, perceived, and desired service levels of service quality across three dimensions: Affect of Service, Information Control, and Library as Place. The goals of LibQUAL+® are to:

- Foster a culture of excellence in providing library service
- Help libraries better understand user perceptions of library service quality
- Facilitate the on-going collection and interpretation of library user feedback
- Provide comparable information from peer institutions
- Identify best practices in library service
- Enhance library staff members' analytical skills for interpreting, and acting on data

More than 1,000 libraries have participated in LibQUAL+®, including Canadian government libraries, colleges and universities, community colleges, health sciences and hospital/medical libraries, law libraries, public libraries, and secondary school libraries---some through various consortia, others as independent participants. LibQUAL+® has expanded internationally, with participating institutions in Africa, Australia, Asia and Europe. It has been translated into a number of languages, including Afrikaans, Chinese (Traditional), Danish, Dutch, Finnish, French, German, Japanese, Norwegian, Spanish, Swedish, and Welsh. The growing LibQUAL+® community of participants and its extensive dataset are rich resources for improving library services.

### How will LibQUAL+® benefit your library?

Library administrators have successfully used LibQUAL+® survey data to identify best practices, analyze deficits, and effectively allocate resources. Benefits to participating institutions include:

- Institutional data and reports that enable you to assess whether your library services are meeting user expectations
- Aggregate data and reports that allow you to compare your library's performance with that of peer institutions
- Workshops designed for participants
- Access to an online library of LibQUAL+® research articles
- The opportunity to become part of a community interested in developing excellence in library services

LibQUAL+® gives your library users a chance to tell you where your services need improvement so you can respond to and better manage their expectations. You can develop services that better meet your users' expectations by comparing your library's data with that of peer institutions and examining the practices of those libraries that are evaluated highly by their users.

### How is the LibQUAL+® survey conducted?

Conducting the LibQUAL+® survey requires little technical expertise on your part. You invite your users to take the survey by distributing the URL for your library's Web form via e-mail. Respondents complete the survey form and their answers are sent to the LibQUAL+® database. The data are analyzed and presented to you in reports describing your users' desired, perceived, and minimum expectations of service.

#### **What are the origins of the LibQUAL+® survey?**

The LibQUAL+® survey evolved from a conceptual model based on the SERVQUAL instrument, a popular tool for assessing service quality in the private sector. The Texas A&M University Libraries and other libraries used modified SERVQUAL instruments for several years; those applications revealed the need for a newly adapted tool that would serve the particular requirements of libraries. ARL, representing the largest research libraries in North America, partnered with Texas A&M University Libraries to develop, test, and refine LibQUAL+®. This effort was supported in part by a three-year grant from the U.S. Department of Education's Fund for the Improvement of Post-Secondary Education (FIPSE).

## 1.4 Web Access to Data

Data summaries from the 2009 iteration of the LibQUAL+® survey will be available to project participants online via the LibQUAL+® survey management site:

<<http://www.libqual.org/Manage/Results/index.cfm>>

## 1.5 Explanation of Charts and Tables

A working knowledge of how to read and derive relevant information from the tables and charts used in your LibQUAL+® results notebook is essential. In addition to the explanatory text below, you can find a self-paced tutorial on the project web site at:

[<http://www.libqual.org/Information/Tools/index.cfm>](http://www.libqual.org/Information/Tools/index.cfm)

Both the online tutorial and the text below are designed to help you understand your survey results and present and explain those results to others at your library.

### Radar Charts

Radar charts are commonly used throughout the following pages to display both aggregate results and results from individual institutions. Basic information about radar charts is outlined below, and additional descriptive information is included throughout this notebook.

#### What is a radar chart?

Radar charts are useful when you want to look at several different factors all related to one item. Sometimes called “spider charts” or “polar charts”, radar charts feature multiple axes or “spokes” along which data can be plotted. Variations in the data are shown by distance from the center of the chart. Lines connect the data points for each series, forming a spiral around the center.

In the case of the LibQUAL+® survey results, each axis represents a different survey question. Questions are identified by a code at the end of each axis. The three dimensions measured by the survey are grouped together on the radar charts, and each dimension is labeled: Affect of Service (AS), Information Control (IC), and Library as Place (LP).

Radar charts are used in this notebook to present the item summaries (the results from the 22 core survey questions).

#### How to read a radar chart

Radar charts are an effective way to show strengths and weaknesses graphically by enabling you to observe symmetry or uniformity of data. Points close to the center indicate a low value, while points near the edge indicate a high value. When interpreting a radar chart, it is important to check each individual axis as well as the chart’s overall shape in order to gain a complete understanding of its meaning. You can see how much data fluctuates by observing whether the spiral is smooth or has spikes of variability.

Respondents’ minimum, desired, and perceived levels of service quality are plotted on each axis of your LibQUAL+® radar charts. The resulting “gaps” between the three levels are shaded in blue, yellow, green, and red. Generally, a radar graph shaded blue and yellow indicates that users’ perceptions of service fall within the “zone of tolerance”; the distance between minimum expectations and perceptions of service quality is shaded in blue, and the distance between their desired and perceived levels of service quality is shown in yellow. When users’ perceptions fall outside the “zone of tolerance,” the graph will include areas of red and green shading. If the distance between users’ minimum expectations and perceptions of service delivery is represented in red, that indicates a negative service adequacy gap score. If the distance between the desired level of service and perceptions of service delivery is represented in green, that indicates a positive service superiority gap score.

## Means

The mean of a collection of numbers is their arithmetic average, computed by adding them up and dividing by their total number.

In this notebook, means are provided for users' minimum, desired, and perceived levels of service quality for each item on the LibQUAL+® survey. Means are also provided for the general satisfaction and information literacy outcomes questions.

## Standard Deviation

Standard deviation is a measure of the spread of data around their mean. The standard deviation (SD) depends on calculating the average distance of each score from the mean.

In this notebook, standard deviations are provided for every mean presented in the tables.

## Service Adequacy

The service adequacy gap score is calculated by subtracting the minimum score from the perceived score on any given question, for each user. Both means and standard deviations are provided for service adequacy gap scores on each item of the survey, as well as for each of the three dimensions of library service quality. In general, service adequacy is an indicator of the extent to which you are meeting the minimum expectations of your users. A negative service adequacy gap score indicates that your users' perceived level of service quality is below their minimum level of service quality and is printed in red.

## Service Superiority

The service superiority gap score is calculated by subtracting the desired score from the perceived score on any given question, for each user. Both means and standard deviations are provided for service superiority gap scores on each item of the survey, as well as for each of the three dimensions of library service quality. In general, service superiority is an indicator of the extent to which you are exceeding the desired expectations of your users. A positive service superiority gap score indicates that your users' perceived level of service quality is above their desired level of service quality and is printed in green.

Sections with charts and tables are omitted from the following pages when there are three or fewer individuals in a specific group.

In consortia notebooks, institution type summaries are not shown if there is only one library for an institution type. Individual library notebooks are produced separately for each participant.

## 1.6 A Few Words about LibQUAL+® 2009

Libraries today confront escalating pressure to demonstrate impact. As Cullen (2001) has noted,

Academic libraries are currently facing their greatest challenge since the explosion in tertiary education and academic publishing which began after World War II... [T]he emergence of the virtual university, supported by the virtual library, calls into question many of our basic assumptions about the role of the academic library, and the security of its future. Retaining and growing their customer base, and focusing more energy on meeting their customers' expectations is the only way for academic libraries to survive in this volatile environment. (pp. 662-663)

Today, "A measure of library quality based solely on collections has become obsolete" (Nitecki, 1996, p. 181). These considerations have prompted the Association of Research Libraries (ARL) to sponsor a number of "New Measures" initiatives. The New Measures efforts represent a collective determination on the part of the ARL membership to augment the collection-count and fiscal input measures that comprise the ARL Index and ARL Statistics, to date the most consistently collected statistics for research libraries, with outcome measures such as assessments of service quality and satisfaction. One New Measures Initiative is the LibQUAL+® service (Cook, Heath & B. Thompson, 2002, 2003; Heath, Cook, Kyriolidou & Thompson, 2002; Kyriolidou & Cook, 2008; Kyriolidou, Cook, & Rao, 2008; Thompson, Cook & Heath, 2003; Thompson, Cook & Thompson, 2002; Thompson, Kyriolidou & Cook, 2007a, 2007b, 2008).

Within a service-quality assessment model, "only customers judge quality; all other judgments are **essentially irrelevant**" (Zeithaml, Parasuraman, Berry, 1990, p. 16). LibQUAL+® was modeled on the 22-item SERVQUAL tool developed by Parasuraman, Berry and Zeithaml (Parasuraman, Berry & Zeithaml, 1991). However, SERVQUAL has been shown to measure some issues not particularly relevant in libraries, and to not measure some issues of considerable interest to library users.

The final 22 LibQUAL+® items were developed through several iterations of studies involving a larger pool of 56 items. The selection of items employed in the LibQUAL+® survey has been grounded in the *users' perspective* as revealed in a series of qualitative studies involving a larger pool of items. The items were identified following qualitative research interviews with student and faculty library users at several different universities (Cook, 2002a; Cook & Heath, 2001).

LibQUAL+® is **not** just a list of 22 standardized items. First, LibQUAL+® offers libraries the ability to select five optional local service quality assessment items. Second, the survey includes a comments box soliciting open-ended user views. *Almost half of the people responding to the LibQUAL+® survey provide valuable feedback through the comments box.* These open-ended comments are helpful for not only (a) understanding **why** users provide certain ratings, but also (b) understanding **what policy changes** users suggest, because many users feel the obligation to be constructive. Participating libraries are finding the real-time access to user comments one of the most useful devices in challenging library administrators to think outside of the box and develop innovative ways for improving library services.

LibQUAL+® is one of 11 ways of listening to users, called a *total market survey*. As Berry (1995) explained,

When well designed and executed, total market surveys provide a range of information unmatched by any other method... A critical facet of total market surveys (and the reason for

using the word 'total') is the measurement of competitors' service quality. This [also] requires using non-customers in the sample to rate the service of their suppliers. (p. 37)

Although (a) measuring perceptions of both users and non-users, and (b) collecting perceptions data with regard to peer institutions can provide important insights Berry recommended using multiple listening methods and emphasized that "Ongoing data collection... is a necessity. Transactional surveys, total market surveys, and employee research should always be included" (Berry, 1995, p. 54).

### Score Scaling

"Perceived" scores on the 22 LibQUAL+® core items, the three subscales, and the total score, are all scaled 1 to 9, with 9 being the most favorable. Both the gap scores ("Adequacy" = "Perceived" - "Minimum"; "Superiority" = "Perceived" - "Desired") are scaled such that higher scores are more favorable. Thus, an *adequacy* gap score of +1.2 on an item, subscale, or total score is better than an adequacy gap score of +1.0. A *superiority* gap score of -0.5 on an item, subscale, or total score is better than a superiority gap score of -1.0.

### Using LibQUAL+® Data

In some cases LibQUAL+® data may confirm prior expectations and library staff will readily formulate action plans to remedy perceived deficiencies. But in many cases library decision-makers will seek additional information to corroborate interpretations or to better understand the dynamics underlying user perceptions.

For example, once an interpretation is formulated, library staff might review recent submissions of users to suggestion boxes to evaluate whether LibQUAL+® data are consistent with interpretations, and the suggestion box data perhaps also provide user suggestions for remedies. User focus groups also provide a powerful way to explore problems and potential solutions. A university-wide retreat with a small-group facilitated discussion to solicit suggestions for improvement is another follow-up mechanism that has been implemented in several LibQUAL+® participating libraries.

Indeed, the open-ended comments gathered as part of LibQUAL+® are themselves useful in fleshing out insights into perceived library service quality. Respondents often use the comments box on the survey to make constructive suggestions on specific ways to address their concerns. Qualitative analysis of these comments can be very fruitful. In short, LibQUAL+® is not 22 items. LibQUAL+® is 22 items plus a comments box!

Cook (2002b) provided case study reports of how staff at various libraries have employed data from prior renditions of LibQUAL+®. Heath, Kyriillidou, and Askew edited a special issue of the *Journal of Library Administration* (Vol. 40, No. 3/4) reporting additional case studies on the use of LibQUAL+® data to aid the improvement of library service quality. This special issue has also been published by Hayworth Press as a monograph. Kyriillidou (2008) edited a compilation of articles that complements and provides an updated perspective on these earlier special issues. These publications can be ordered by sending an email to [libqual@arl.org](mailto:libqual@arl.org).

### 2009 Data Screening

The 22 LibQUAL+® core items measure perceptions of total service quality, as well as three sub-dimensions of perceived library quality: (a) *Service Affect* (9 items, such as "willingness to help users"); (b) *Information Control* (8 items, such as "a library Web site enabling me to locate information on my own" and "print and/or electronic journal collections I require for my work"); and (c) *Library as Place* (5 items, such as "a getaway for study, learning, or research").

However, as happens in any survey, in 2009 some users provided incomplete data, inconsistent data, or both. In compiling the summary data reported here, several criteria were used to determine which respondents to omit from these analyses.

**1. Complete Data.** The Web software that presents the 22 core items monitors whether a given user has completed all items. On each of these items, in order to submit the survey successfully, users must provide a rating of (a) minimally-acceptable service, (b) desired service, and (c) perceived service or rate the item "not applicable" ("N/A"). If these conditions are not met, when the user attempts to leave the Web page presenting the 22 core items, the software shows the user where missing data are located, and requests complete data. The user may of course abandon the survey without completing all the items. *Only records with complete data on the 22 items and where respondents chose a "user group," if applicable, were retained in summary statistics.*

**2. Excessive "N/A" Responses.** Because some institutions provided access to a lottery drawing for an incentive (e.g., a iPOD) for completing the survey, some users might have selected "N/A" choices for all or most of the items rather than reporting their actual perceptions. Or, some users may have views on such a narrow range of quality issues that their data are not very informative. *In this survey it was decided that records containing more than 11 "N/A" responses should be eliminated from the summary statistics.*

**3. Excessive Inconsistent Responses.** On the LibQUAL+® survey, user perceptions can be interpreted by locating "perceived" results within the "zone of tolerance" defined by data from the "minimum" and the "desired" ratings. For example, a mean "perceived" rating of 7.5 on the 1-to-9 (9 is highest) scale might be very good if the mean "desired" rating is 6.0. But a 7.5 perception score is less satisfactory if the mean "desired" rating is 8.6, or if the mean "minimum" rating is 7.7.

One appealing feature of such a "gap measurement model" is that the rating format provides a check for inconsistencies (i.e., score inversions) in the response data (Thompson, Cook & Heath, 2000). Logically, on a given item the "minimum" rating should not be higher than the "desired" rating on the same item. For each user a count of such inconsistencies, ranging from "0" to "22," was made. *Records containing more than 9 logical inconsistencies were eliminated from the summary statistics.*

### LibQUAL+® Norms

An important way to interpret LibQUAL+® data is by examining the zones of tolerance for items, the three subscale scores, and the total scores. However, the collection of such a huge number of user perceptions has afforded us with the unique opportunity to create norms tables that provide yet another perspective on results.

Norms tell us how scores "stack up" within a particular user group. For example, on the 1-to-9 (9 is highest) scale, users might provide a mean "perceived" rating of 6.5 on an item, "the printed library materials I need for my work." The same users might provide a mean rating on "minimum" for this item of 7.0, and a mean service-adequacy "gap score" (i.e., "perceived" minus "minimum") of -0.5.

The zone-of-tolerance perspective suggests that this library is not doing well on this item, because "perceived" falls below "minimally acceptable." This is important to know. But there is also a second way (i.e., normatively) to interpret the data. Both perspectives can be valuable.

A total market survey administered to more than 100,000 users, as was LibQUAL+® in 2004 and 2005, affords the opportunity to ask normative questions such as, "How does a mean 'perceived' score of 6.5 stack up among all individual users who completed the survey?", or "How does a mean service-adequacy gap score of -0.5 stack up among the gap scores of all institutions participating in the survey?"

If 70 percent of individual users generated "perceived" ratings lower than 6.5, 6.5 might not be so bad. And if 90 percent of institutions had service-adequacy gap scores lower than -0.5 (e.g., -0.7, -1.1), a mean gap score of -0.5 might actually be quite good. Users simply may have quite high expectations in this area. They may also communicate their dissatisfaction by rating both (a) "perceived" lower and (b) "minimum" higher.

This does not mean that a service-adequacy gap score of -0.5 is necessarily a cause for celebration. But a service-adequacy gap score of -0.5 on an item for which 90 percent of institutions have a lower gap score is a different gap score than the same -0.5 for a different item in which 90 percent of institutions have a higher service-adequacy gap score.

Only norms give us insight into this comparative perspective. And a local user-satisfaction survey (as against a total market survey) can never provide this insight.

**Common Misconception Regarding Norms.** An unfortunate and incorrect misconception is that norms make value statements. Norms do not make value statements! Norms make fact statements. If you are a forest ranger, and you make \$25,000 a year, a norms table might inform you of the fact that you make less money than 85 percent of the adults in the United States.

But if you love the outdoors, you do not care very much about money, and you are very service-oriented, this fact statement might not be relevant to you. Or, in the context of your values, you might interpret this fact as being quite satisfactory.

**LibQUAL+® Norms Tables.** Of course, the fact statements made by the LibQUAL+® norms are only valuable if you care about the dimensions being evaluated by the measure. More background on LibQUAL+® norms is provided by Cook and Thompson (2001), and Cook, Heath and B. Thompson (2002). LibQUAL+® norms are available on the Web at the following URLs:

<<http://www.coe.tamu.edu/~bthompson/libq2005.htm>>  
<<http://www.coe.tamu.edu/~bthompson/libq2004.htm>>

### Response Rates

At the American Library Association (ALA) Midwinter Meeting in San Antonio in January 2000, participants were cautioned that response rates on the final LibQUAL+® survey would probably range from 25-33 percent. Higher response rates can be realized (a) with shorter surveys that (b) are directly action-oriented (Cook, Heath & R.L. Thompson, 2000). For example, a very high response rate could be realized by a library director administering the following one-item survey to users:

Instructions. Please tell us what time to close the library every day. In the future we will close at whatever time receives the most votes.

Should we close the library at?

- (A) 10 p.m.      (B) 11 p.m.      (C) midnight      (D) 2 p.m.

Lower response rates will be expected for total market surveys measuring general perceptions of users across institutions, and when an intentional effort is made to solicit perceptions of both users and non-users. Two considerations should govern the evaluation of LibQUAL+® response rates.

**Minimum Response Rates.** Response rates are computed by dividing the number of completed surveys at an institution by the number of persons asked to complete the survey. However, we do not know the actual response rates on LibQUAL+®, because we do not know the correct denominators for these calculations.

For example, given inadequacy in records at schools, we are not sure how many e-mail addresses for users are accurate. And we do not know how many messages to invite participation were actually opened. In other words, what we know for LibQUAL+® is the "lower-bound estimate" of response rates.

For example, if 200 out of 800 solicitations result in completed surveys, we know that the response rate is at least 25 percent. But because we are not sure whether 800 e-mail addresses were correct or that 800 e-mail messages were opened, we are not sure that 800 is the correct denominator. The response rate involving only correct e-mail addresses might be 35 or 45 percent. We don't know the exact response rate.

**Representativeness Versus Response Rate.** If 100 percent of the 800 people we randomly selected to complete our survey did so, then we can be assured that the results are representative of all users. But if only 25 percent of the 800 users complete the survey, the representativeness of the results is not assured. Nor is unrepresentativeness assured.

Representativeness is actually a matter of degree. And several institutions each with 25 percent response rates may have data with different degrees of representativeness.

We can never be sure about how representative our data are as long as not everyone completes the survey. But we can at least address this concern by comparing the demographic profiles of survey completers with the population (Thompson, 2000). At which university below would one feel more confident that LibQUAL+® results were reasonably representative?

#### Alpha University

Completers (n=200 / 800)	Population (N=16,000)
Gender	Gender
Students 53% female	Students 51% female
Faculty 45% female	Faculty 41% female
Disciplines	Disciplines
Liberal Arts 40%	Liberal Arts 35%
Science 15%	Science 20%
Other 45%	Other 45%

#### Omega University

Completers (n=200 / 800)	Population (N=23,000)
Gender	Gender
Students 35% female	Students 59% female
Faculty 65% female	Faculty 43% female
Disciplines	Disciplines
Liberal Arts 40%	Liberal Arts 15%
Science 20%	Science 35%
Other 40%	Other 50%

The persuasiveness of such analyses is greater as the number of variables used in the comparisons is greater. The LibQUAL+® software has been expanded to automate these comparisons and to output side-by-side graphs and tables comparing sample and population profiles for given institutions. Show these to people who question result representativeness.

However, one caution is in order regarding percentages. When total  $n$  is small for an institution, or within a particular subgroup, huge changes in percentages can result from very small shifts in numbers.

### **LibQUAL+® Interactive Statistics**

In addition to the institution and group notebooks and the norms, LibQUAL+® has also provided an interactive environment for data analysis where institutions can mine institutional data for peer comparisons in 2003 and 2004. The LibQUAL+® Interactive Statistics for these years includes graphing capabilities for all LibQUAL+® scores (total and dimension scores) for each individual institution or groups of institutions. Graphs may be generated in either JPEG format for presentation purposes or flash format that includes more detailed information for online browsing. Tables may also be produced in an interactive fashion for one or multiple selections of variables for all individual institutions or groups of participating institutions. To access the LibQUAL+® Interactive Statistics online, go to:

[<http://www.libqual.org/Manage/Results/index.cfm>](http://www.libqual.org/Manage/Results/index.cfm)

### **LibQUAL+® Analytics**

The LibQUAL+® Analytics is a new tool that permits participants to dynamically create institution-specific tables and charts for different subgroups and across years. The current interface grants access to 2004-2006 statistical data and has two sections:

- (a) **Institution Explorer** includes a summary of all questions and dimension means for any combination of user groups and disciplines.
- (b) **Longitudinal Analysis** allows participants to perform longitudinal comparisons of their data across survey years.

These two functionalities are only the beginning of our effort to provide more customized analysis. More features are in development based on feedback we receive from our participants.

### **Survey Data**

In addition to the notebooks, the norms, the Interactive Statistics, and the Analytics, LibQUAL+® also makes available (a) raw survey data in SPSS at the request of participating libraries, and (b) raw survey data in Excel for all participating libraries. Additional training using the SPSS data file is available as a follow-up workshop and through the Service Quality Evaluation Academy (see below), which also offers training on analyzing qualitative data. The survey comments are also downloadable in Excel format from the Web site.

### **ARL Service Quality Evaluation Academy**

LibQUAL+® is an important tool in the New Measures toolbox that librarians can use to improve service quality. But, even more fundamentally, the LibQUAL+® initiative is more than a single tool. LibQUAL+® is an effort to create a culture of data-driven service quality assessment and service quality improvement within libraries.

Such a culture must be informed by more than one tool, and by more than only one of the 11 ways of listening to users. To facilitate a culture of service quality assessment, and to facilitate more informed usage of LibQUAL+® data, the Association of Research Libraries has created the ARL Service Quality Evaluation Academy. For more information about the Academy, see the LibQUAL+® events page at

[<http://www.libqual.org/Events/index.cfm>](http://www.libqual.org/Events/index.cfm)

The intensive, five-day Academy teaches both qualitative and quantitative skills that library staff can use to evaluate and generate service-quality assessment information. The Academy is one more resource for library staff who would like to develop enhanced service-quality assessment skills.

For more information, about LibQUAL+® or the Association of Research Libraries' Statistics and Measurement program, see:

[<http://www.libqual.org/>](http://www.libqual.org/)  
 [<http://www.statsqual.org/>](http://www.statsqual.org/)  
 [<http://www.arl.org/stats/>](http://www.arl.org/stats/)

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## 1.7 Library Statistics for Sciences Po

The statistical data below were provided by the participating institution in the online Representativeness\* section. Definitions for these items can be found in the *ARL Statistics*: <<http://www.arl.org/stats/>>.

*Note: Participating institutions were not required to complete the Representativeness section. When statistical data is missing or incomplete, it is because this data was not provided.*

Volumes held June 30, 2008:	<b>604,000</b>
Volumes added during year - Gross:	<b>14,000</b>
Total number of current serials received:	<b>2,800</b>
Total library expenditures (in USD):	<b>\$10,568,655</b>
Personnel - professional staff, FTE:	<b>94</b>
Personnel - support staff, FTE:	<b>1</b>

## 1.8 Contact Information for Sciences Po

The person below served as the institution's primary LibQUAL+® liaison during this survey implementation.

Name:	<b>Mrs. Anita Beldiman-Moore</b>
Title:	<b>Librarian</b>
Address:	<b>Sciences Po La bibliothèque 27 rue Saint Guillaume Paris 75337 France</b>
Phone:	<b>+33(0)145495181</b>
Email:	<b><a href="mailto:anita.beldimanmoore@sciences-po.fr">anita.beldimanmoore@sciences-po.fr</a></b>

## 2 Demographic Summary for Sciences Po

### 2.1 Respondents by User Group

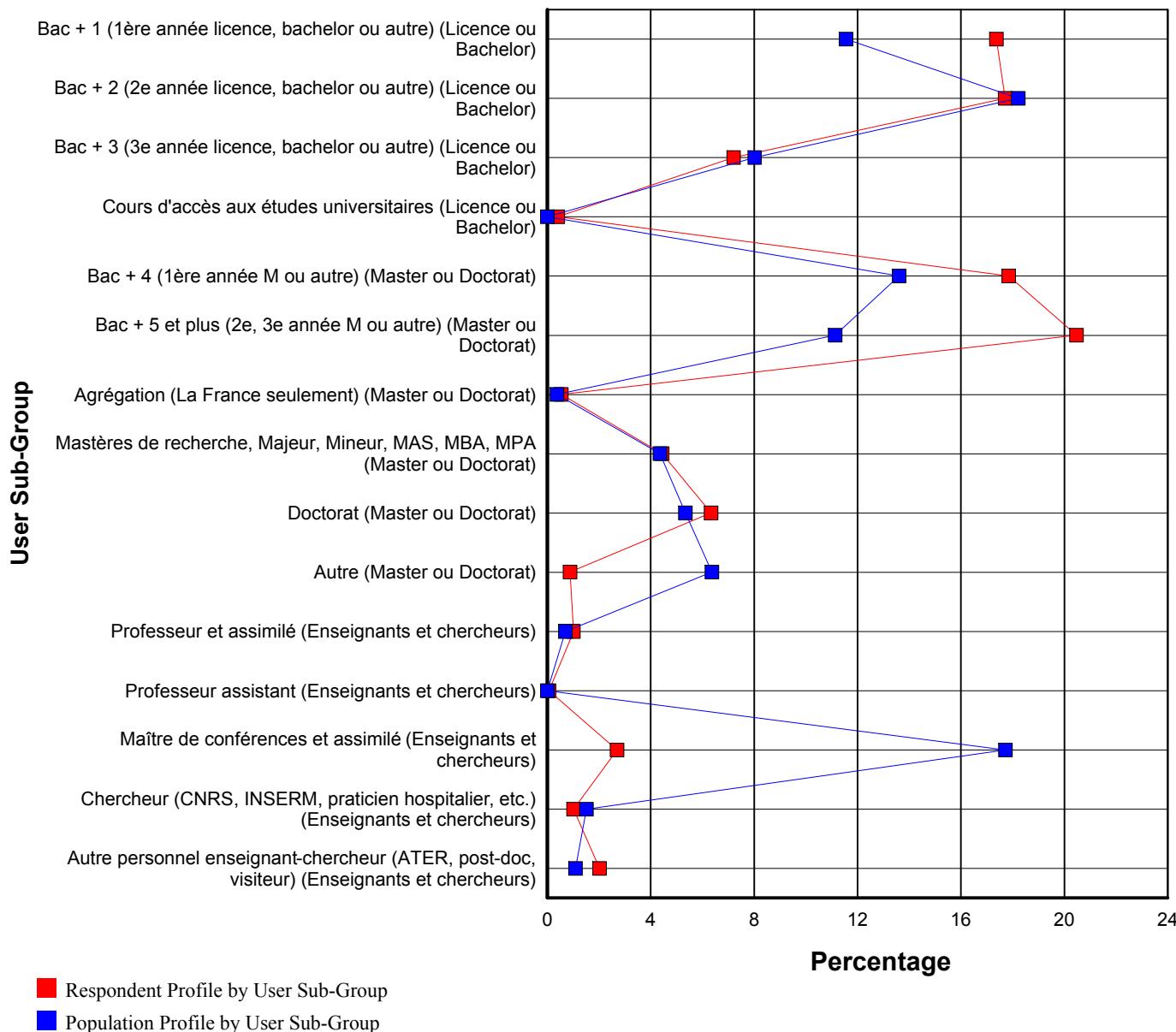
User Group		Respondent n	Respondent %
<b>Licence ou Bachelor</b>			
Bac + 1 (1ère année licence, bachelor ou autre)		258	17.04%
Bac + 2 (2e année licence, bachelor ou autre)		263	17.37%
Bac + 3 (3e année licence, bachelor ou autre)		107	7.07%
Cours d'accès aux études universitaires		6	0.40%
	<b>Sub Total:</b>	634	41.88%
<b>Master ou Doctorat</b>			
Bac + 4 (1ère année M ou autre)		265	17.50%
Bac + 5 et plus (2e, 3e année M ou autre)		304	20.08%
Agrégation (La France seulement)		8	0.53%
Mastères de recherche, Majeur, Mineur, MAS, MBA, MPA		66	4.36%
Doctorat		94	6.21%
Autre		13	0.86%
	<b>Sub Total:</b>	750	49.54%
<b>Enseignants et chercheurs</b>			
Professeur et assimilé		15	0.99%
Professeur assistant		1	0.07%
Maître de conférences et assimilé		40	2.64%
Chercheur (CNRS, INSERM, praticien hospitalier, etc.)		15	0.99%
Autre personnel enseignant-chercheur (ATER, post-doc, visiteur)		30	1.98%
	<b>Sub Total:</b>	101	6.67%
<b>Personnel de la bibliothèque</b>			
Directeur, directeur adjoint (Manager, assistant manager)		0	0.00%
Chef de section, chef de service		1	0.07%
Autres bibliothécaires		0	0.00%
Magasinier, intendant		1	0.07%
Informaticien, administratif, ou autre		0	0.00%
	<b>Sub Total:</b>	2	0.13%
<b>Personnel et autres professionnels</b>			
Personnel de l'université non enseignant (administratif, technique, informaticien)		9	0.59%
Formation continue		4	0.26%
Autres professionnels extérieurs		14	0.92%
	<b>Sub Total:</b>	27	1.78%
<b>Total:</b>		<b>1,514</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

## 2.2 Population and Respondents by User Sub-Group

The chart and table below show a breakdown of survey respondents by sub-group (e.g. First year, Masters, Professor), based on user responses to the demographic questions at the end of the survey instrument and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section\*.

The chart maps the percentage of respondents for each user subgroup in red. Population percentages for each user subgroup are mapped in blue. The table shows the number and percentage for each user sub-group for the general population (N) and for survey respondents (n).

*\*Note: Participating institutions were not required to complete the Representativeness section. When population data is missing or incomplete, it is because this data was not provided.*



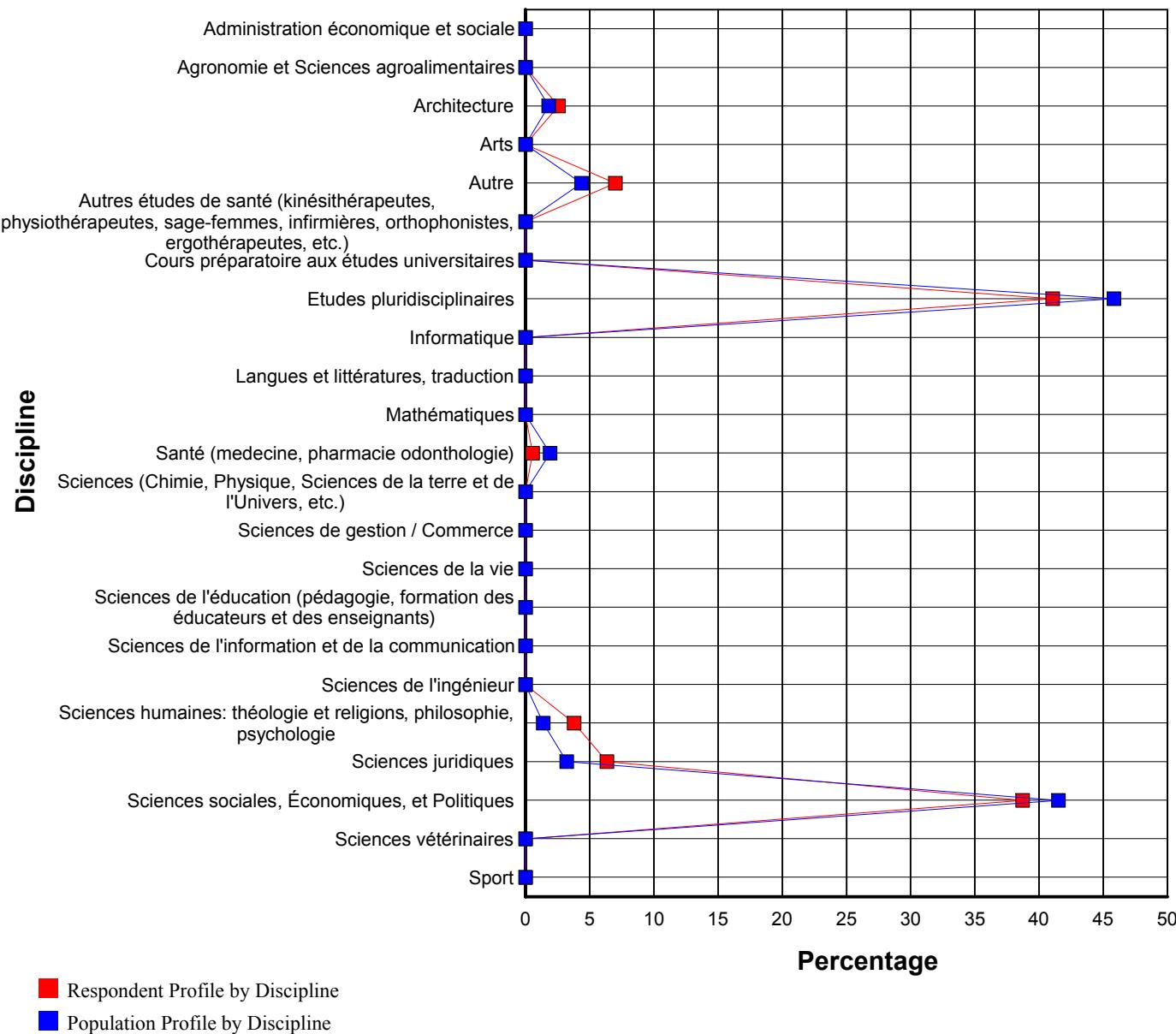
User Sub-Group	Population N	Population %	Respondents n	Respondents %	%N - %n
Bac + 1 (1ère année licence, bachelor ou autre) (Licence ou Bachelor)	1,280	11.56%	258	17.37%	-5.81%
Bac + 2 (2e année licence, bachelor ou autre) (Licence ou Bachelor)	2,017	18.22%	263	17.71%	0.51%
Bac + 3 (3e année licence, bachelor ou autre) (Licence ou Bachelor)	888	8.02%	107	7.21%	0.81%
Cours d'accès aux études universitaires (Licence ou Bachelor)	0	0.00%	6	0.40%	-0.40%
Bac + 4 (1ère année M ou autre) (Master ou Doctorat)	1,507	13.61%	265	17.85%	-4.23%
Bac + 5 et plus (2e, 3e année M ou autre) (Master ou Doctorat)	1,233	11.14%	304	20.47%	-9.34%
Agrégation (La France seulement) (Master ou Doctorat)	41	0.37%	8	0.54%	-0.17%
Mastères de recherche, Majeur, Mineur, MAS, MBA, MPA (Master ou Doctorat)	482	4.35%	66	4.44%	-0.09%
Doctorat (Master ou Doctorat)	591	5.34%	94	6.33%	-0.99%
Autre (Master ou Doctorat)	705	6.37%	13	0.88%	5.49%
Professeur et assimilé (Enseignants et chercheurs)	77	0.70%	15	1.01%	-0.31%
Professeur assistant (Enseignants et chercheurs)	0	0.00%	1	0.07%	-0.07%
Maître de conférences et assimilé (Enseignants et chercheurs)	1,962	17.72%	40	2.69%	15.03%
Chercheur (CNRS, INSERM, praticien hospitalier, etc.) (Enseignants et chercheurs)	168	1.52%	15	1.01%	0.51%
Autre personnel enseignant-chercheur (ATER, post-doc, visiteur) (Enseignants et chercheurs)	121	1.09%	30	2.02%	-0.93%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>11,072</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>1,485</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>0.00%</b>

## 2.3 Population and Respondents by Standard Discipline

The chart and table below show a breakdown of survey respondents by discipline, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section\*.

This section shows survey respondents broken down based on the LibQUAL+® standard discipline categories. The chart maps percentage of respondents for each discipline in red. Population percentages for each discipline are mapped in blue. The table shows the number and percentage for each discipline, for the general population (N) and for survey respondents (n).

*\*Note: Participating institutions were not required to complete the Representativeness section. When population data is missing or incomplete, it is because this data was not provided.*



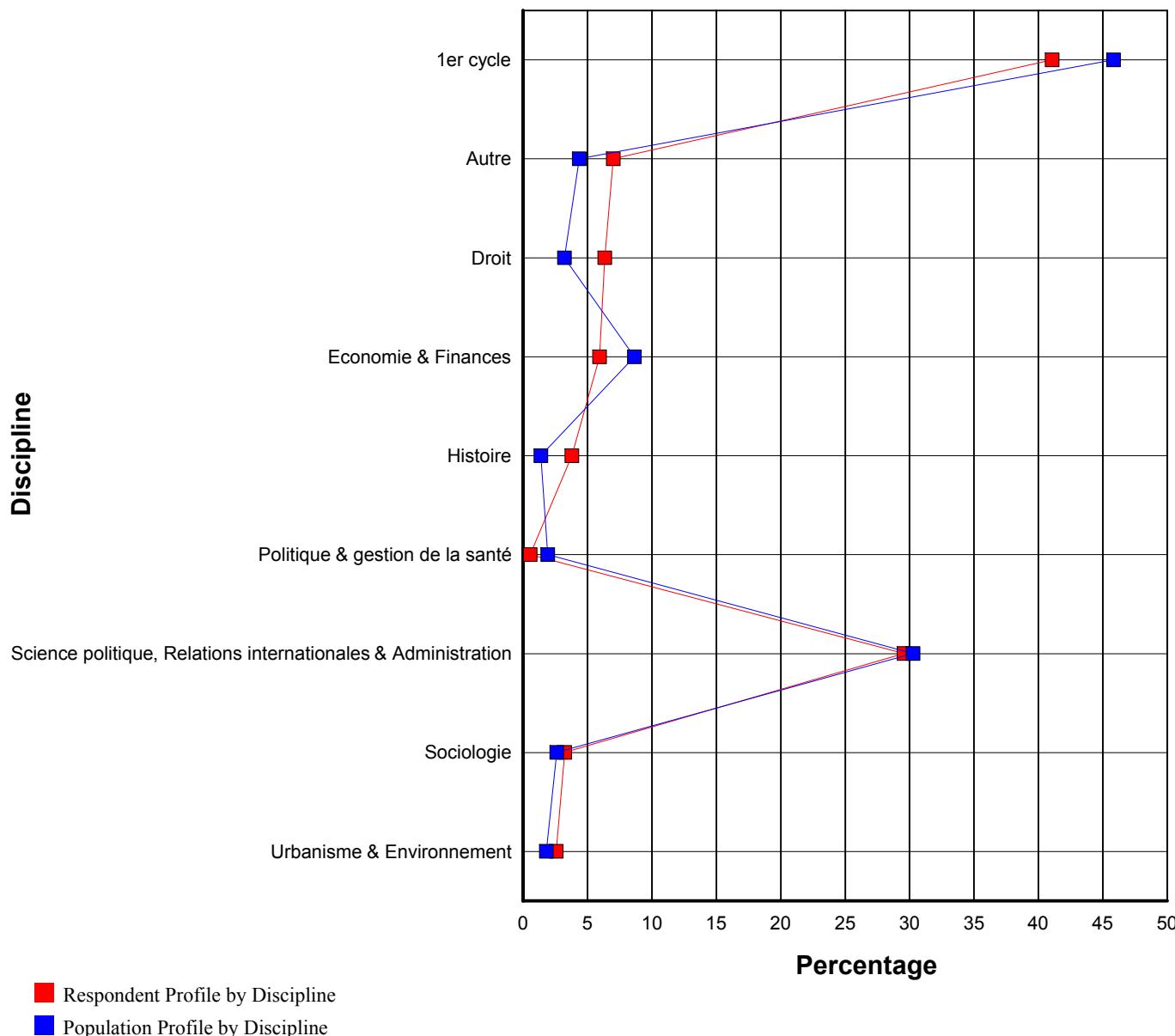
Discipline	Population N	Population %	Respondents n	Respondents %	%N - %n
Administration économique et sociale	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Agronomie et Sciences agroalimentaires	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Architecture	164	1.80%	38	2.56%	-0.76%
Arts	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Autre	398	4.36%	104	7.00%	-2.65%
Autres études de santé (kinésithérapeutes, physiothérapeutes, sage-femmes, infirmières, orthophonistes, ergothérapeutes, etc.)	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Cours préparatoire aux études universitaires	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Etudes pluridisciplinaires	4,185	45.83%	610	41.08%	4.75%
Informatique	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Langues et littératures, traduction	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Mathématiques	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Santé (medecine, pharmacie odonthologie)	175	1.92%	8	0.54%	1.38%
Sciences (Chimie, Physique, Sciences de la terre et de l'Univers, etc.)	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences de gestion / Commerce	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences de la vie	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences de l'éducation (pédagogie, formation des éducateurs et des enseignants)	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences de l'information et de la communication	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences de l'ingénieur	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences humaines: théologie et religions, philosophie, psychologie	126	1.38%	56	3.77%	-2.39%
Sciences juridiques	292	3.20%	94	6.33%	-3.13%
Sciences sociales, Économiques, et Politiques	3,792	41.52%	575	38.72%	2.80%
Sciences vétérinaires	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sport	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>9,132</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>1,485</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>0.00%</b>

## 2.4 Population and Respondents by Customized Discipline

The chart and table below show a breakdown of survey respondents by discipline, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section\*.

This section shows survey respondents broken down based on the customized discipline categories supplied by the participating library. The chart maps percentage of respondents for each discipline in red. Population percentages for each discipline are mapped in blue. The table shows the number and percentage for each discipline, for the general population (N) and for survey respondents (n).

*\*Note: Participating institutions were not required to complete the Representativeness section. When population data is missing or incomplete, it is because this data was not provided.*



Discipline	Population N	Population %	Respondents n	Respondents %	%N - %n
1er cycle	4,185	45.83%	610	41.08%	4.75%
Autre	398	4.36%	104	7.00%	-2.65%
Droit	292	3.20%	94	6.33%	-3.13%
Economie & Finances	789	8.64%	88	5.93%	2.71%
Histoire	126	1.38%	56	3.77%	-2.39%
Politique & gestion de la santé	175	1.92%	8	0.54%	1.38%
Science politique, Relations internationales & Administration	2,765	30.28%	439	29.56%	0.72%
Sociologie	238	2.61%	48	3.23%	-0.63%
Urbanisme & Environnement	164	1.80%	38	2.56%	-0.76%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>9,132</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>1,485</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>0.00%</b>

## 2.5 Respondent Profile by Age

This table shows a breakdown of survey respondents by age; both the number of respondents (n) and the percentage of the total number of respondents represented by each age group are displayed.

Age	Respondents n	Respondents %
Moins de 18 ans	24	1.59%
18 - 22 ans	882	58.37%
23 - 30 ans	471	31.17%
31 - 45 ans	99	6.55%
46 - 65 ans	30	1.99%
Plus de 65 ans	5	0.33%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>1,511</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

## 2.6 Population and Respondent Profiles by Sex

The table below shows a breakdown of survey respondents by sex, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section\*. The number and percentage for each sex are given for the general population and for survey respondents.

\*Note: Participating institutions were not required to complete the Representativeness section. When population data is missing or incomplete, it is because this data was not provided.

Sex	Population N	Population %	Respondents n	Respondents %
Masculin	5,126	46.30%	664	43.92%
Féminin	5,946	53.70%	848	56.08%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>11,072</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>1,512</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

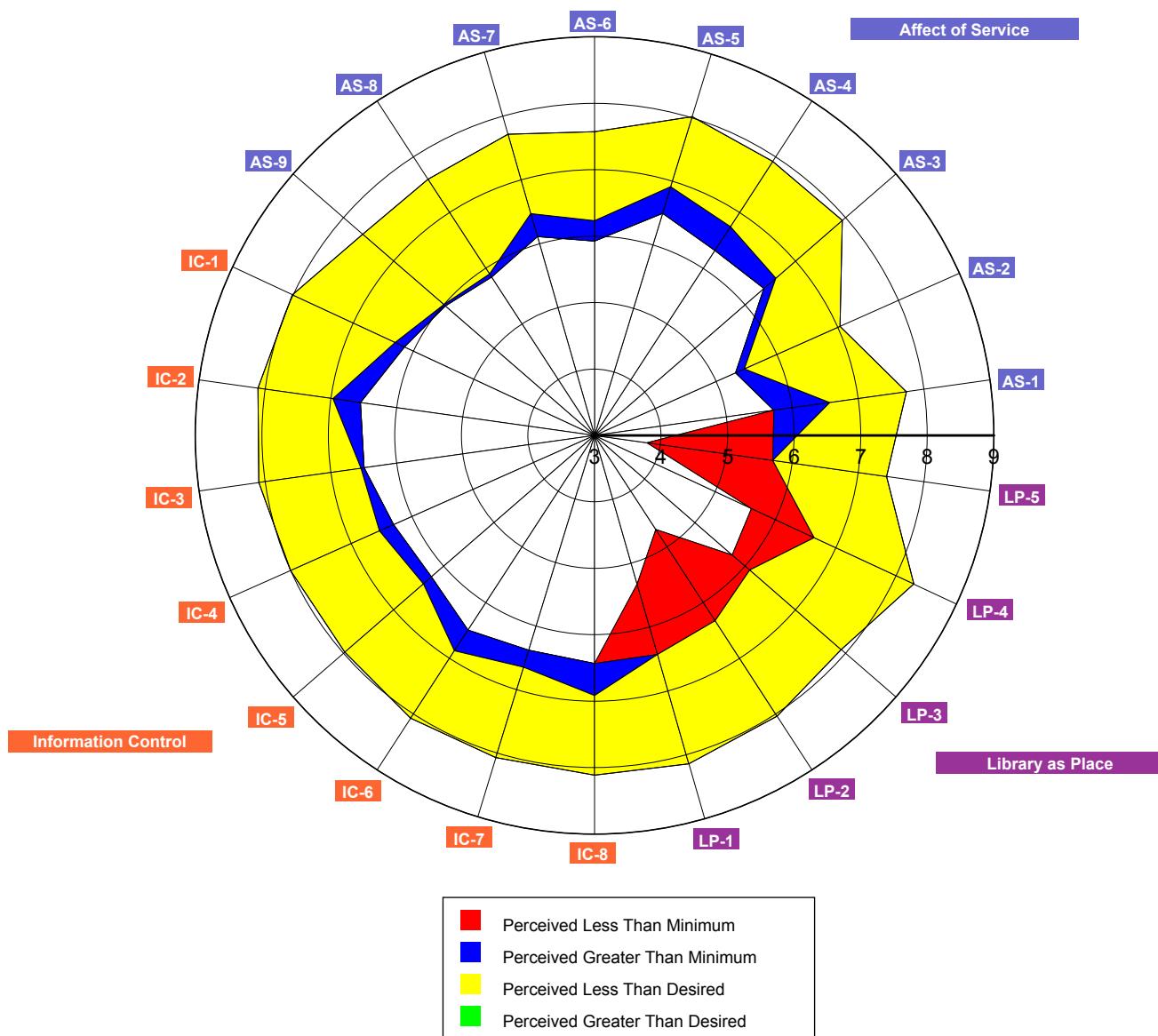
### 3 Survey Item Summary for Sciences Po

#### 3.1 Core Questions Summary

This radar chart shows the aggregate results for the core survey questions. Each axis represents one question. A code to identify each question is displayed at the outer point of each axis. While questions for each dimension of library service quality are scattered randomly throughout the survey, on this chart they are grouped into sections: Affect of Service, Information Control, and Library as Place.

On each axis, respondents' minimum, desired, and perceived levels of service quality are plotted, and the resulting "gaps" between the three levels (representing service adequacy or service superiority) are shaded in blue, yellow, green, and red.

The following two tables show mean scores and standard deviations for each question, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each particular question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)



ID	Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Le personnel m'inspire confiance	5.72	7.73	6.57	0.85	-1.16	1,489
AS-2	La bibliothèque rend un service personnalisé à chaque usager	5.32	7.04	5.47	0.15	-1.57	1,456
AS-3	Le personnel est toujours courtois	6.37	7.94	6.61	0.24	-1.33	1,492
AS-4	Le personnel est disponible pour répondre aux questions des usagers	6.32	7.92	6.75	0.43	-1.17	1,478
AS-5	Le personnel est compétent et capable de répondre aux questions des usagers	6.50	8.02	6.92	0.42	-1.10	1,433
AS-6	Le personnel est attentif aux besoins des usagers	5.93	7.57	6.23	0.30	-1.34	1,408
AS-7	Un personnel qui comprend les besoins des usagers	6.11	7.72	6.48	0.36	-1.24	1,358
AS-8	Le personnel fait preuve d'une volonté manifeste d'aider les usagers	5.84	7.60	5.90	0.06	-1.70	1,430
AS-9	La bibliothèque apporte une réponse fiable aux problèmes rencontrés par les usagers dans l'utilisation de ses services	5.97	7.62	6.00	0.03	-1.61	1,292
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	J'accède à des revues électroniques depuis mon domicile ou mon bureau	6.15	8.01	6.31	0.16	-1.70	1,406
IC-2	Le site web me permet de repérer ce que je cherche de façon autonome	6.55	8.11	6.97	0.42	-1.14	1,495
IC-3	Je trouve à la bibliothèque les documents imprimés dont j'ai besoin pour mes travaux	6.50	8.09	6.54	0.04	-1.55	1,359
IC-4	J'ai accès aux ressources électroniques dont j'ai besoin	6.30	8.00	6.54	0.23	-1.46	1,445
IC-5	Je trouve à la bibliothèque un équipement moderne qui me permet un accès facile aux informations dont j'ai besoin	6.25	7.97	6.41	0.16	-1.56	1,471
IC-6	Les outils de repérage me permettent de trouver facilement par moi-même ce que je cherche	6.49	8.08	6.87	0.37	-1.21	1,470
IC-7	La documentation est facilement accessible pour une utilisation autonome	6.38	8.07	6.65	0.26	-1.42	1,473
IC-8	Les revues électroniques ou papier correspondent à mes besoins	6.43	8.11	6.92	0.48	-1.20	1,442
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Les locaux de la bibliothèque incitent à l'étude	6.43	8.14	5.33	-1.10	-2.81	1,499
LP-2	La bibliothèque m'offre un espace individuel tranquille	6.33	8.04	4.69	-1.64	-3.35	1,485
LP-3	Les locaux sont accueillants et confortables	6.09	7.91	5.74	-0.35	-2.17	1,500
LP-4	La bibliothèque offre un espace pour étudier, faire des recherches et travailler	6.64	8.29	5.60	-1.04	-2.69	1,495
LP-5	La bibliothèque propose des espaces communs pour l'étude et le travail en groupe	5.70	7.43	3.80	-1.91	-3.64	1,398

Language: French (Europe)

Institution Type: College or University

Consortium: LibQUAL France

User Group: All (Excluding Personnel de la bibliothèque)

<b>Overall:</b>	6.20	7.89	6.15	-0.05	-1.73	1,512
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Language: French (Europe)  
Institution Type: College or University  
Consortium: LibQUAL France  
User Group: All (Excluding Personnel de la bibliothèque)

ID	Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Le personnel m'inspire confiance	1.61	1.26	1.78	2.04	1.89	1,489
AS-2	La bibliothèque rend un service personnalisé à chaque usager	1.69	1.59	1.91	2.12	2.02	1,456
AS-3	Le personnel est toujours courtois	1.59	1.26	1.94	2.24	2.10	1,492
AS-4	Le personnel est disponible pour répondre aux questions des usagers	1.48	1.19	1.77	1.97	1.83	1,478
AS-5	Le personnel est compétent et capable de répondre aux questions des usagers	1.53	1.15	1.66	1.87	1.69	1,433
AS-6	Le personnel est attentif aux besoins des usagers	1.58	1.40	1.75	1.96	1.86	1,408
AS-7	Un personnel qui comprend les besoins des usagers	1.58	1.34	1.73	2.01	1.85	1,358
AS-8	Le personnel fait preuve d'une volonté manifeste d'aider les usagers	1.72	1.47	2.00	2.22	2.12	1,430
AS-9	La bibliothèque apporte une réponse fiable aux problèmes rencontrés par les usagers dans l'utilisation de ses services	1.62	1.46	1.90	2.02	1.95	1,292
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	J'accède à des revues électroniques depuis mon domicile ou mon bureau	1.78	1.33	2.01	2.42	2.14	1,406
IC-2	Le site web me permet de repérer ce que je cherche de façon autonome	1.54	1.19	1.66	1.90	1.70	1,495
IC-3	Je trouve à la bibliothèque les documents imprimés dont j'ai besoin pour mes travaux	1.49	1.21	1.70	1.88	1.74	1,359
IC-4	J'ai accès aux ressources électroniques dont j'ai besoin	1.48	1.23	1.66	2.02	1.85	1,445
IC-5	Je trouve à la bibliothèque un équipement moderne qui me permet un accès facile aux informations dont j'ai besoin	1.49	1.23	1.74	2.08	1.90	1,471
IC-6	Les outils de repérage me permettent de trouver facilement par moi-même ce que je cherche	1.43	1.16	1.58	1.85	1.61	1,470
IC-7	La documentation est facilement accessible pour une utilisation autonome	1.48	1.15	1.70	1.95	1.83	1,473
IC-8	Les revues électroniques ou papier correspondent à mes besoins	1.49	1.15	1.58	1.91	1.68	1,442
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Les locaux de la bibliothèque incitent à l'étude	1.53	1.21	2.14	2.57	2.42	1,499
LP-2	La bibliothèque m'offre un espace individuel tranquille	1.56	1.39	2.24	2.65	2.55	1,485
LP-3	Les locaux sont accueillants et confortables	1.57	1.32	2.10	2.55	2.36	1,500
LP-4	La bibliothèque offre un espace pour étudier, faire des recherches et travailler	1.57	1.17	2.16	2.50	2.34	1,495
LP-5	La bibliothèque propose des espaces communs pour l'étude et le travail en groupe	1.87	1.82	2.28	2.74	2.74	1,398

Language: French (Europe)

Institution Type: College or University

Consortium: LibQUAL France

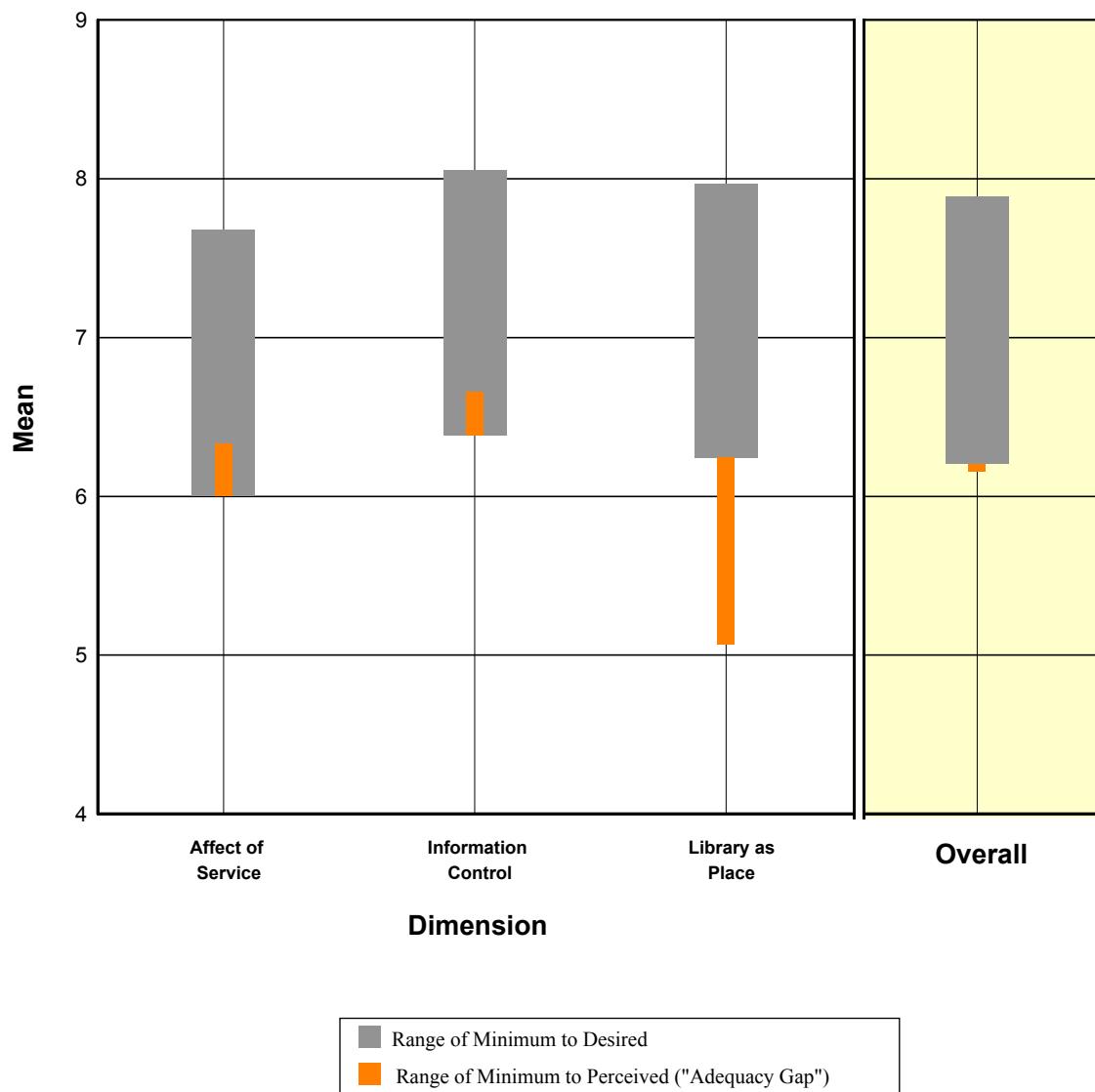
User Group: All (Excluding Personnel de la bibliothèque)

<b>Overall:</b>	1.17	0.91	1.17	1.48	1.30	1,512
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Language: French (Europe)  
Institution Type: College or University  
Consortium: LibQUAL France  
User Group: All (Excluding Personnel de la bibliothèque)

### 3.2 Core Question Dimensions Summary

On the chart below, scores for each dimension of library service quality have been plotted graphically. The exterior bars represent the range of minimum to desired mean scores for each dimension. The interior bars represent the range of minimum to perceived mean scores (the service adequacy gap) for each dimension of library service quality.



The following table displays mean scores for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+® survey, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	$n$
Affect of Service	6.00	7.68	6.33	0.33	-1.35	1,511
Information Control	6.38	8.05	6.66	0.27	-1.40	1,512
Library as Place	6.24	7.97	5.06	-1.18	-2.91	1,508
<b>Overall:</b>	6.20	7.89	6.15	-0.05	-1.73	1,512

The following table displays standard deviation for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+® survey, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	$n$
Affect of Service	1.30	1.06	1.45	1.66	1.52	1,511
Information Control	1.20	0.92	1.17	1.49	1.28	1,512
Library as Place	1.29	1.07	1.73	2.10	1.95	1,508
<b>Overall:</b>	1.17	0.91	1.17	1.48	1.30	1,512

### 3.3 Local Questions Summary

This table shows mean scores for each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each particular question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)

Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Mes propositions d'achat de documents sont prises en compte	5.50	6.93	5.69	0.19	-1.24	626
Un catalogue qui signale de façon fiable la disponibilité des documents et mes emprunts en cours	6.64	8.10	6.87	0.24	-1.23	1,443
Les services de la bibliothèque sont ouverts à des horaires qui me conviennent	6.61	8.26	6.40	-0.21	-1.85	1,500
Un accès facile aux ordinateurs, à l'Internet et aux logiciels	6.42	8.09	5.18	-1.24	-2.91	1,479
La bibliothèque me forme à la recherche, l'évaluation, et l'utilisation de l'information	5.35	7.08	5.42	0.07	-1.66	1,353

This table displays the standard deviations for each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)

Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Mes propositions d'achat de documents sont prises en compte	1.77	1.63	2.06	2.14	2.06	626
Un catalogue qui signale de façon fiable la disponibilité des documents et mes emprunts en cours	1.57	1.20	1.83	2.04	1.84	1,443
Les services de la bibliothèque sont ouverts à des horaires qui me conviennent	1.57	1.16	2.13	2.60	2.31	1,500
Un accès facile aux ordinateurs, à l'Internet et aux logiciels	1.55	1.29	2.05	2.47	2.31	1,479
La bibliothèque me forme à la recherche, l'évaluation, et l'utilisation de l'information	1.83	1.76	2.09	2.16	2.11	1,353

### 3.4 General Satisfaction Questions Summary

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the general satisfaction questions: Satisfaction with Treatment, Satisfaction with Support, and Satisfaction with Overall Quality of Service, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the general satisfaction questions on the LibQUAL+® survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9.

Satisfaction Question	Mean	SD	n
En général, je suis satisfait(e) de la façon dont je suis traité(e) à la bibliothèque.	6.59	1.89	1,512
En général, je suis satisfait(e) de l'aide que m'offre la bibliothèque pour mes études, mes recherches et mon enseignement.	6.39	1.80	1,512
Comment évaluez-vous globalement la qualité des services offerts par la bibliothèque?	6.44	1.59	1,512

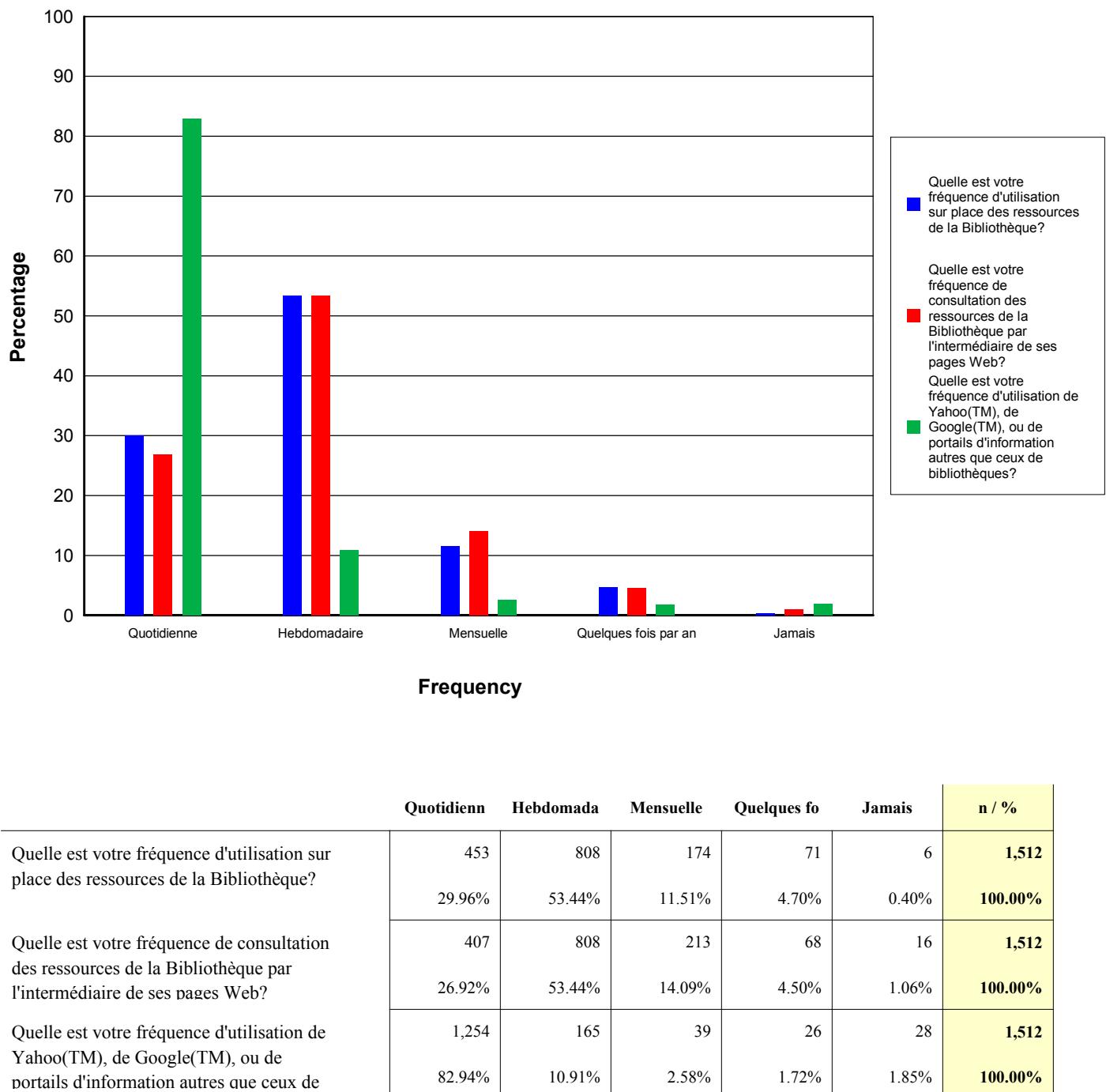
### 3.5 Information Literacy Outcomes Questions Summary

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the information literacy outcomes questions, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the information literacy outcomes questions on the LibQUAL+® survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9 with 1 being "strongly disagree" and 9 representing "strongly agree".

Information Literacy Outcomes Questions	Mean	SD	n
La bibliothèque m'aide à maintenir mes connaissances à leur meilleur niveau.	6.43	1.53	1,512
La bibliothèque contribue à me faire progresser dans ma discipline ou travail.	6.68	1.68	1,512
La bibliothèque me rend plus efficace dans mon travail universitaire.	6.62	1.90	1,512
La Bibliothèque m'aide à faire la distinction entre une information fiable et une autre qui ne l'est pas.	5.61	1.99	1,512
La bibliothèque m'aide à développer mes capacités à rechercher l'information dont j'ai besoin pour mes études ou mes travaux.	6.33	1.79	1,512

### 3.6 Library Use Summary

This chart shows a graphic representation of library use (both on the premises and electronically), as well as use of non-library information gateways such as Yahoo™ and Google™. Bars represent the frequency with which respondents report using these resources: Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Quarterly, or Never. The table below the chart displays the number and percentage of respondents who selected each option.



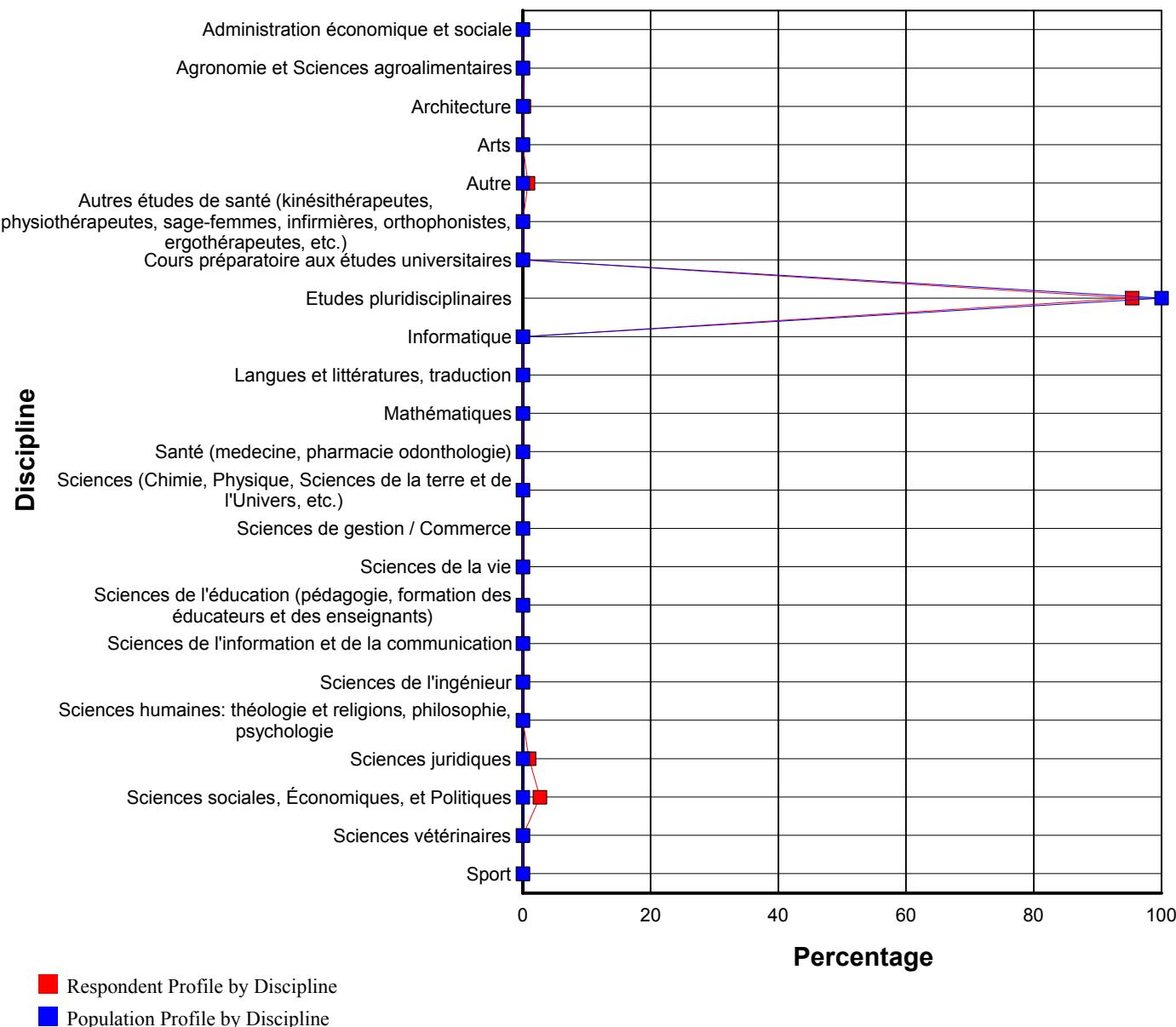
## 4 Licence ou Bachelor Summary

### 4.1 Demographic Summary for Licence ou Bachelor

#### 4.1.1 Population and Respondent Profiles for Licence ou Bachelor by Standard Discipline

The chart and table below show a breakdown of survey respondents by discipline, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section.

This section shows survey respondents broken down based on the LibQUAL+® standard discipline categories. The chart maps percentage of respondents for each discipline in red. Population percentages for each discipline are mapped in blue. The table shows the number and percentage for each discipline, for the general population (N) and for survey respondents (n).

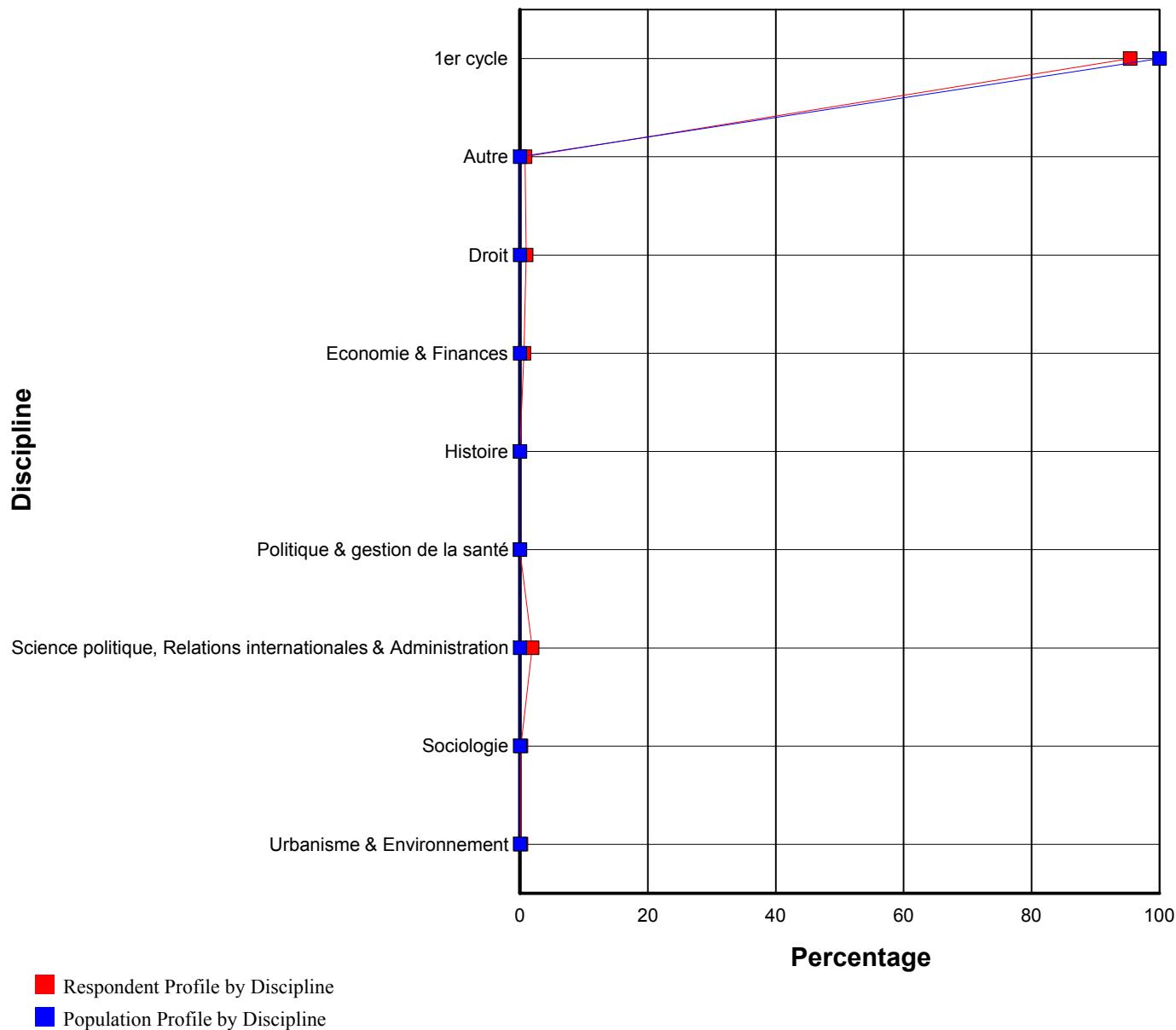


Discipline	Population N	Population %	Respondents n	Respondents %	%N - %n
Administration économique et sociale	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Agronomie et Sciences agroalimentaires	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Architecture	0	0.00%	1	0.16%	-0.16%
Arts	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Autre	0	0.00%	5	0.79%	-0.79%
Autres études de santé (kinésithérapeutes, physiothérapeutes, sage-femmes, infirmières, orthophonistes, ergothérapeutes, etc.)	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Cours préparatoire aux études universitaires	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Etudes pluridisciplinaires	4,185	100.00%	605	95.43%	4.57%
Informatique	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Langues et littératures, traduction	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Mathématiques	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Santé (medecine, pharmacie odonthologie)	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences (Chimie, Physique, Sciences de la terre et de l'Univers, etc.)	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences de gestion / Commerce	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences de la vie	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences de l'éducation (pédagogie, formation des éducateurs et des enseignants)	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences de l'information et de la communication	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences de l'ingénieur	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences humaines: théologie et religions, philosophie, psychologie	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences juridiques	0	0.00%	6	0.95%	-0.95%
Sciences sociales, Économiques, et Politiques	0	0.00%	17	2.68%	-2.68%
Sciences vétérinaires	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sport	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>4,185</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>634</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>0.00%</b>

#### 4.1.2 Population and Respondent Profiles for Licence ou Bachelor by Customized Discipline

The chart and table below show a breakdown of survey respondents by discipline, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section.

This section shows survey respondents broken down based on the customized discipline categories supplied by the participating library. The chart maps percentage of respondents for each discipline in red. Population percentages for each discipline are mapped in blue. The table shows the number and percentage for each discipline, for the general population (N) and for survey respondents (n).



Discipline	Population N	Population %	Respondents n	Respondents %	%N - %n
1er cycle	4,185	100.00%	605	95.43%	4.57%
Autre	0	0.00%	5	0.79%	-0.79%
Droit	0	0.00%	6	0.95%	-0.95%
Economie & Finances	0	0.00%	4	0.63%	-0.63%
Histoire	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Politique & gestion de la santé	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Science politique, Relations internationales & Administration	0	0.00%	12	1.89%	-1.89%
Sociologie	0	0.00%	1	0.16%	-0.16%
Urbanisme & Environnement	0	0.00%	1	0.16%	-0.16%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>4,185</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>634</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>0.00%</b>

Language: French (Europe)

Institution Type: College or University

Consortium: LibQUAL France

User Group: Licence ou Bachelor

#### 4.1.3 Respondent Profile for Licence ou Bachelor by Age

This table shows a breakdown of survey respondents by age; both the number of respondents (n) and the percentage of the total number of respondents represented by each age group are displayed.

Age	Respondents n	Respondents %
Moins de 18 ans	24	3.79%
18 - 22 ans	595	93.85%
23 - 30 ans	15	2.37%
31 - 45 ans	0	0.00%
46 - 65 ans	0	0.00%
Plus de 65 ans	0	0.00%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>634</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

#### 4.1.4 Population and Respondent Profiles for Licence ou Bachelor by Sex

The table below shows a breakdown of survey respondents by sex, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section\*. The number and percentage for each sex are given for the general population and for survey respondents.

\*Note: Participating institutions were not required to complete the Representativeness section. When population data is missing or incomplete, it is because this data was not provided.

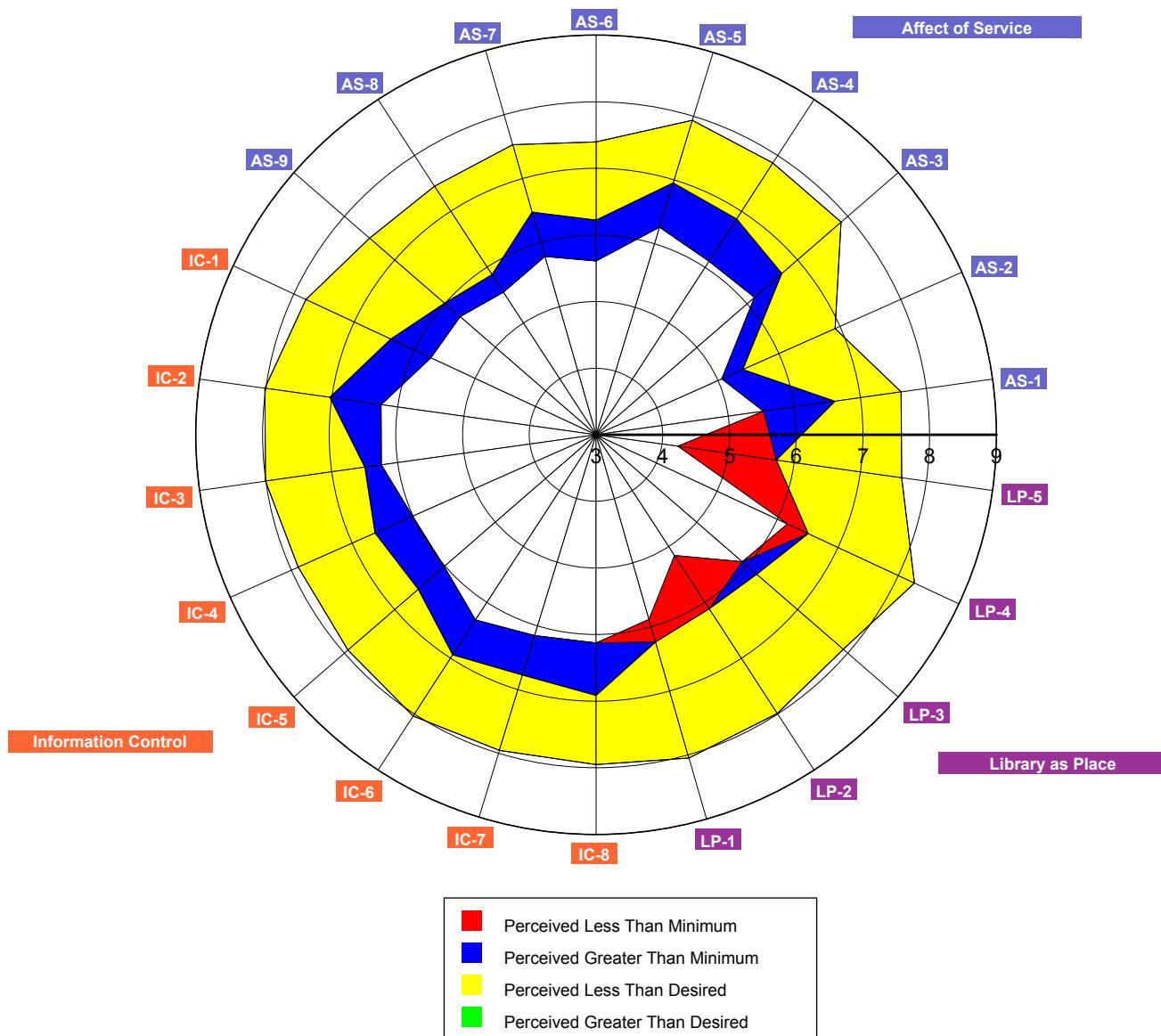
Sex	Population N	Population %	Respondents n	Respondents %
Masculin	1,563	37.35%	263	41.48%
Féminin	2,622	62.65%	371	58.52%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>4,185</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>634</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

## 4.2 Core Questions Summary for Licence ou Bachelor

This radar chart shows aggregate results for the core survey questions. Each axis represents one question. A code to identify each question is displayed at the outer point of each axis. While questions for each dimension of library service quality are scattered randomly throughout the survey, on this chart they are grouped into sections: Affect of Service, Library as Place, and Information Control.

On each axis, respondents' minimum, desired, and perceived levels of service quality are plotted, and the resulting "gaps" between the three levels (representing service adequacy or service superiority) are shaded in blue, yellow, green, and red.

The two following tables show mean scores and standard deviations for each question, where n is the number of respondents for each particular question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)



ID	Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Le personnel m'inspire confiance	5.54	7.62	6.62	1.08	-1.00	624
AS-2	La bibliothèque rend un service personnalisé à chaque usager	5.06	6.92	5.41	0.34	-1.51	619
AS-3	Le personnel est toujours courtois	6.15	7.87	6.69	0.54	-1.18	622
AS-4	Le personnel est disponible pour répondre aux questions des usagers	6.11	7.87	6.87	0.76	-1.00	619
AS-5	Le personnel est compétent et capable de répondre aux questions des usagers	6.26	7.94	6.96	0.70	-0.98	604
AS-6	Le personnel est attentif aux besoins des usagers	5.61	7.40	6.22	0.61	-1.17	592
AS-7	Un personnel qui comprend les besoins des usagers	5.79	7.53	6.48	0.69	-1.05	570
AS-8	Le personnel fait preuve d'une volonté manifeste d'aider les usagers	5.55	7.45	5.87	0.31	-1.58	594
AS-9	La bibliothèque apporte une réponse fiable aux problèmes rencontrés par les usagers dans l'utilisation de ses services	5.70	7.50	6.01	0.31	-1.49	555
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	J'accède à des revues électroniques depuis mon domicile ou mon bureau	5.74	7.80	6.40	0.66	-1.40	594
IC-2	Le site web me permet de repérer ce que je cherche de façon autonome	6.26	8.01	7.03	0.78	-0.98	628
IC-3	Je trouve à la bibliothèque les documents imprimés dont j'ai besoin pour mes travaux	6.25	8.01	6.50	0.25	-1.50	571
IC-4	J'ai accès aux ressources électroniques dont j'ai besoin	6.01	7.89	6.63	0.62	-1.26	612
IC-5	Je trouve à la bibliothèque un équipement moderne qui me permet un accès facile aux informations dont j'ai besoin	6.02	7.93	6.53	0.51	-1.39	615
IC-6	Les outils de repérage me permettent de trouver facilement par moi-même ce que je cherche	6.32	8.04	6.94	0.63	-1.09	620
IC-7	La documentation est facilement accessible pour une utilisation autonome	6.15	7.96	6.77	0.62	-1.18	620
IC-8	Les revues électroniques ou papier correspondent à mes besoins	6.13	7.95	6.91	0.79	-1.04	601
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Les locaux de la bibliothèque incitent à l'étude	6.24	8.05	5.88	-0.36	-2.17	630
LP-2	La bibliothèque m'offre un espace individuel tranquille	6.12	7.99	5.16	-0.95	-2.83	623
LP-3	Les locaux sont accueillants et confortables	5.91	7.91	6.19	0.29	-1.72	629
LP-4	La bibliothèque offre un espace pour étudier, faire des recherches et travailler	6.51	8.27	6.17	-0.35	-2.10	628
LP-5	La bibliothèque propose des espaces communs pour l'étude et le travail en groupe	5.73	7.63	4.24	-1.49	-3.39	610

<b>Overall:</b>	5.96	7.80	6.30	0.33	-1.50	634
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Language: French (Europe)

Institution Type: College or University

Consortium: LibQUAL France

User Group: Licence ou Bachelor

ID	Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Le personnel m'inspire confiance	1.58	1.27	1.64	1.91	1.77	624
AS-2	La bibliothèque rend un service personnalisé à chaque usager	1.69	1.61	1.85	2.06	1.99	619
AS-3	Le personnel est toujours courtois	1.55	1.22	1.83	2.13	1.90	622
AS-4	Le personnel est disponible pour répondre aux questions des usagers	1.45	1.16	1.60	1.79	1.67	619
AS-5	Le personnel est compétent et capable de répondre aux questions des usagers	1.54	1.17	1.55	1.73	1.59	604
AS-6	Le personnel est attentif aux besoins des usagers	1.56	1.45	1.63	1.80	1.72	592
AS-7	Un personnel qui comprend les besoins des usagers	1.60	1.43	1.60	1.85	1.73	570
AS-8	Le personnel fait preuve d'une volonté manifeste d'aider les usagers	1.70	1.47	1.84	2.01	1.94	594
AS-9	La bibliothèque apporte une réponse fiable aux problèmes rencontrés par les usagers dans l'utilisation de ses services	1.60	1.48	1.77	1.90	1.88	555
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	J'accède à des revues électroniques depuis mon domicile ou mon bureau	1.75	1.40	1.90	2.21	1.99	594
IC-2	Le site web me permet de repérer ce que je cherche de façon autonome	1.52	1.22	1.55	1.82	1.66	628
IC-3	Je trouve à la bibliothèque les documents imprimés dont j'ai besoin pour mes travaux	1.51	1.20	1.67	1.88	1.74	571
IC-4	J'ai accès aux ressources électroniques dont j'ai besoin	1.44	1.25	1.55	1.88	1.74	612
IC-5	Je trouve à la bibliothèque un équipement moderne qui me permet un accès facile aux informations dont j'ai besoin	1.43	1.21	1.62	2.01	1.80	615
IC-6	Les outils de repérage me permettent de trouver facilement par moi-même ce que je cherche	1.44	1.19	1.56	1.87	1.63	620
IC-7	La documentation est facilement accessible pour une utilisation autonome	1.44	1.21	1.54	1.75	1.66	620
IC-8	Les revues électroniques ou papier correspondent à mes besoins	1.49	1.20	1.51	1.82	1.63	601
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Les locaux de la bibliothèque incitent à l'étude	1.56	1.22	1.96	2.43	2.24	630
LP-2	La bibliothèque m'offre un espace individuel tranquille	1.51	1.29	2.14	2.50	2.40	623
LP-3	Les locaux sont accueillants et confortables	1.53	1.19	1.97	2.41	2.20	629
LP-4	La bibliothèque offre un espace pour étudier, faire des recherches et travailler	1.60	1.05	1.94	2.26	2.10	628
LP-5	La bibliothèque propose des espaces communs pour l'étude et le travail en groupe	1.79	1.58	2.39	2.72	2.69	610

<b>Overall:</b>	1.14	0.90	1.03	1.34	1.19	634
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Language: French (Europe)

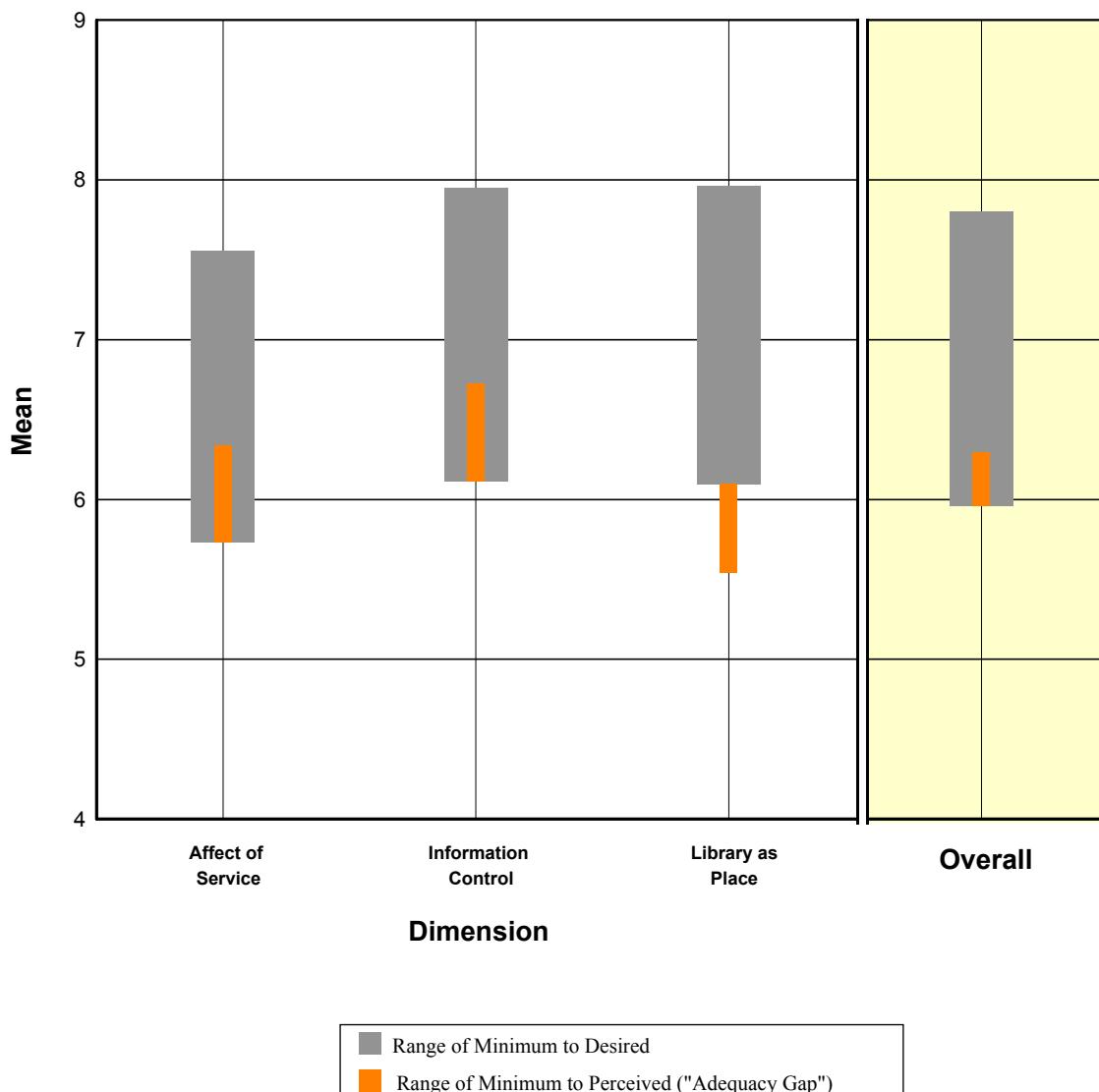
Institution Type: College or University

Consortium: LibQUAL France

User Group: Licence ou Bachelor

### 4.3 Core Question Dimensions Summary for Licence ou Bachelor

On the chart below, scores for each dimension of library service quality have been plotted graphically. The exterior bars represent the range of minimum to desired mean scores for each dimension. The interior bars represent the range of minimum to perceived mean scores (the service adequacy gap) for each dimension of library service quality.



The following table displays mean scores for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+® survey, where n is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Affect of Service	5.73	7.55	6.34	0.61	-1.22	634
Information Control	6.11	7.95	6.72	0.61	-1.23	634
Library as Place	6.10	7.96	5.54	-0.55	-2.42	633
<b>Overall:</b>	5.96	7.80	6.30	0.33	-1.50	634

The following table displays standard deviation for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+® survey, where n is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Affect of Service	1.28	1.07	1.26	1.45	1.35	634
Information Control	1.16	0.93	1.06	1.40	1.21	634
Library as Place	1.27	0.99	1.57	1.93	1.80	633
<b>Overall:</b>	1.14	0.90	1.03	1.34	1.19	634

#### 4.4 Local Questions Summary for Licence ou Bachelor

This table shows mean scores for each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each particular question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)

Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Mes propositions d'achat de documents sont prises en compte	5.19	6.73	5.43	0.25	-1.30	281
Un catalogue qui signale de façon fiable la disponibilité des documents et mes emprunts en cours	6.40	8.06	6.84	0.44	-1.22	613
Les services de la bibliothèque sont ouverts à des horaires qui me conviennent	6.36	8.17	6.60	0.24	-1.57	629
Un accès facile aux ordinateurs, à l'Internet et aux logiciels	6.21	8.01	5.25	<b>-0.95</b>	-2.75	618
La bibliothèque me forme à la recherche, l'évaluation, et l'utilisation de l'information	5.19	7.03	5.79	0.61	-1.23	605

This table displays the standard deviations for each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each particular question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)

Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Mes propositions d'achat de documents sont prises en compte	1.75	1.61	1.98	2.07	2.02	281
Un catalogue qui signale de façon fiable la disponibilité des documents et mes emprunts en cours	1.58	1.18	1.78	2.11	1.88	613
Les services de la bibliothèque sont ouverts à des horaires qui me conviennent	1.60	1.19	2.03	2.53	2.25	629
Un accès facile aux ordinateurs, à l'Internet et aux logiciels	1.50	1.34	2.08	2.43	2.33	618
La bibliothèque me forme à la recherche, l'évaluation, et l'utilisation de l'information	1.81	1.77	1.96	1.95	1.96	605

#### 4.5 General Satisfaction Questions Summary for Licence ou Bachelor

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the general satisfaction questions: Satisfaction with Treatment, Satisfaction with Support, and Satisfaction with Overall Quality of Service, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the general satisfaction questions on the LibQUAL+® survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9.

Satisfaction Question	Mean	SD	n
En général, je suis satisfait(e) de la façon dont je suis traité(e) à la bibliothèque.	6.74	1.71	634
En général, je suis satisfait(e) de l'aide que m'offre la bibliothèque pour mes études, mes recherches et mon enseignement.	6.53	1.64	634
Comment évaluez-vous globalement la qualité des services offerts par la bibliothèque?	6.59	1.42	634

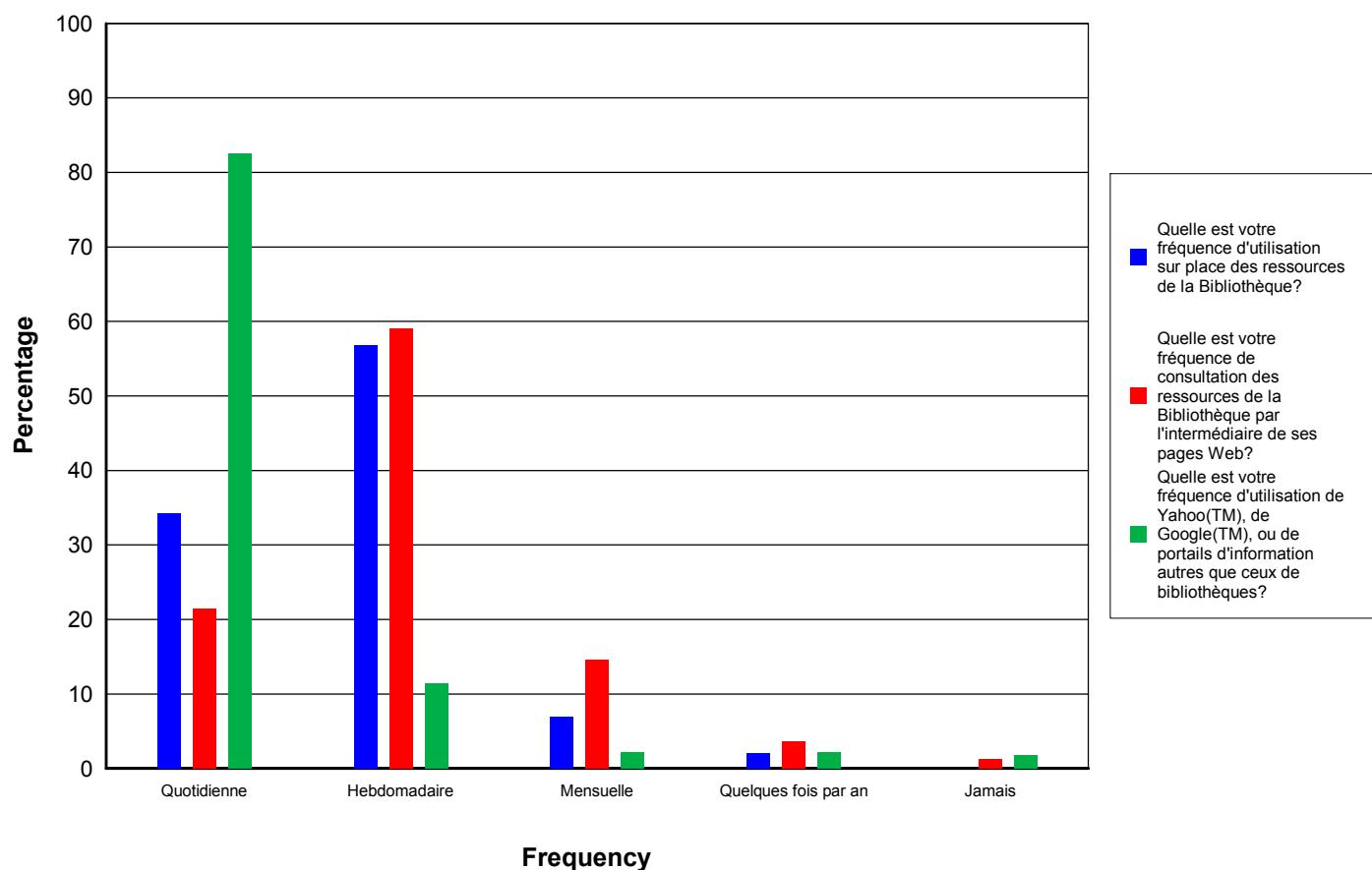
#### 4.6 Information Literacy Outcomes Questions Summary for Licence ou Bachelor

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the information literacy outcomes questions, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the information literacy outcomes questions on the LibQUAL+® survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9 with 1 being "strongly disagree" and 9 representing "strongly agree".

Information Literacy Outcomes Questions	Mean	SD	n
La Bibliothèque m'aide à faire la distinction entre une information fiable et une autre qui ne l'est pas.	5.78	1.96	634
La bibliothèque contribue à me faire progresser dans ma discipline ou travail.	6.72	1.56	634
La bibliothèque m'aide à maintenir mes connaissances à leur meilleur niveau.	6.37	1.46	634
La bibliothèque me rend plus efficace dans mon travail universitaire.	6.80	1.79	634
La bibliothèque m'aide à développer mes capacités à rechercher l'information dont j'ai besoin pour mes études ou mes travaux.	6.66	1.58	634

## 4.7 Library Use Summary for Licence ou Bachelor

This chart shows a graphic representation of library use (both on the premises and electronically), as well as use of non-library information gateways such as Yahoo™ and Google™. Bars represent the frequency with which respondents report using these resources: Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Quarterly, or Never. The table below the chart displays the number and percentage of respondents who selected each option.



	Quotidienn	Hebdomada	Mensuelle	Quelques fo	Jamais	n / %
Quelle est votre fréquence d'utilisation sur place des ressources de la Bibliothèque?	217 34.23%	360 56.78%	44 6.94%	13 2.05%	0 0.00%	634 <b>100.00%</b>
Quelle est votre fréquence de consultation des ressources de la Bibliothèque par l'intermédiaire de ses pages Web?	136 21.45%	374 58.99%	93 14.67%	23 3.63%	8 1.26%	634 <b>100.00%</b>
Quelle est votre fréquence d'utilisation de Yahoo(TM), de Google(TM), ou de portails d'information autres que ceux de	523 82.49%	72 11.36%	14 2.21%	14 2.21%	11 1.74%	634 <b>100.00%</b>

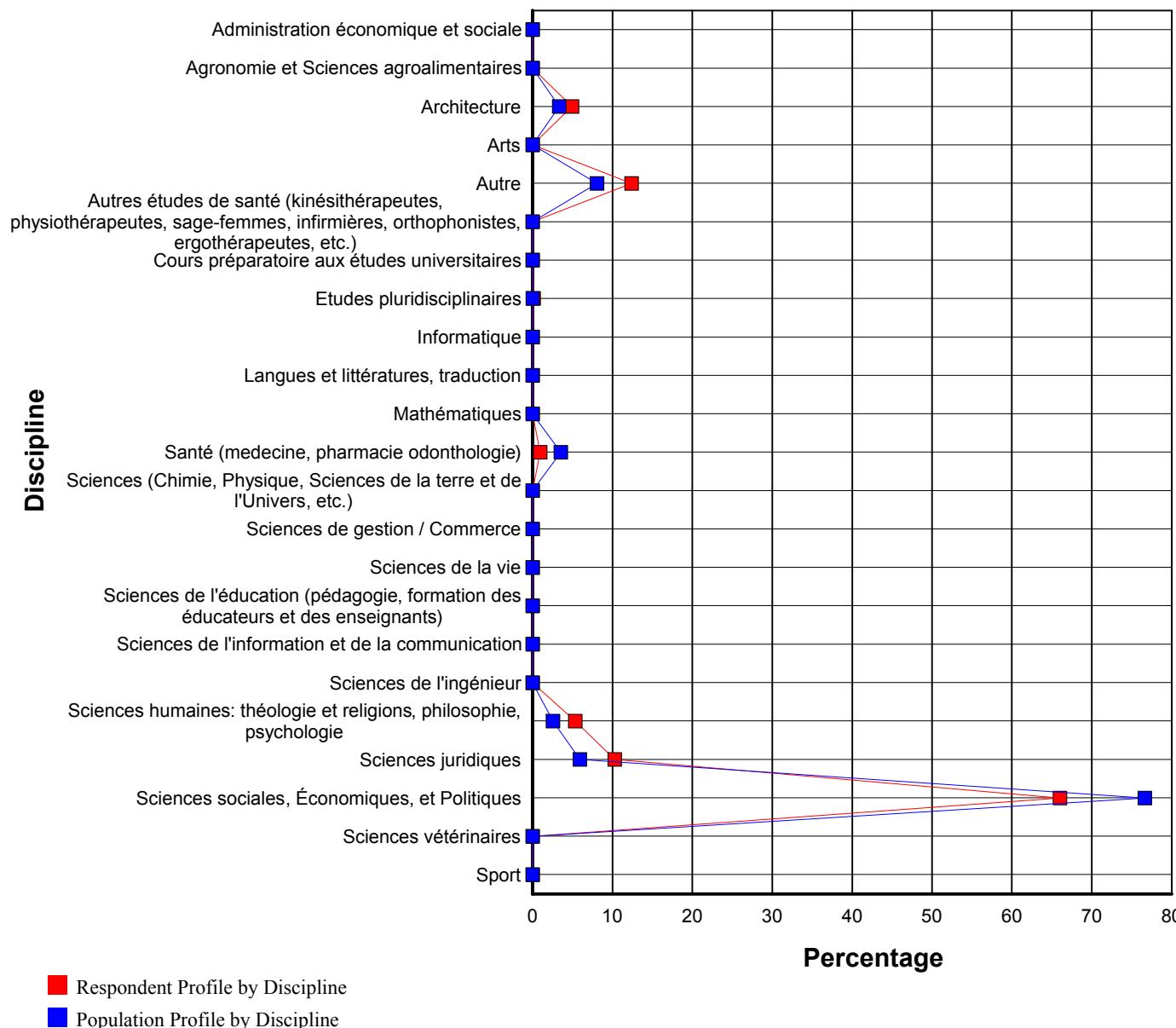
## 5 Master ou Doctorat Summary

### 5.1 Demographic Summary for Master ou Doctorat

#### 5.1.1 Population and Respondent Profiles for Master ou Doctorat by Standard Discipline

The chart and table below show a breakdown of survey respondents by discipline, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section.

This section shows survey respondents broken down based on the LibQUAL+® standard discipline categories. The chart maps percentage of respondents for each discipline in red. Population percentages for each discipline are mapped in blue. The table shows the number and percentage for each discipline, for the general population (N) and for survey respondents (n).

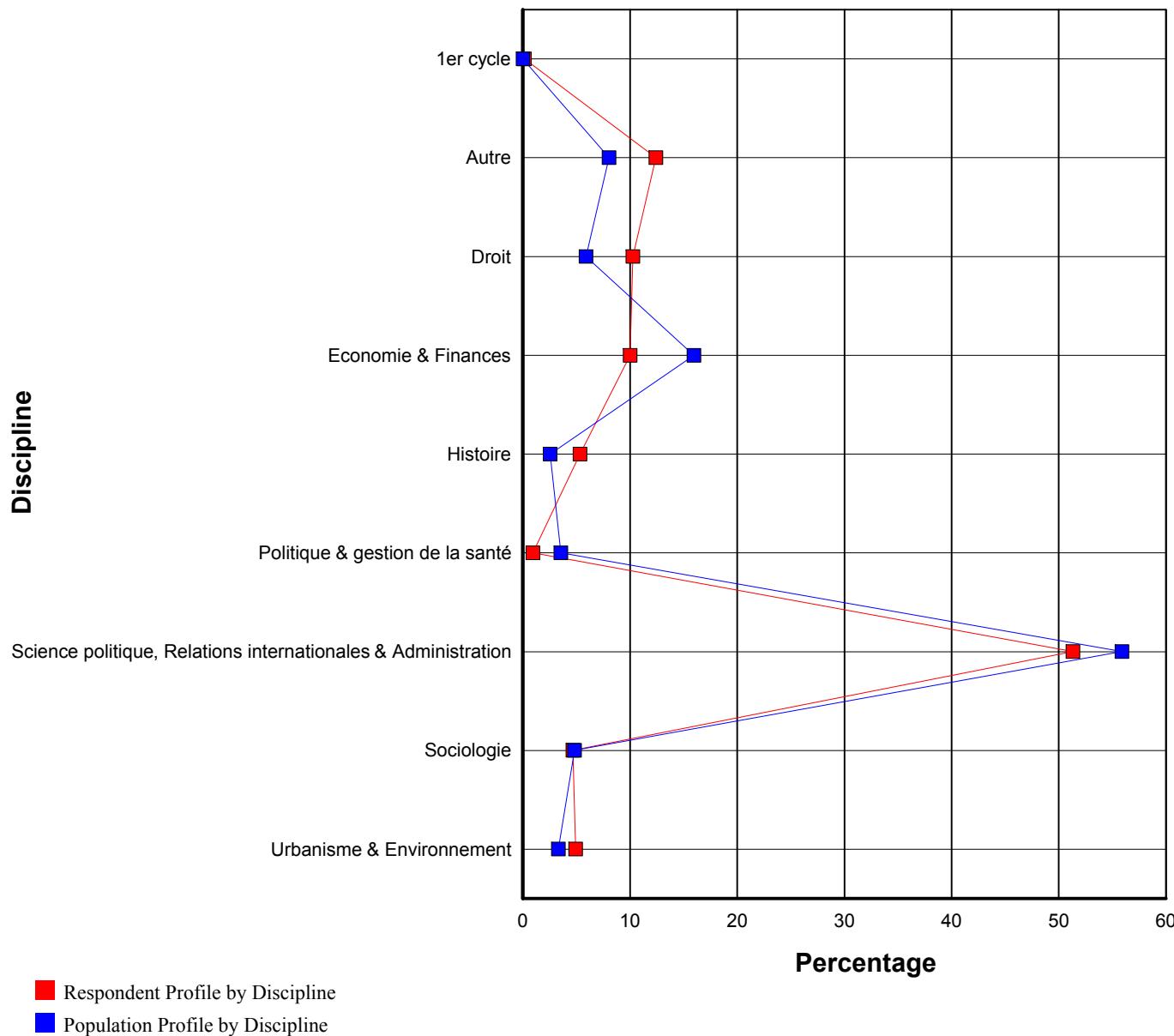


Discipline	Population N	Population %	Respondents n	Respondents %	%N - %n
Administration économique et sociale	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Agronomie et Sciences agroalimentaires	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Architecture	164	3.32%	37	4.93%	-1.62%
Arts	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Autre	398	8.05%	93	12.40%	-4.35%
Autres études de santé (kinésithérapeutes, physiothérapeutes, sage-femmes, infirmières, orthophonistes, ergothérapeutes, etc.)	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Cours préparatoire aux études universitaires	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Etudes pluridisciplinaires	0	0.00%	1	0.13%	-0.13%
Informatique	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Langues et littératures, traduction	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Mathématiques	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Santé (medecine, pharmacie odonthologie)	175	3.54%	7	0.93%	2.60%
Sciences (Chimie, Physique, Sciences de la terre et de l'Univers, etc.)	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences de gestion / Commerce	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences de la vie	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences de l'éducation (pédagogie, formation des éducateurs et des enseignants)	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences de l'information et de la communication	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences de l'ingénieur	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences humaines: théologie et religions, philosophie, psychologie	126	2.55%	40	5.33%	-2.79%
Sciences juridiques	292	5.90%	77	10.27%	-4.36%
Sciences sociales, Économiques, et Politiques	3,792	76.65%	495	66.00%	10.65%
Sciences vétérinaires	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sport	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>4,947</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>750</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>0.00%</b>

### 5.1.2 Population and Respondent Profiles for Master ou Doctorat by Customized Discipline

The chart and table below show a breakdown of survey respondents by discipline, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section.

This section shows survey respondents broken down based on the customized discipline categories supplied by the participating library. The chart maps percentage of respondents for each discipline in red. Population percentages for each discipline are mapped in blue. The table shows the number and percentage for each discipline, for the general population (N) and for survey respondents (n).



Discipline	Population N	Population %	Respondents n	Respondents %	%N - %n
1er cycle	0	0.00%	1	0.13%	-0.13%
Autre	398	8.05%	93	12.40%	-4.35%
Droit	292	5.90%	77	10.27%	-4.36%
Economie & Finances	789	15.95%	75	10.00%	5.95%
Histoire	126	2.55%	40	5.33%	-2.79%
Politique & gestion de la santé	175	3.54%	7	0.93%	2.60%
Science politique, Relations internationales & Administration	2,765	55.89%	385	51.33%	4.56%
Sociologie	238	4.81%	35	4.67%	0.14%
Urbanisme & Environnement	164	3.32%	37	4.93%	-1.62%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>4,947</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>750</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>0.00%</b>

### 5.1.3 Respondent Profile for Master ou Doctorat by Age

This table shows a breakdown of survey respondents by age; both the number of respondents (n) and the percentage of the total number of respondents represented by each age group are displayed.

Age	Respondents n	Respondents %
Moins de 18 ans	0	0.00%
18 - 22 ans	287	38.32%
23 - 30 ans	421	56.21%
31 - 45 ans	38	5.07%
46 - 65 ans	2	0.27%
Plus de 65 ans	1	0.13%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>749</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

### 5.1.4 Population and Respondent Profiles for Master ou Doctorat by Sex

The table below shows a breakdown of survey respondents by sex, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section\*. The number and percentage for each sex are given for the general population and for survey respondents.

\*Note: Participating institutions were not required to complete the Representativeness section. When population data is missing or incomplete, it is because this data was not provided.

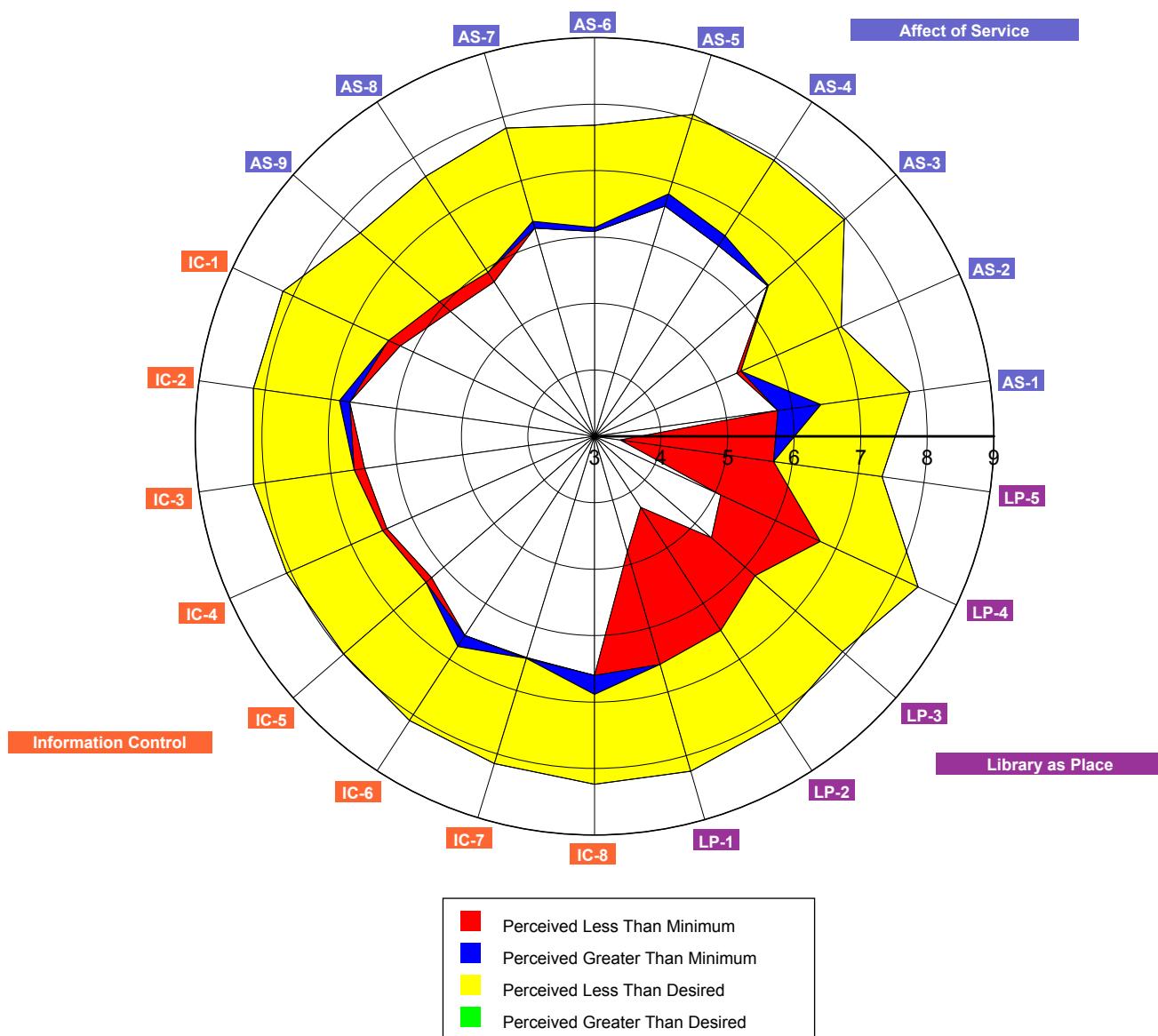
Sex	Population N	Population %	Respondents n	Respondents %
Masculin	1,972	43.26%	329	43.87%
Féminin	2,587	56.74%	421	56.13%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>4,559</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>750</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

## 5.2 Core Questions Summary for Master ou Doctorat

This radar chart shows aggregate results for the core survey questions. Each axis represents one question. A code to identify each question is displayed at the outer point of each axis. While questions for each dimension of library service quality are scattered randomly throughout the survey, on this chart they are grouped into sections: Affect of Service, Library as Place, and Information Control.

On each axis, respondents' minimum, desired, and perceived levels of service quality are plotted, and the resulting "gaps" between the three levels (representing service adequacy or service superiority) are shaded in blue, yellow, green, and red.

The two following tables show mean scores and standard deviations for each question, where n is the number of respondents for each particular question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)



ID	Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Le personnel m'inspire confiance	5.78	7.79	6.44	0.65	-1.35	739
AS-2	La bibliothèque rend un service personnalisé à chaque usager	5.41	7.06	5.34	-0.07	-1.72	719
AS-3	Le personnel est toujours courtois	6.45	7.98	6.47	0.02	-1.51	743
AS-4	Le personnel est disponible pour répondre aux questions des usagers	6.42	7.95	6.60	0.18	-1.35	734
AS-5	Le personnel est compétent et capable de répondre aux questions des usagers	6.63	8.07	6.82	0.19	-1.25	712
AS-6	Le personnel est attentif aux besoins des usagers	6.08	7.68	6.14	0.06	-1.54	696
AS-7	Un personnel qui comprend les besoins des usagers	6.26	7.83	6.37	0.11	-1.46	670
AS-8	Le personnel fait preuve d'une volonté manifeste d'aider les usagers	5.94	7.67	5.77	-0.17	-1.89	714
AS-9	La bibliothèque apporte une réponse fiable aux problèmes rencontrés par les usagers dans l'utilisation de ses services	6.09	7.67	5.87	-0.22	-1.79	639
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	J'accède à des revues électroniques depuis mon domicile ou mon bureau	6.42	8.17	6.22	-0.19	-1.94	697
IC-2	Le site web me permet de repérer ce que je cherche de façon autonome	6.72	8.18	6.87	0.16	-1.31	740
IC-3	Je trouve à la bibliothèque les documents imprimés dont j'ai besoin pour mes travaux	6.65	8.18	6.49	-0.16	-1.69	677
IC-4	J'ai accès aux ressources électroniques dont j'ai besoin	6.49	8.06	6.42	-0.07	-1.64	718
IC-5	Je trouve à la bibliothèque un équipement moderne qui me permet un accès facile aux informations dont j'ai besoin	6.35	7.99	6.24	-0.11	-1.75	734
IC-6	Les outils de repérage me permettent de trouver facilement par moi-même ce que je cherche	6.57	8.10	6.77	0.20	-1.33	731
IC-7	La documentation est facilement accessible pour une utilisation autonome	6.50	8.15	6.48	-0.02	-1.67	733
IC-8	Les revues électroniques ou papier correspondent à mes besoins	6.60	8.24	6.88	0.28	-1.35	721
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Les locaux de la bibliothèque incitent à l'étude	6.57	8.24	4.80	-1.77	-3.44	748
LP-2	La bibliothèque m'offre un espace individuel tranquille	6.48	8.13	4.28	-2.21	-3.85	745
LP-3	Les locaux sont accueillants et confortables	6.20	7.94	5.33	-0.87	-2.61	748
LP-4	La bibliothèque offre un espace pour étudier, faire des recherches et travailler	6.75	8.36	5.09	-1.65	-3.27	746
LP-5	La bibliothèque propose des espaces communs pour l'étude et le travail en groupe	5.72	7.36	3.39	-2.33	-3.97	704

Language: French (Europe)

Institution Type: College or University

Consortium: LibQUAL France

User Group: Master ou Doctorat

<b>Overall:</b>	6.32	7.95	5.96	-0.37	-1.99	750
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Language: French (Europe)  
Institution Type: College or University  
Consortium: LibQUAL France  
User Group: Master ou Doctorat

ID	Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Le personnel m'inspire confiance	1.62	1.28	1.87	2.12	1.97	739
AS-2	La bibliothèque rend un service personnalisé à chaque usager	1.65	1.58	1.89	2.11	2.03	719
AS-3	Le personnel est toujours courtois	1.58	1.30	2.00	2.29	2.23	743
AS-4	Le personnel est disponible pour répondre aux questions des usagers	1.46	1.22	1.89	2.05	1.94	734
AS-5	Le personnel est compétent et capable de répondre aux questions des usagers	1.48	1.13	1.74	1.92	1.75	712
AS-6	Le personnel est attentif aux besoins des usagers	1.54	1.35	1.80	1.99	1.94	696
AS-7	Un personnel qui comprend les besoins des usagers	1.51	1.27	1.81	2.09	1.93	670
AS-8	Le personnel fait preuve d'une volonté manifeste d'aider les usagers	1.70	1.50	2.08	2.34	2.25	714
AS-9	La bibliothèque apporte une réponse fiable aux problèmes rencontrés par les usagers dans l'utilisation de ses services	1.60	1.47	1.99	2.08	2.03	639
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	J'accède à des revues électroniques depuis mon domicile ou mon bureau	1.74	1.23	2.05	2.51	2.21	697
IC-2	Le site web me permet de repérer ce que je cherche de façon autonome	1.49	1.17	1.74	1.92	1.74	740
IC-3	Je trouve à la bibliothèque les documents imprimés dont j'ai besoin pour mes travaux	1.42	1.20	1.73	1.88	1.77	677
IC-4	J'ai accès aux ressources électroniques dont j'ai besoin	1.48	1.22	1.74	2.09	1.94	718
IC-5	Je trouve à la bibliothèque un équipement moderne qui me permet un accès facile aux informations dont j'ai besoin	1.51	1.24	1.77	2.08	1.95	734
IC-6	Les outils de repérage me permettent de trouver facilement par moi-même ce que je cherche	1.43	1.14	1.61	1.83	1.63	731
IC-7	La documentation est facilement accessible pour une utilisation autonome	1.50	1.12	1.83	2.08	1.96	733
IC-8	Les revues électroniques ou papier correspondent à mes besoins	1.45	1.08	1.63	1.98	1.73	721
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Les locaux de la bibliothèque incitent à l'étude	1.47	1.19	2.16	2.52	2.42	748
LP-2	La bibliothèque m'offre un espace individuel tranquille	1.53	1.36	2.23	2.65	2.56	745
LP-3	Les locaux sont accueillants et confortables	1.57	1.38	2.14	2.59	2.46	748
LP-4	La bibliothèque offre un espace pour étudier, faire des recherches et travailler	1.51	1.17	2.21	2.57	2.41	746
LP-5	La bibliothèque propose des espaces communs pour l'étude et le travail en groupe	1.90	1.94	2.12	2.72	2.76	704

Language: French (Europe)

Institution Type: College or University

Consortium: LibQUAL France

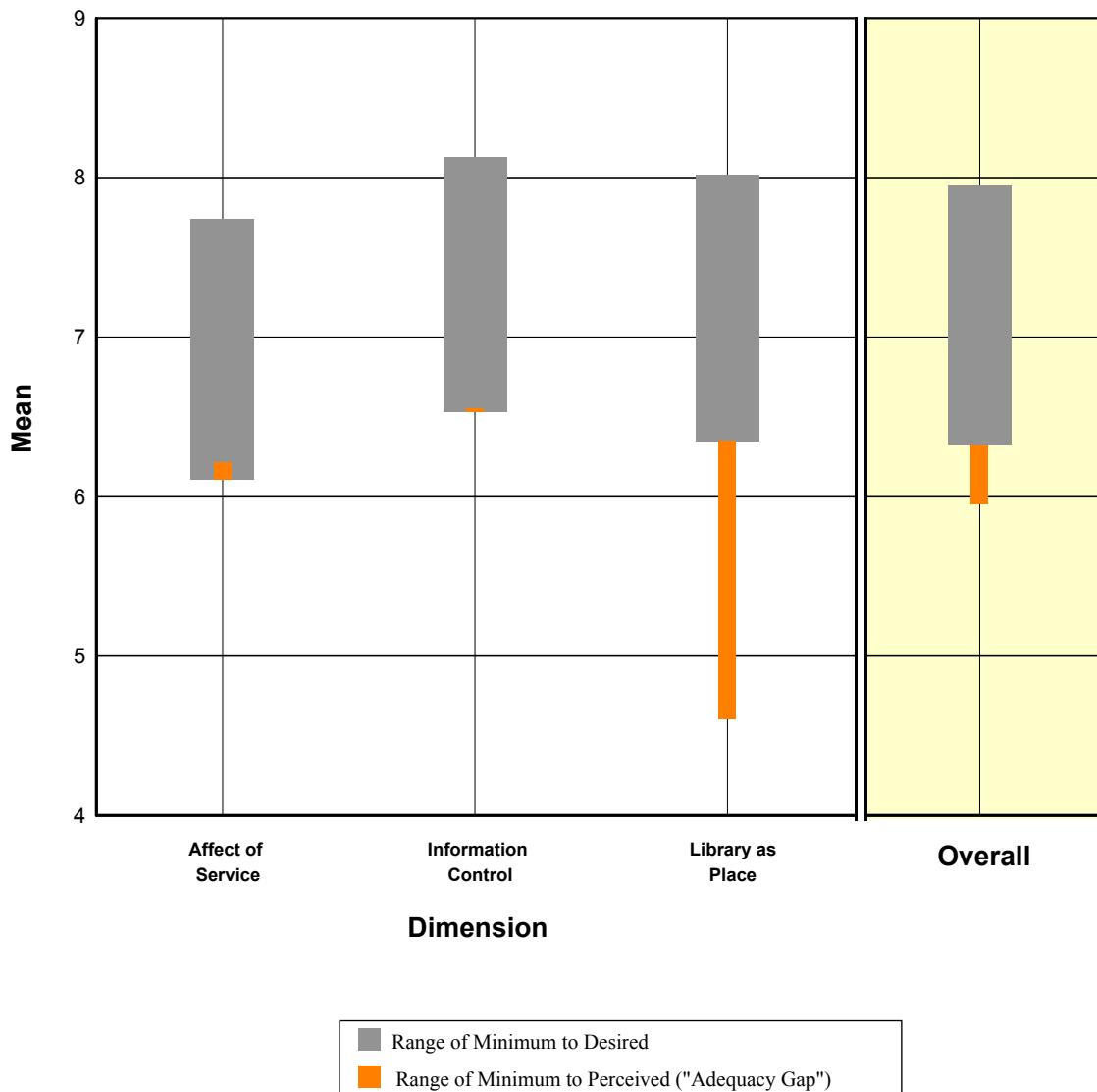
User Group: Master ou Doctorat

<b>Overall:</b>	1.15	0.90	1.22	1.51	1.35	750
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Language: French (Europe)  
Institution Type: College or University  
Consortium: LibQUAL France  
User Group: Master ou Doctorat

### 5.3 Core Question Dimensions Summary for Master ou Doctorat

On the chart below, scores for each dimension of library service quality have been plotted graphically. The exterior bars represent the range of minimum to desired mean scores for each dimension. The interior bars represent the range of minimum to perceived mean scores (the service adequacy gap) for each dimension of library service quality.



The following table displays mean scores for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+® survey, where n is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Affect of Service	6.10	7.74	6.21	0.11	-1.52	749
Information Control	6.53	8.13	6.55	0.02	-1.58	750
Library as Place	6.35	8.02	4.61	-1.74	-3.41	750
<b>Overall:</b>	6.32	7.95	5.96	-0.37	-1.99	750

The following table displays standard deviation for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+® survey, where n is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Affect of Service	1.25	1.04	1.54	1.74	1.62	749
Information Control	1.19	0.90	1.25	1.52	1.33	750
Library as Place	1.27	1.07	1.72	2.09	1.97	750
<b>Overall:</b>	1.15	0.90	1.22	1.51	1.35	750

## 5.4 Local Questions Summary for Master ou Doctorat

This table shows mean scores for each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each particular question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)

Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Mes propositions d'achat de documents sont prises en compte	5.60	6.98	5.76	0.16	-1.22	288
Un catalogue qui signale de façon fiable la disponibilité des documents et mes emprunts en cours	6.78	8.13	6.85	0.08	-1.28	712
Les services de la bibliothèque sont ouverts à des horaires qui me conviennent	6.78	8.35	6.20	-0.58	-2.16	747
Un accès facile aux ordinateurs, à l'Internet et aux logiciels	6.54	8.16	4.95	-1.59	-3.21	739
La bibliothèque me forme à la recherche, l'évaluation, et l'utilisation de l'information	5.41	7.08	5.00	-0.41	-2.08	662

This table displays the standard deviations for each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each particular question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)

Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Mes propositions d'achat de documents sont prises en compte	1.77	1.67	2.08	2.20	2.08	288
Un catalogue qui signale de façon fiable la disponibilité des documents et mes emprunts en cours	1.52	1.19	1.86	1.99	1.84	712
Les services de la bibliothèque sont ouverts à des horaires qui me conviennent	1.51	1.09	2.19	2.60	2.32	747
Un accès facile aux ordinateurs, à l'Internet et aux logiciels	1.56	1.25	2.00	2.50	2.29	739
La bibliothèque me forme à la recherche, l'évaluation, et l'utilisation de l'information	1.83	1.79	2.13	2.23	2.20	662

## 5.5 General Satisfaction Questions Summary for Master ou Doctorat

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the general satisfaction questions: Satisfaction with Treatment, Satisfaction with Support, and Satisfaction with Overall Quality of Service, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the general satisfaction questions on the LibQUAL+® survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9.

Satisfaction Question	Mean	SD	n
En général, je suis satisfait(e) de la façon dont je suis traité(e) à la bibliothèque.	6.42	2.00	750
En général, je suis satisfait(e) de l'aide que m'offre la bibliothèque pour mes études, mes recherches et mon enseignement.	6.19	1.89	750
Comment évaluez-vous globalement la qualité des services offerts par la bibliothèque?	6.23	1.68	750

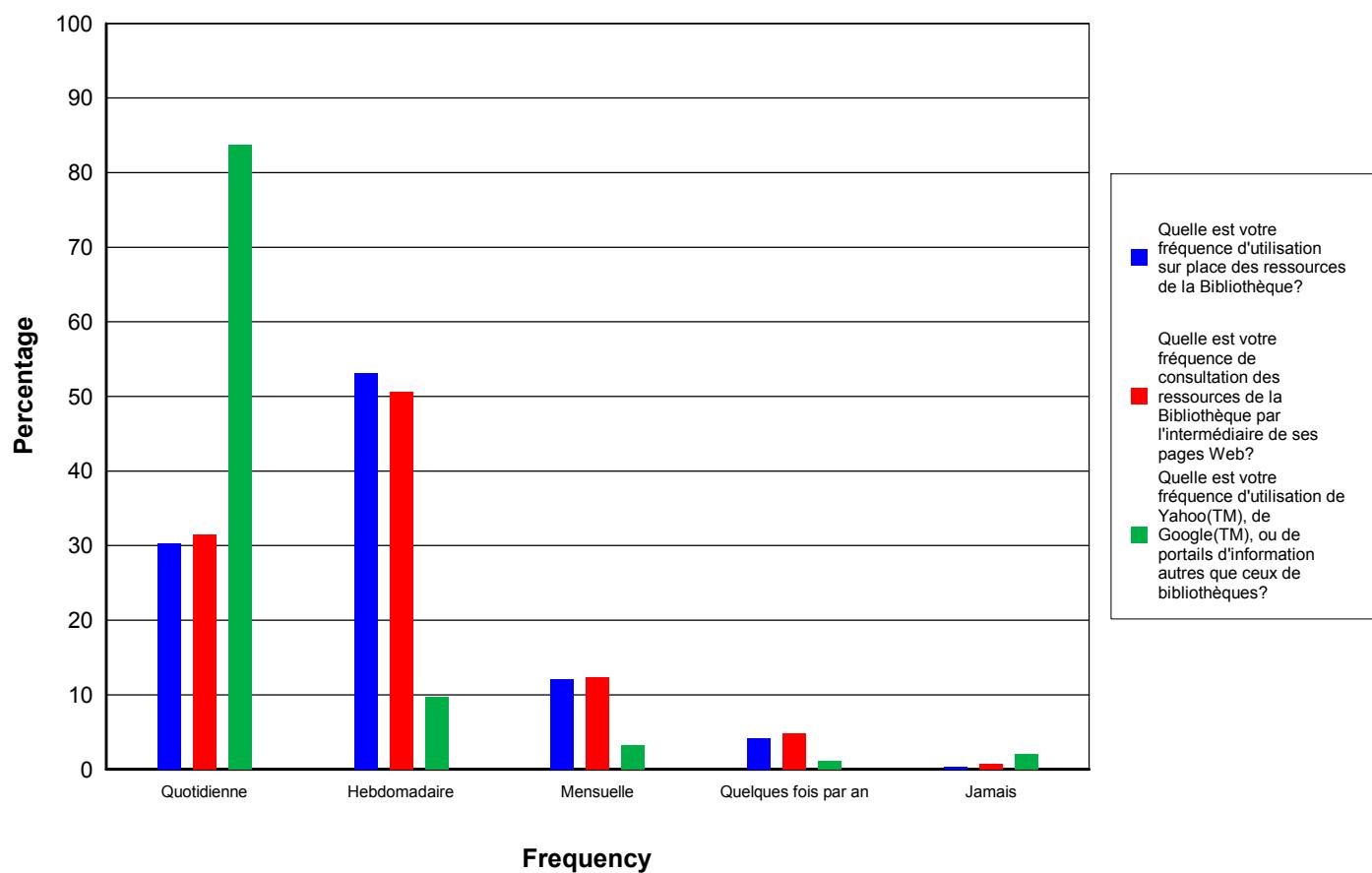
## 5.6 Information Literacy Outcomes Questions Summary for Master ou Doctorat

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the information literacy outcomes questions, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the information literacy outcomes questions on the LibQUAL+® survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9 with 1 being "strongly disagree" and 9 representing "strongly agree".

Information Literacy Outcomes Questions	Mean	SD	n
La Bibliothèque m'aide à faire la distinction entre une information fiable et une autre qui ne l'est pas.	5.44	2.02	750
La bibliothèque contribue à me faire progresser dans ma discipline ou travail.	6.55	1.79	750
La bibliothèque m'aide à maintenir mes connaissances à leur meilleur niveau.	6.37	1.59	750
La bibliothèque me rend plus efficace dans mon travail universitaire.	6.37	2.01	750
La bibliothèque m'aide à développer mes capacités à rechercher l'information dont j'ai besoin pour mes études ou mes travaux.	6.07	1.89	750

## 5.7 Library Use Summary for Master ou Doctorat

This chart shows a graphic representation of library use (both on the premises and electronically), as well as use of non-library information gateways such as Yahoo™ and Google™. Bars represent the frequency with which respondents report using these resources: Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Quarterly, or Never. The table below the chart displays the number and percentage of respondents who selected each option.



	Quotidienn	Hebdomada	Mensuelle	Quelques fo	Jamais	n / %
Quelle est votre fréquence d'utilisation sur place des ressources de la Bibliothèque?	227 30.27%	398 53.07%	91 12.13%	31 4.13%	3 0.40%	750 <b>100.00%</b>
Quelle est votre fréquence de consultation des ressources de la Bibliothèque par l'intermédiaire de ses pages Web?	236 31.47%	380 50.67%	93 12.40%	36 4.80%	5 0.67%	750 <b>100.00%</b>
Quelle est votre fréquence d'utilisation de Yahoo(TM), de Google(TM), ou de portails d'information autres que ceux de	628 83.73%	73 9.73%	24 3.20%	9 1.20%	16 2.13%	750 <b>100.00%</b>

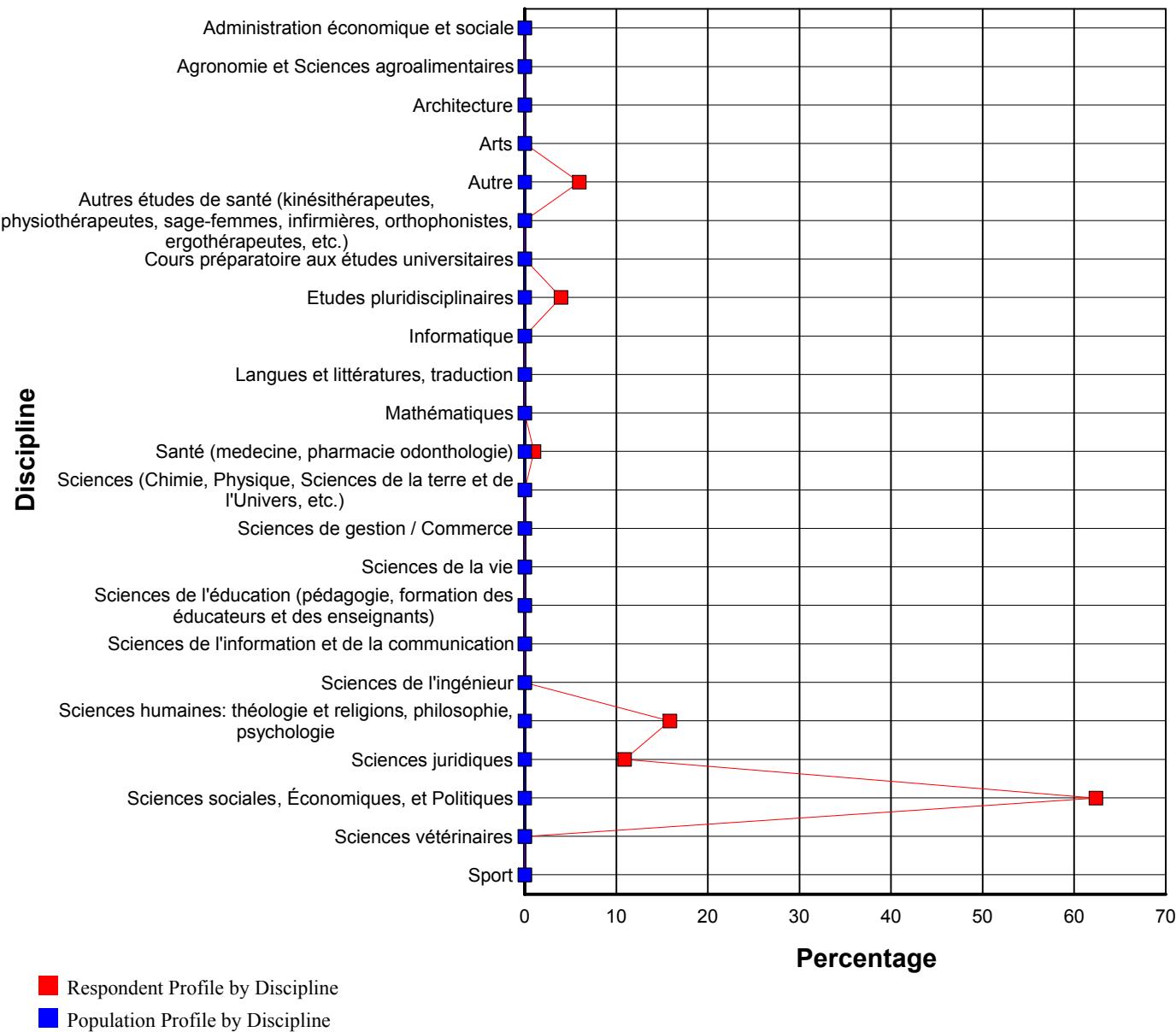
## 6 Enseignants et chercheurs Summary

### 6.1 Demographic Summary for Enseignants et chercheurs

#### 6.1.1 Population and Respondent Profiles for Enseignants et chercheurs by Standard Discipline

The chart and table below show a breakdown of survey respondents by discipline, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section.

This section shows survey respondents broken down based on the LibQUAL+® standard discipline categories. The chart maps percentage of respondents for each discipline in red. Population percentages for each discipline are mapped in blue. The table shows the number and percentage for each discipline, for the general population (N) and for survey respondents (n).



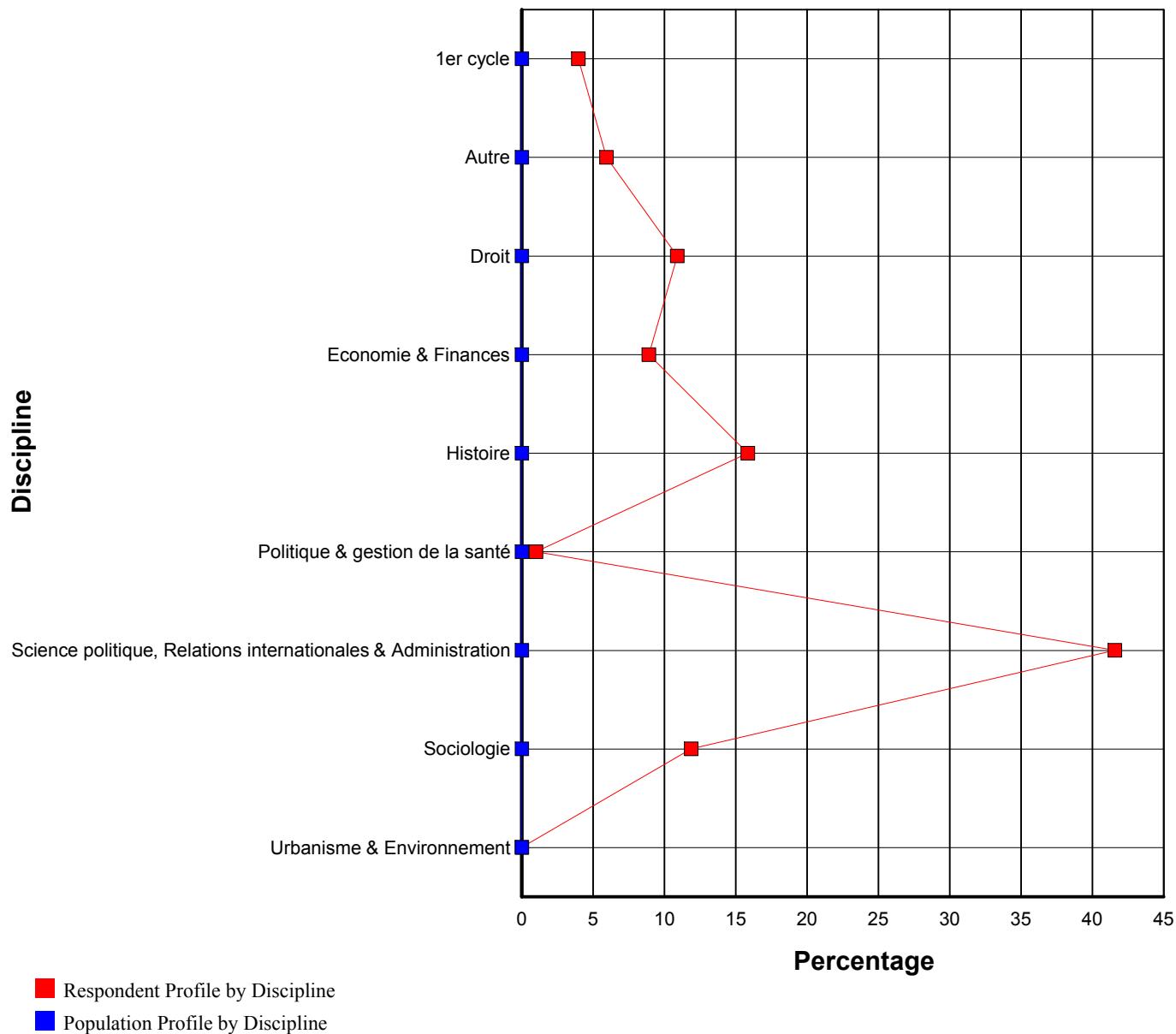
- Respondent Profile by Discipline
- Population Profile by Discipline

Discipline	Population N	Population %	Respondents n	Respondents %	%N - %n
Administration économique et sociale	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Agronomie et Sciences agroalimentaires	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Architecture	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Arts	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Autre	0	0.00%	6	5.94%	-5.94%
Autres études de santé (kinésithérapeutes, physiothérapeutes, sage-femmes, infirmières, orthophonistes, ergothérapeutes, etc.)	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Cours préparatoire aux études universitaires	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Etudes pluridisciplinaires	0	0.00%	4	3.96%	-3.96%
Informatique	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Langues et littératures, traduction	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Mathématiques	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Santé (medecine, pharmacie odonthologie)	0	0.00%	1	0.99%	-0.99%
Sciences (Chimie, Physique, Sciences de la terre et de l'Univers, etc.)	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences de gestion / Commerce	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences de la vie	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences de l'éducation (pédagogie, formation des éducateurs et des enseignants)	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences de l'information et de la communication	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences de l'ingénieur	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sciences humaines: théologie et religions, philosophie, psychologie	0	0.00%	16	15.84%	-15.84%
Sciences juridiques	0	0.00%	11	10.89%	-10.89%
Sciences sociales, Économiques, et Politiques	0	0.00%	63	62.38%	-62.38%
Sciences vétérinaires	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
Sport	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>0.00%</b>

### 6.1.2 Population and Respondent Profiles for Enseignants et chercheurs by Customized Discipline

The chart and table below show a breakdown of survey respondents by discipline, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section.

This section shows survey respondents broken down based on the customized discipline categories supplied by the participating library. The chart maps percentage of respondents for each discipline in red. Population percentages for each discipline are mapped in blue. The table shows the number and percentage for each discipline, for the general population (N) and for survey respondents (n).



Discipline	Population N	Population %	Respondents n	Respondents %	%N - %n
1er cycle	0	0.00%	4	3.96%	-3.96%
Autre	0	0.00%	6	5.94%	-5.94%
Droit	0	0.00%	11	10.89%	-10.89%
Economie & Finances	0	0.00%	9	8.91%	-8.91%
Histoire	0	0.00%	16	15.84%	-15.84%
Politique & gestion de la santé	0	0.00%	1	0.99%	-0.99%
Science politique, Relations internationales & Administration	0	0.00%	42	41.58%	-41.58%
Sociologie	0	0.00%	12	11.88%	-11.88%
Urbanisme & Environnement	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0.00%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>0.00%</b>

Language: French (Europe)

Institution Type: College or University

Consortium: LibQUAL France

User Group: Enseignants et chercheurs

### 6.1.3 Respondent Profile for Enseignants et chercheurs by Age

This table shows a breakdown of survey respondents by age; both the number of respondents (n) and the percentage of the total number of respondents represented by each age group are displayed.

Age	Respondents n	Respondents %
Moins de 18 ans	0	0.00%
18 - 22 ans	0	0.00%
23 - 30 ans	24	23.76%
31 - 45 ans	53	52.48%
46 - 65 ans	20	19.80%
Plus de 65 ans	4	3.96%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

### 6.1.4 Population and Respondent Profiles for Enseignants et chercheurs by Sex

The table below shows a breakdown of survey respondents by sex, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section\*. The number and percentage for each sex are given for the general population and for survey respondents.

\*Note: Participating institutions were not required to complete the Representativeness section. When population data is missing or incomplete, it is because this data was not provided.

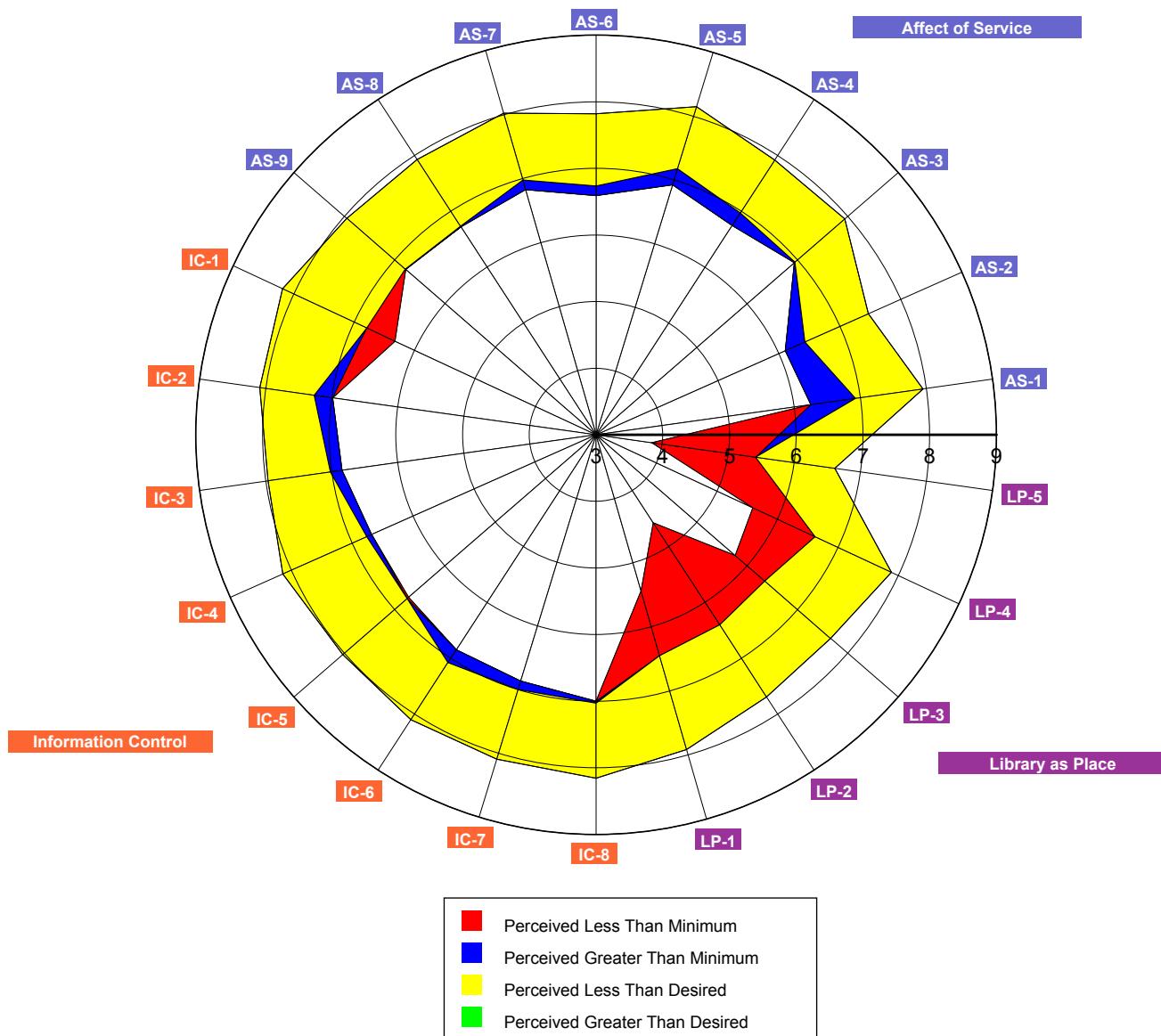
Sex	Population N	Population %	Respondents n	Respondents %
Masculin	1,591	68.34%	58	57.43%
Féminin	737	31.66%	43	42.57%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>2,328</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

## 6.2 Core Questions Summary for Enseignants et chercheurs

This radar chart shows aggregate results for the core survey questions. Each axis represents one question. A code to identify each question is displayed at the outer point of each axis. While questions for each dimension of library service quality are scattered randomly throughout the survey, on this chart they are grouped into sections: Affect of Service, Library as Place, and Information Control.

On each axis, respondents' minimum, desired, and perceived levels of service quality are plotted, and the resulting "gaps" between the three levels (representing service adequacy or service superiority) are shaded in blue, yellow, green, and red.

The two following tables show mean scores and standard deviations for each question, where n is the number of respondents for each particular question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)



ID	Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Le personnel m'inspire confiance	6.25	7.95	6.93	0.68	-1.02	99
AS-2	La bibliothèque rend un service personnalisé à chaque usager	6.11	7.47	6.43	0.32	-1.04	94
AS-3	Le personnel est toujours courtois	6.94	7.94	6.95	0.01	-0.99	100
AS-4	Le personnel est disponible pour répondre aux questions des usagers	6.75	7.92	6.97	0.22	-0.95	99
AS-5	Le personnel est compétent et capable de répondre aux questions des usagers	6.93	8.15	7.18	0.26	-0.97	94
AS-6	Le personnel est attentif aux besoins des usagers	6.59	7.82	6.74	0.15	-1.08	95
AS-7	Un personnel qui comprend les besoins des usagers	6.83	8.02	6.98	0.15	-1.04	94
AS-8	Le personnel fait preuve d'une volonté manifeste d'aider les usagers	6.72	7.93	6.73	0.01	-1.20	97
AS-9	La bibliothèque apporte une réponse fiable aux problèmes rencontrés par les usagers dans l'utilisation de ses services	6.79	7.95	6.78	-0.01	-1.17	82
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	J'accède à des revues électroniques depuis mon domicile ou mon bureau	6.79	8.18	6.33	-0.47	-1.86	92
IC-2	Le site web me permet de repérer ce que je cherche de façon autonome	6.99	8.09	7.27	0.28	-0.82	101
IC-3	Je trouve à la bibliothèque les documents imprimés dont j'ai besoin pour mes travaux	6.84	7.97	7.02	0.18	-0.94	90
IC-4	J'ai accès aux ressources électroniques dont j'ai besoin	6.68	8.14	6.76	0.08	-1.38	92
IC-5	Je trouve à la bibliothèque un équipement moderne qui me permet un accès facile aux informations dont j'ai besoin	6.75	8.03	6.72	-0.03	-1.31	97
IC-6	Les outils de repérage me permettent de trouver facilement par moi-même ce que je cherche	6.85	8.10	7.08	0.23	-1.02	92
IC-7	La documentation est facilement accessible pour une utilisation autonome	6.87	8.09	7.00	0.13	-1.09	97
IC-8	Les revues électroniques ou papier correspondent à mes besoins	7.00	8.15	7.03	0.03	-1.12	97
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Les locaux de la bibliothèque incitent à l'étude	6.45	7.92	5.44	-1.01	-2.47	95
LP-2	La bibliothèque m'offre un espace individuel tranquille	6.40	7.69	4.57	-1.83	-3.12	94
LP-3	Les locaux sont accueillants et confortables	6.35	7.66	5.76	-0.59	-1.90	97
LP-4	La bibliothèque offre un espace pour étudier, faire des recherches et travailler	6.63	7.89	5.59	-1.03	-2.29	96
LP-5	La bibliothèque propose des espaces communs pour l'étude et le travail en groupe	5.42	6.62	3.85	-1.57	-2.77	65

<b>Overall:</b>	6.65	7.91	6.52	-0.14	-1.39	101
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Language: French (Europe)

Institution Type: College or University

Consortium: LibQUAL France

User Group: Enseignants et chercheurs

ID	Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Le personnel m'inspire confiance	1.52	1.07	1.90	2.07	1.97	99
AS-2	La bibliothèque rend un service personnalisé à chaque usager	1.73	1.44	2.13	2.32	2.06	94
AS-3	Le personnel est toujours courtois	1.59	1.30	2.10	2.32	2.19	100
AS-4	Le personnel est disponible pour répondre aux questions des usagers	1.62	1.22	1.77	2.06	1.80	99
AS-5	Le personnel est compétent et capable de répondre aux questions des usagers	1.59	1.17	1.86	2.12	1.82	94
AS-6	Le personnel est attentif aux besoins des usagers	1.59	1.38	1.92	2.18	1.97	95
AS-7	Un personnel qui comprend les besoins des usagers	1.51	1.15	1.85	2.14	1.89	94
AS-8	Le personnel fait preuve d'une volonté manifeste d'aider les usagers	1.58	1.21	2.11	2.29	2.03	97
AS-9	La bibliothèque apporte une réponse fiable aux problèmes rencontrés par les usagers dans l'utilisation de ses services	1.65	1.22	1.79	2.17	1.78	82
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	J'accède à des revues électroniques depuis mon domicile ou mon bureau	1.72	1.29	2.34	2.46	2.40	92
IC-2	Le site web me permet de repérer ce que je cherche de façon autonome	1.67	1.27	1.67	1.87	1.51	101
IC-3	Je trouve à la bibliothèque les documents imprimés dont j'ai besoin pour mes travaux	1.56	1.31	1.69	1.80	1.47	90
IC-4	J'ai accès aux ressources électroniques dont j'ai besoin	1.53	1.21	1.70	1.94	1.79	92
IC-5	Je trouve à la bibliothèque un équipement moderne qui me permet un accès facile aux informations dont j'ai besoin	1.56	1.37	2.07	2.26	2.05	97
IC-6	Les outils de repérage me permettent de trouver facilement par moi-même ce que je cherche	1.31	1.14	1.45	1.50	1.28	92
IC-7	La documentation est facilement accessible pour une utilisation autonome	1.40	1.03	1.62	1.81	1.63	97
IC-8	Les revues électroniques ou papier correspondent à mes besoins	1.49	1.25	1.59	1.81	1.59	97
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Les locaux de la bibliothèque incitent à l'étude	1.76	1.33	2.17	2.54	2.34	95
LP-2	La bibliothèque m'offre un espace individuel tranquille	2.00	2.03	2.46	2.65	2.67	94
LP-3	Les locaux sont accueillants et confortables	1.77	1.70	2.10	2.30	2.08	97
LP-4	La bibliothèque offre un espace pour étudier, faire des recherches et travailler	1.71	1.82	2.21	2.46	2.34	96
LP-5	La bibliothèque propose des espaces communs pour l'étude et le travail en groupe	2.04	2.10	2.04	2.40	2.47	65

<b>Overall:</b>	1.26	1.04	1.32	1.56	1.30	101
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Language: French (Europe)

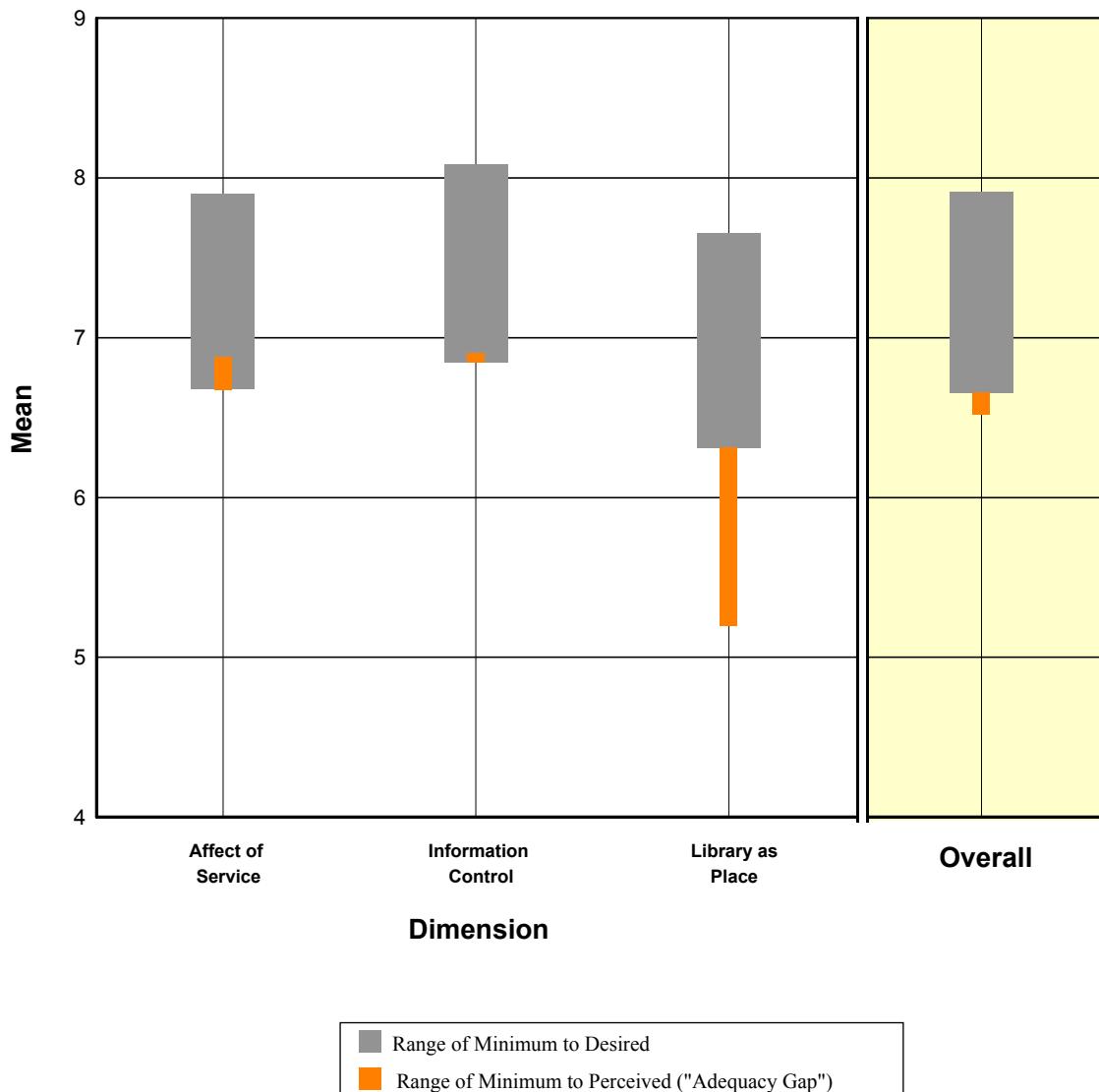
Institution Type: College or University

Consortium: LibQUAL France

User Group: Enseignants et chercheurs

### 6.3 Core Question Dimensions Summary for Enseignants et chercheurs

On the chart below, scores for each dimension of library service quality have been plotted graphically. The exterior bars represent the range of minimum to desired mean scores for each dimension. The interior bars represent the range of minimum to perceived mean scores (the service adequacy gap) for each dimension of library service quality.



The following table displays mean scores for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+® survey, where n is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Affect of Service	6.68	7.90	6.88	0.20	-1.02	101
Information Control	6.85	8.09	6.90	0.06	-1.18	101
Library as Place	6.31	7.65	5.19	-1.12	-2.46	99
<b>Overall:</b>	6.65	7.91	6.52	-0.14	-1.39	101

The following table displays standard deviation for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+® survey, where n is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Affect of Service	1.33	1.04	1.71	1.90	1.70	101
Information Control	1.27	1.01	1.25	1.48	1.20	101
Library as Place	1.54	1.46	1.85	2.05	1.89	99
<b>Overall:</b>	1.26	1.04	1.32	1.56	1.30	101

## 6.4 Local Questions Summary for Enseignants et chercheurs

This table shows mean scores for each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each particular question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)

Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Mes propositions d'achat de documents sont prises en compte	6.59	7.63	6.67	0.08	-0.96	49
Un catalogue qui signale de façon fiable la disponibilité des documents et mes emprunts en cours	7.03	8.00	7.03	0.00	-0.97	95
Les services de la bibliothèque sont ouverts à des horaires qui me conviennent	6.78	8.02	6.62	-0.15	-1.40	98
Un accès facile aux ordinateurs, à l'Internet et aux logiciels	6.80	8.08	6.15	-0.64	-1.93	98
La bibliothèque me forme à la recherche, l'évaluation, et l'utilisation de l'information	6.06	7.40	5.97	-0.09	-1.43	70

This table displays the standard deviations for each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each particular question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)

Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Mes propositions d'achat de documents sont prises en compte	1.48	1.30	2.02	2.15	2.10	49
Un catalogue qui signale de façon fiable la disponibilité des documents et mes emprunts en cours	1.65	1.45	1.94	1.91	1.67	95
Les services de la bibliothèque sont ouverts à des horaires qui me conviennent	1.65	1.47	2.04	2.48	2.20	98
Un accès facile aux ordinateurs, à l'Internet et aux logiciels	1.62	1.28	1.94	2.19	1.99	98
La bibliothèque me forme à la recherche, l'évaluation, et l'utilisation de l'information	1.62	1.51	2.01	2.17	1.85	70

## 6.5 General Satisfaction Questions Summary for Enseignants et chercheurs

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the general satisfaction questions: Satisfaction with Treatment, Satisfaction with Support, and Satisfaction with Overall Quality of Service, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the general satisfaction questions on the LibQUAL+® survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9.

Satisfaction Question	Mean	SD	n
En général, je suis satisfait(e) de la façon dont je suis traité(e) à la bibliothèque.	6.81	2.13	101
En général, je suis satisfait(e) de l'aide que m'offre la bibliothèque pour mes études, mes recherches et mon enseignement.	6.81	2.04	101
Comment évaluez-vous globalement la qualité des services offerts par la bibliothèque?	6.94	1.78	101

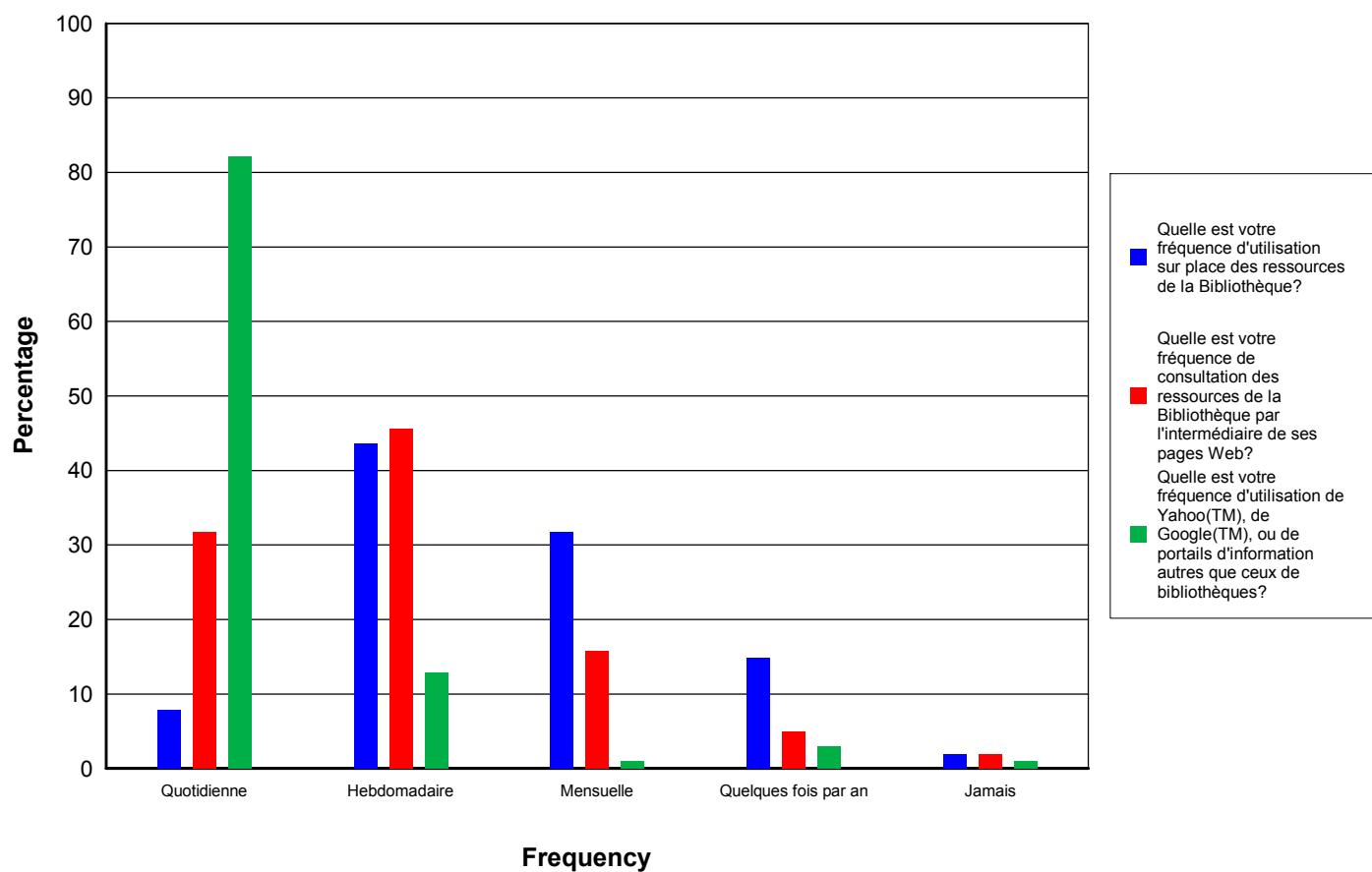
## 6.6 Information Literacy Outcomes Questions Summary for Enseignants et chercheurs

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the information literacy outcomes questions, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the information literacy outcomes questions on the LibQUAL+® survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9 with 1 being "strongly disagree" and 9 representing "strongly agree".

Information Literacy Outcomes Questions	Mean	SD	n
La Bibliothèque m'aide à faire la distinction entre une information fiable et une autre qui ne l'est pas.	5.78	1.84	101
La bibliothèque contribue à me faire progresser dans ma discipline ou travail.	7.28	1.54	101
La bibliothèque m'aide à maintenir mes connaissances à leur meilleur niveau.	7.09	1.46	101
La bibliothèque me rend plus efficace dans mon travail universitaire.	7.35	1.55	101
La bibliothèque m'aide à développer mes capacités à rechercher l'information dont j'ai besoin pour mes études ou mes travaux.	6.34	1.89	101

## 6.7 Library Use Summary for Enseignants et chercheurs

This chart shows a graphic representation of library use (both on the premises and electronically), as well as use of non-library information gateways such as Yahoo™ and Google™. Bars represent the frequency with which respondents report using these resources: Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Quarterly, or Never. The table below the chart displays the number and percentage of respondents who selected each option.



	Quotidienn	Hebdomada	Mensuelle	Quelques fo	Jamais	n / %
Quelle est votre fréquence d'utilisation sur place des ressources de la Bibliothèque?	8 7.92%	44 43.56%	32 31.68%	15 14.85%	2 1.98%	<b>101 100.00%</b>
Quelle est votre fréquence de consultation des ressources de la Bibliothèque par l'intermédiaire de ses pages Web?	32 31.68%	46 45.54%	16 15.84%	5 4.95%	2 1.98%	<b>101 100.00%</b>
Quelle est votre fréquence d'utilisation de Yahoo(TM), de Google(TM), ou de portails d'information autres que ceux de	83 82.18%	13 12.87%	1 0.99%	3 2.97%	1 0.99%	<b>101 100.00%</b>

## 7 Personnel et autres professionnels Summary

### 7.1 Demographic Summary for Personnel et autres professionnels

#### 7.1.1 Respondent Profile for Personnel et autres professionnels by Age

This table shows a breakdown of survey respondents by age; both the number of respondents (n) and the percentage of the total number of respondents represented by each age group are displayed.

Age	Respondents n	Respondents %
Moins de 18 ans	0	0.00%
18 - 22 ans	0	0.00%
23 - 30 ans	11	40.74%
31 - 45 ans	8	29.63%
46 - 65 ans	8	29.63%
Plus de 65 ans	0	0.00%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

#### 7.1.2 Respondent Profile for Personnel et autres professionnels by Sex

The table below shows a breakdown of survey respondents by sex, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section\*. The number and percentage for each sex are given for the general population and for survey respondents.

\*Note: Participating institutions were not required to complete the Representativeness section. When population data is missing or incomplete, it is because this data was not provided.

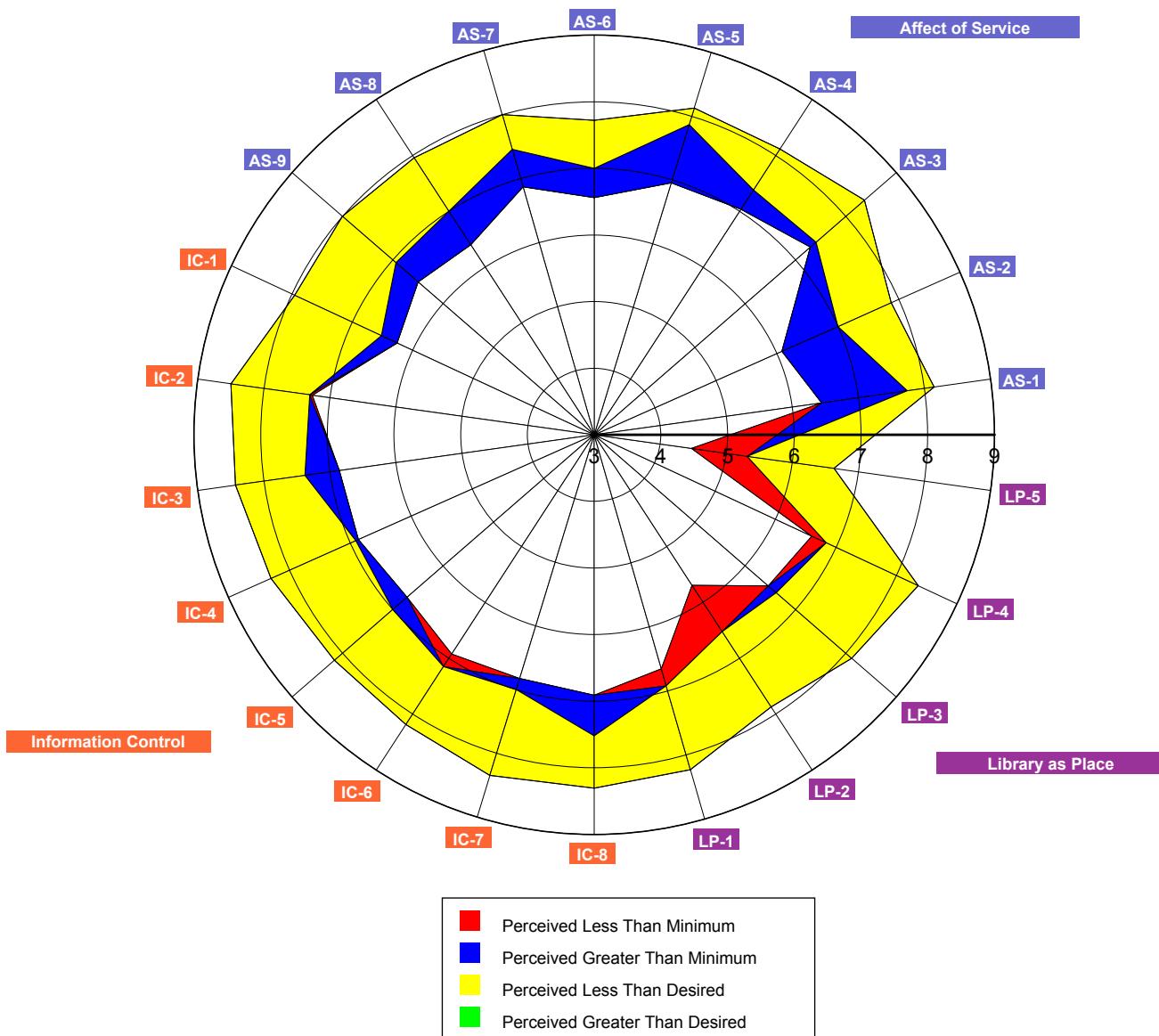
Sex	Respondents n	Respondents %
Masculin	14	51.85%
Féminin	13	48.15%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

## 7.2 Core Questions Summary for Personnel et autres professionnels

This radar chart shows aggregate results for the core survey questions. Each axis represents one question. A code to identify each question is displayed at the outer point of each axis. While questions for each dimension of library service quality are scattered randomly throughout the survey, on this chart they are grouped into sections: Affect of Service, Library as Place, and Information Control.

On each axis, respondents' minimum, desired, and perceived levels of service quality are plotted, and the resulting "gaps" between the three levels (representing service adequacy or service superiority) are shaded in blue, yellow, green, and red.

The two following tables show mean scores and standard deviations for each question, where n is the number of respondents for each particular question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)



ID	Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Le personnel m'inspire confiance	6.44	8.15	7.74	1.30	-0.41	27
AS-2	La bibliothèque rend un service personnalisé à chaque usager	6.08	7.88	7.00	0.92	-0.88	24
AS-3	Le personnel est toujours courtois	7.30	8.37	7.41	0.11	-0.96	27
AS-4	Le personnel est disponible pour répondre aux questions des usagers	7.04	8.12	7.38	0.35	-0.73	26
AS-5	Le personnel est compétent et capable de répondre aux questions des usagers	6.96	8.13	7.87	0.91	-0.26	23
AS-6	Le personnel est attentif aux besoins des usagers	6.56	7.72	7.00	0.44	-0.72	25
AS-7	Un personnel qui comprend les besoins des usagers	6.88	8.00	7.46	0.58	-0.54	24
AS-8	Le personnel fait preuve d'une volonté manifeste d'aider les usagers	6.40	7.96	7.00	0.60	-0.96	25
AS-9	La bibliothèque apporte une réponse fiable aux problèmes rencontrés par les usagers dans l'utilisation de ses services	6.50	8.00	6.94	0.44	-1.06	16
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	J'accède à des revues électroniques depuis mon domicile ou mon bureau	6.26	7.96	6.52	0.26	-1.43	23
IC-2	Le site web me permet de repérer ce que je cherche de façon autonome	7.31	8.50	7.27	<b>-0.04</b>	-1.23	26
IC-3	Je trouve à la bibliothèque les documents imprimés dont j'ai besoin pour mes travaux	6.86	8.43	7.38	0.52	-1.05	21
IC-4	J'ai accès aux ressources électroniques dont j'ai besoin	6.87	8.30	6.91	0.04	-1.39	23
IC-5	Je trouve à la bibliothèque un équipement moderne qui me permet un accès facile aux informations dont j'ai besoin	6.72	8.16	7.00	0.28	-1.16	25
IC-6	Les outils de repérage me permettent de trouver facilement par moi-même ce que je cherche	7.15	8.19	6.93	<b>-0.22</b>	-1.26	27
IC-7	La documentation est facilement accessible pour une utilisation autonome	6.83	8.35	7.00	0.17	-1.35	23
IC-8	Les revues électroniques ou papier correspondent à mes besoins	6.91	8.30	7.52	0.61	-0.78	23
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Les locaux de la bibliothèque incitent à l'étude	6.92	8.23	6.65	<b>-0.27</b>	-1.58	26
LP-2	La bibliothèque m'offre un espace individuel tranquille	6.52	7.87	5.70	<b>-0.83</b>	-2.17	23
LP-3	Les locaux sont accueillants et confortables	6.46	8.12	6.62	0.15	-1.50	26
LP-4	La bibliothèque offre un espace pour étudier, faire des recherches et travailler	6.84	8.36	6.60	<b>-0.24</b>	-1.76	25
LP-5	La bibliothèque propose des espaces communs pour l'étude et le travail en groupe	5.32	6.63	4.47	<b>-0.84</b>	-2.16	19

Language: French (Europe)

Institution Type: College or University

Consortium: LibQUAL France

User Group: Personnel et autres professionnels

<b>Overall:</b>	6.78	8.11	6.98	0.19	-1.13	27
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Language: French (Europe)  
Institution Type: College or University  
Consortium: LibQUAL France  
User Group: Personnel et autres professionnels

ID	Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Le personnel m'inspire confiance	1.63	1.10	1.26	2.07	1.47	27
AS-2	La bibliothèque rend un service personnalisé à chaque usager	1.61	1.15	1.74	2.55	1.92	24
AS-3	Le personnel est toujours courtois	1.46	1.04	1.78	2.64	2.14	27
AS-4	Le personnel est disponible pour répondre aux questions des usagers	1.46	0.99	1.58	2.24	1.85	26
AS-5	Le personnel est compétent et capable de répondre aux questions des usagers	1.36	1.10	1.14	1.76	1.21	23
AS-6	Le personnel est attentif aux besoins des usagers	1.66	1.31	1.91	2.53	1.95	25
AS-7	Un personnel qui comprend les besoins des usagers	1.70	1.32	1.38	2.00	1.44	24
AS-8	Le personnel fait preuve d'une volonté manifeste d'aider les usagers	1.91	1.34	2.02	2.40	1.72	25
AS-9	La bibliothèque apporte une réponse fiable aux problèmes rencontrés par les usagers dans l'utilisation de ses services	1.41	1.03	1.61	1.71	1.18	16
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	J'accède à des revues électroniques depuis mon domicile ou mon bureau	2.09	1.74	2.33	2.45	1.67	23
IC-2	Le site web me permet de repérer ce que je cherche de façon autonome	1.32	0.71	1.51	2.07	1.84	26
IC-3	Je trouve à la bibliothèque les documents imprimés dont j'ai besoin pour mes travaux	1.42	0.81	1.40	1.29	1.56	21
IC-4	J'ai accès aux ressources électroniques dont j'ai besoin	1.14	0.88	1.65	2.08	1.70	23
IC-5	Je trouve à la bibliothèque un équipement moderne qui me permet un accès facile aux informations dont j'ai besoin	1.34	0.99	1.53	1.93	1.77	25
IC-6	Les outils de repérage me permettent de trouver facilement par moi-même ce que je cherche	1.41	1.08	1.69	2.08	1.79	27
IC-7	La documentation est facilement accessible pour une utilisation autonome	1.40	1.03	1.17	1.67	1.58	23
IC-8	Les revues électroniques ou papier correspondent à mes besoins	1.38	0.97	1.20	1.59	1.35	23
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Les locaux de la bibliothèque incitent à l'étude	1.32	0.91	1.87	2.11	1.90	26
LP-2	La bibliothèque m'offre un espace individuel tranquille	1.50	1.49	1.94	2.06	2.50	23
LP-3	Les locaux sont accueillants et confortables	1.70	0.91	1.50	2.41	1.84	26
LP-4	La bibliothèque offre un espace pour étudier, faire des recherches et travailler	1.43	0.86	1.80	1.85	1.88	25
LP-5	La bibliothèque propose des espaces communs pour l'étude et le travail en groupe	2.19	2.56	2.14	2.59	2.61	19

Language: French (Europe)

Institution Type: College or University

Consortium: LibQUAL France

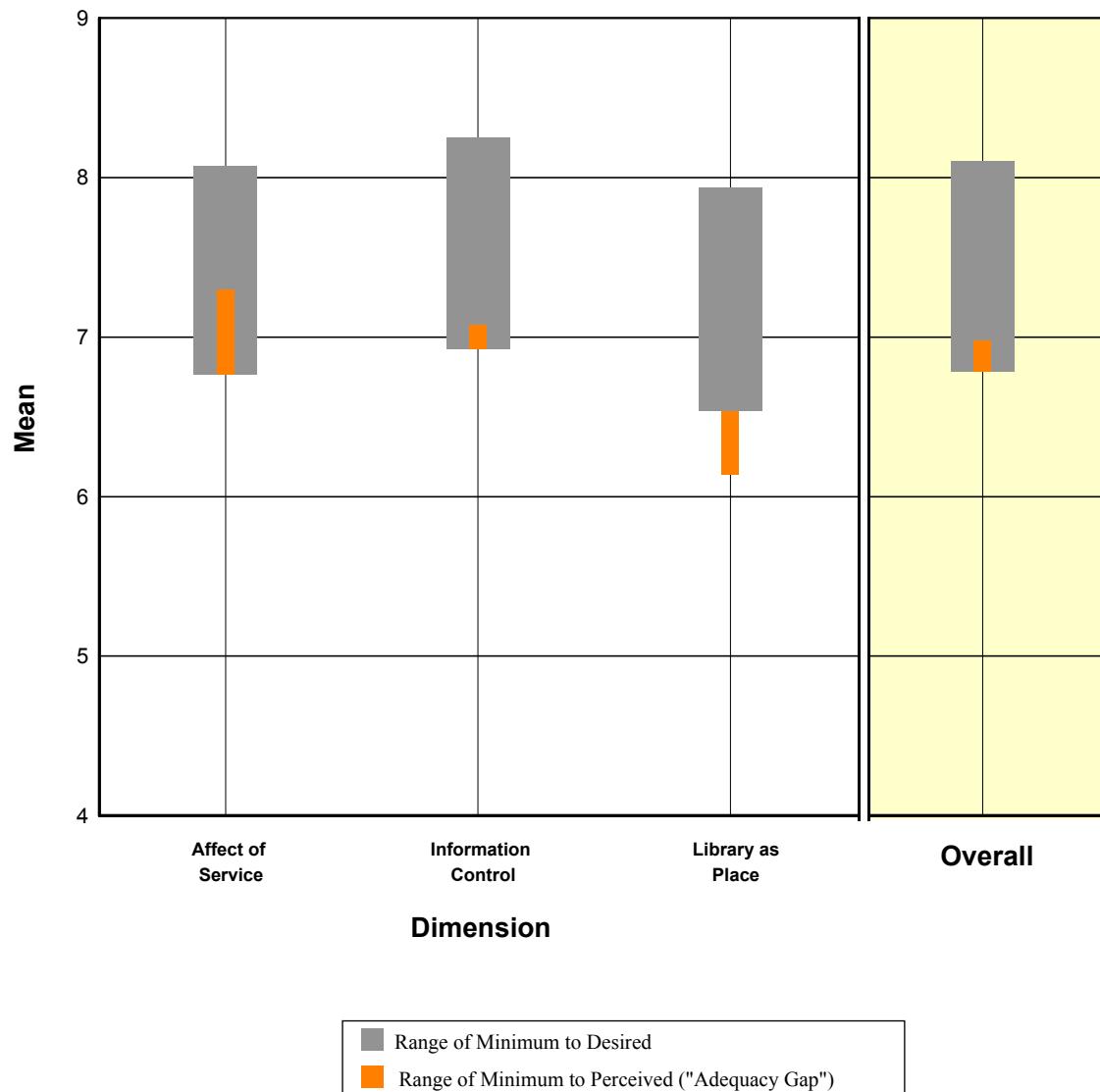
User Group: Personnel et autres professionnels

<b>Overall:</b>	1.26	0.88	0.98	1.50	1.09	27
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Language: French (Europe)  
Institution Type: College or University  
Consortium: LibQUAL France  
User Group: Personnel et autres professionnels

### 7.3 Core Question Dimensions Summary for Personnel et autres professionnels

On the chart below, scores for each dimension of library service quality have been plotted graphically. The exterior bars represent the range of minimum to desired mean scores for each dimension. The interior bars represent the range of minimum to perceived mean scores (the service adequacy gap) for each dimension of library service quality.



The following table displays mean scores for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+® survey, where n is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Affect of Service	6.76	8.07	7.30	0.53	-0.77	27
Information Control	6.93	8.25	7.08	0.15	-1.17	27
Library as Place	6.53	7.93	6.14	-0.40	-1.80	26
<b>Overall:</b>	6.78	8.11	6.98	0.19	-1.13	27

The following table displays standard deviation for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+® survey, where n is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Affect of Service	1.40	0.99	1.33	2.03	1.44	27
Information Control	1.21	0.85	1.02	1.36	1.12	27
Library as Place	1.29	0.96	1.46	1.77	1.67	26
<b>Overall:</b>	1.26	0.88	0.98	1.50	1.09	27

## 7.4 Local Questions Summary for Personnel et autres professionnels

This table shows mean scores for each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each particular question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)

Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Mes propositions d'achat de documents sont prises en compte	6.25	8.00	6.50	0.25	-1.50	8
Un catalogue qui signale de façon fiable la disponibilité des documents et mes emprunts en cours	7.04	8.39	7.78	0.74	-0.61	23
Les services de la bibliothèque sont ouverts à des horaires qui me conviennent	7.35	8.46	6.85	-0.50	-1.62	26
Un accès facile aux ordinateurs, à l'Internet et aux logiciels	6.75	8.17	6.33	-0.42	-1.83	24
La bibliothèque me forme à la recherche, l'évaluation, et l'utilisation de l'information	5.88	7.75	6.19	0.31	-1.56	16

This table displays the standard deviations for each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each particular question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)

Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Mes propositions d'achat de documents sont prises en compte	1.39	0.93	2.00	3.01	2.51	8
Un catalogue qui signale de façon fiable la disponibilité des documents et mes emprunts en cours	1.46	0.89	0.85	1.74	1.37	23
Les services de la bibliothèque sont ouverts à des horaires qui me conviennent	1.20	0.71	2.52	2.96	2.76	26
Un accès facile aux ordinateurs, à l'Internet et aux logiciels	1.45	1.05	1.76	2.04	1.81	24
La bibliothèque me forme à la recherche, l'évaluation, et l'utilisation de l'information	2.28	1.34	1.80	1.66	1.15	16

## 7.5 General Satisfaction Questions Summary for Personnel et autres professionnels

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the general satisfaction questions: Satisfaction with Treatment, Satisfaction with Support, and Satisfaction with Overall Quality of Service, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the general satisfaction questions on the LibQUAL+® survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9.

Satisfaction Question	Mean	SD	n
En général, je suis satisfait(e) de la façon dont je suis traité(e) à la bibliothèque.	7.07	1.71	27
En général, je suis satisfait(e) de l'aide que m'offre la bibliothèque pour mes études, mes recherches et mon enseignement.	7.30	1.20	27
Comment évaluez-vous globalement la qualité des services offerts par la bibliothèque?	7.15	0.91	27

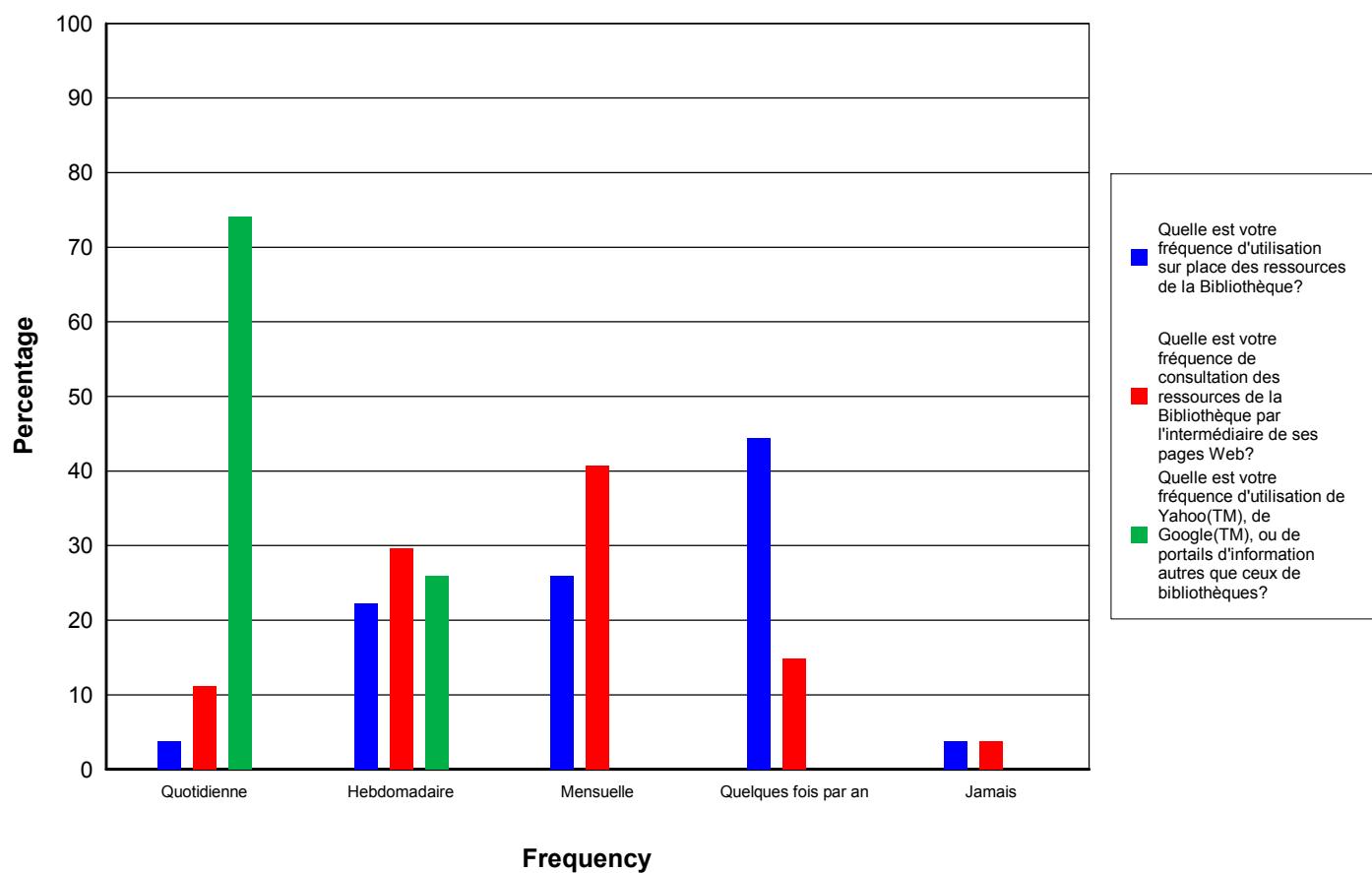
## 7.6 Information Literacy Outcomes Questions Summary for Personnel et autres professionnels

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the information literacy outcomes questions, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the information literacy outcomes questions on the LibQUAL+® survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9 with 1 being "strongly disagree" and 9 representing "strongly agree".

Information Literacy Outcomes Questions	Mean	SD	n
La Bibliothèque m'aide à faire la distinction entre une information fiable et une autre qui ne l'est pas.	5.52	1.85	27
La bibliothèque contribue à me faire progresser dans ma discipline ou travail.	7.04	1.26	27
La bibliothèque m'aide à maintenir mes connaissances à leur meilleur niveau.	7.11	1.22	27
La bibliothèque me rend plus efficace dans mon travail universitaire.	6.85	1.41	27
La bibliothèque m'aide à développer mes capacités à rechercher l'information dont j'ai besoin pour mes études ou mes travaux.	5.74	1.93	27

## 7.7 Library Use Summary for Personnel et autres professionnels

This chart shows a graphic representation of library use (both on the premises and electronically), as well as use of non-library information gateways such as Yahoo™ and Google™. Bars represent the frequency with which respondents report using these resources: Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Quarterly, or Never. The table below the chart displays the number and percentage of respondents who selected each option.



	Quotidienn	Hebdomada	Mensuelle	Quelques fo	Jamais	n / %
Quelle est votre fréquence d'utilisation sur place des ressources de la Bibliothèque?	1 3.70%	6 22.22%	7 25.93%	12 44.44%	1 3.70%	27 <b>100.00%</b>
Quelle est votre fréquence de consultation des ressources de la Bibliothèque par l'intermédiaire de ses pages Web?	3 11.11%	8 29.63%	11 40.74%	4 14.81%	1 3.70%	27 <b>100.00%</b>
Quelle est votre fréquence d'utilisation de Yahoo(TM), de Google(TM), ou de portails d'information autres que ceux de	20 74.07%	7 25.93%	0 0.00%	0 0.00%	0 0.00%	27 <b>100.00%</b>

## 8 Appendix A: LibQUAL+® Dimensions

### **LibQUAL+® 2000 Dimensions**

The 2000 iteration of the LibQUAL+® survey, which had 41 questions, measured eight separate dimensions:

- Assurance (the knowledge and courtesy of employees, and their ability to convey trust and confidence)
- Empathy (caring, individual attention)
- Library as Place (library as a sanctuary/haven or site for learning and contemplation)
- Reliability (ability to perform the promised service dependably and accurately)
- Responsiveness (willingness to help customers and provide prompt service)
- Tangibles (appearance of physical facilities, equipment, personnel and communications materials)
- Instructions/Custom Items
- Self-Reliance

### **LibQUAL+® 2001 Dimensions**

After careful analysis of the results from the 2000 survey, the dimensions were further refined to re-ground the SERVQUAL items in the library context. Four sub-dimensions resulted for the 2001 iteration:

- Service Affect (nine items, such as “willingness to help users”)
- Library as Place (five items, such as “a haven for quiet and solitude”)
- Personal Control (six items, such as “website enabling me to locate information on my own”), and
- Information Access (five items, such as “comprehensive print collections” and “convenient business hours”)

### **LibQUAL+® 2002 and 2003 Dimensions**

For the 2002 iteration of the LibQUAL+® survey, the dimensions were once again refined based on analysis of the previous year's results. While the four dimensions were retained, their titles were changed slightly to more clearly represent the questions and data. The same four dimensions were also used on the 2003 survey:

- Access to Information
- Affect of Service
- Library as Place
- Personal Control

### **LibQUAL+® 2004 - Present Dimensions**

After the 2003 survey was completed, factor and reliability analyses on the resulting data revealed that two of the dimensions measured by the survey—Access to Information and Personal Control—had collapsed into one. The following three dimensions have been measured since then: Affect of Service, Information Control, and Library as Place. In addition, three core items were eliminated from the 2003 version of the survey, leaving 22 core items on the final survey instrument.

The list below displays the dimensions used to present the results in the 2009 notebooks, along with the questions that relate to each dimension. (*Note: The questions below are those used in the College and University implementation of the survey, American English version.*)

**Affect of Service**

- [AS-1] Employees who instill confidence in users
- [AS-2] Giving users individual attention
- [AS-3] Employees who are consistently courteous
- [AS-4] Readiness to respond to users' questions
- [AS-5] Employees who have the knowledge to answer user questions
- [AS-6] Employees who deal with users in a caring fashion
- [AS-7] Employees who understand the needs of their users
- [AS-8] Willingness to help users
- [AS-9] Dependability in handling users' service problems

**Information Control**

- [IC-1] Making electronic resources accessible from my home or office
- [IC-2] A library Web site enabling me to locate information on my own
- [IC-3] The printed library materials I need for my work
- [IC-4] The electronic information resources I need
- [IC-5] Modern equipment that lets me easily access needed information
- [IC-6] Easy-to-use access tools that allow me to find things on my own
- [IC-7] Making information easily accessible for independent use
- [IC-8] Print and/or electronic journal collections I require for my work

**Library as Place**

- [LP-1] Library space that inspires study and learning
- [LP-2] Quiet space for individual activities
- [LP-3] A comfortable and inviting location
- [LP-4] A getaway for study, learning or research
- [LP-5] Community space for group learning and group study





**Association of Research Libraries**

**21 Dupont Circle, Suite 800**

**Washington, DC 20036**

**Phone 202-296-2296**

**Fax 202-872-0884**

**<http://www.libqual.org>**

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